

## **Breach of Parliamentary Privileges**

## **Source: HT**

Formal notices of **breach of parliamentary privilege** were filed against some <u>MPs</u> following their comment on the <u>President address</u>.

- Breach of Parliamentary Privilege: A breach of privilege occurs when someone disregards or attacks the privileges, rights, or immunities of a member or the House itself.
- About Parliamentary Privilege: <u>Parliamentary privileges and immunities</u> are special rights granted to MPs and <u>MLAs</u> to ensure their effective functioning without external interference.
- Sources:
  - Constitution i..e, <u>Article 105</u>, <u>Article 122</u>, <u>Article 194</u>, and <u>Article 212</u>.
  - Parliamentary Conventions (based on British parliamentary practices as of 1947).
  - Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business (Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha)
  - Judicial Interpretations (Supreme Court and High Court rulings)
  - **Statutory Laws** (laws enacted by <u>Parliament</u>) (Currently, there is no act of the Parliament defining parliamentary privileges).
- Parliamentary Privilege Includes:
  - Individual Privileges: Freedom of Speech, Immunity from Legal Proceedings, Freedom from Arrest etc.
  - Collective Privileges: Secret Sittings, Inquiry Powers, Judicial Immunity etc.
- Under Article 87, the President addresses both Houses of <u>Parliament</u> at the start of the first session after each general election and at the commencement of the first session of each year.

**Read More: Parliamentary Privileges and Immunities** 

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