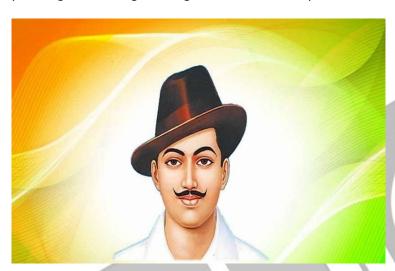


Birth Anniversary of Bhagat Singh | National Current Affairs | 29 Sep 2025

Why in News?

Prime Minister Narendra Modi paid tribute to revolutionary Bhagat Singh on his **birth anniversary**, praising his courage as a great source of inspiration.





Key Points

- **Birth:** Bhagat Singh was born on 28th September, 1907, in Banga, Punjab, British India (now in Pakistan). He came from a Sikh family actively involved in anti-colonial activities; his father, Kishan Singh, and uncle, Ajit Singh, were prominent freedom fighters.
- **Early Life:** Witnessed the **Jallianwala Bagh massacre** at the age of 12, which instilled a deep sense of patriotism and a vow to fight for India's freedom.
- **Education:** Joined the National College, Lahore, founded by Lala Lajpat Rai, which emphasised the Swadeshi Movement and provided a platform for revolutionary ideas.
- Revolutionary Organisations: Bhagat Singh became a member of the <u>Hindustan Republican</u>
 <u>Association (HRA)</u> in 1924, later renaming it the Hindustan Socialist Republican Association
 (HSRA) in 1928.
 - Naujawan Bharat Sabha was founded by Bhagat Singh in 1926, aimed at mobilising youth for the freedom struggle.
- Major Actions: Involved in the assassination of police officer J.P. Saunders in 1928 (Lahore Conspiracy Case) as retaliation for Lala Lajpat Rai's death due to police brutality.
 - Threw a bomb in the Central Legislative Assembly on 18th April 1929, with B.K. Dutt to protest against repressive British laws.
- Arrest and Trial: Arrested in 1929 for the bomb incident and later charged with murder in the Lahore Conspiracy Case. He was tried, convicted, and sentenced to death.
 - Executed on 23rd March 1931, along with fellow revolutionaries Sukhdev and Rajguru, in Lahore. Bhagat Singh is affectionately known as Shahid-e-Azam, the greatest of martyrs.
- Literary Contributions: Authored significant works, including Why I Am an Atheist, The Jail Notebook and Other Writings, and several political manifestos advocating for socialism and revolution.

- In his early work, Vishwa Prem (Universal Love), Singh proclaimed the importance of equality. He envisioned a world free of hunger and war, where humanity transcends boundaries of race and nationality.
- **Ideologies:** Advocated **Marxist and <u>socialist</u> ideologies**, emphasising rationalism, equality, and justice. **Critiqued organised religion**, viewing it as a form of mental and physical slavery.
- **Legacy:** Celebrated as a national hero and martyr; his birth anniversary and the date of his execution are observed annually to honour his contributions to India's freedom struggle.
 - Every year, 23rd March is observed as <u>Martyrs' Day</u> as a tribute to freedom fighters Bhagat Singh, Sukhdev, and Rajguru.

India Wins Asia Cup | National Current Affairs | 29 Sep 2025 Why in News?

India beat Pakistan by 5 wickets in the Asia Cup 2025 final at Dubai to clinch their **ninth title**, staying unbeaten with three wins against Pakistan in the tournament.



Key Points

- Asia Cup Records:
 - India: 9 titles (most by any team).
 - Sri Lanka: 6 titles.Pakistan: 2 titles.
- Player Of The Match: Tilak Varma
- Player Of The Series: Abhishek Sharma
- Asia Cup Format: Alternates between ODI and T20I formats.
 - This is India's **second consecutive title** after winning the Asia Cup 2023 (ODI format).

