

Rubella

Source: WHO

The World Health Organization (WHO) has officially declared Nepal rubella-free.

Rubella

- About: Rubella (German measles), is a highly contagious viral infection caused by the rubella virus, an enveloped single-stranded RNA virus, which causes mild fever and rash.
- Risk and Impact: Mild in children and adults, but poses serious risks to pregnant women, potentially leading to miscarriage, stillbirth, or Congenital Rubella Syndrome (CRS) in infants.
 - CRS can cause hearing impairment, cataracts, heart defects, and developmental delays, making rubella a leading cause of preventable congenital disabilities globally.
- Epidemiology: In 2022, there were 17,865 reported cases across 78 countries.
 - In 2024, 14.3 million children missed all vaccinations, and only 84% of infants received the first dose of the measles vaccine.
- Prevention and Vaccination: The Measles-Rubella (MR) vaccine is the most effective preventive measure, administered in 2 doses to provide long-term immunity against rubella and its complications.

India's Progress Towards Rubella Elimination

- Key Initiatives: The <u>National Zero Measles-Rubella Elimination Campaign (2025-26)</u> under the <u>Universal Immunization Programme (UIP)</u> aims to <u>eliminate Measles and Rubella (M-R) in India by 2026</u> through 100% immunization coverage.
 - Other Initiatives include <u>Mission Indradhanush and Intensified Mission</u> Indradhanush.
- MR Vaccinationation Coverage: As of 2024-25, over 90% of children received both MR vaccine doses.
- District-Level Achievements: Between Jan-Mar 2025, 332 districts were measles-free and 487 districts rubella-free.

Read More: Measles and Rubella, National Zero Measles-Rubella Elimination Campaign

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