

NABARD to Digitise PACS in Jharkhand

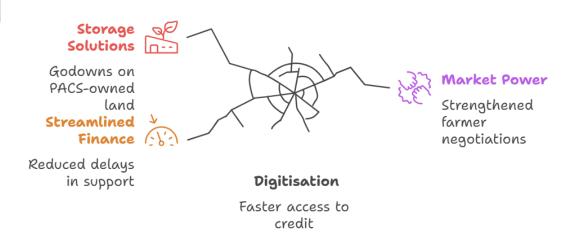
Why in News?

The <u>National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD)</u> has announced that it will computerise 1,297 <u>Primary Agriculture Credit Societies (PACS)</u> in the state as part of the **second phase** of its digitisation drive.

Key Points

- Background: The Ministry of Co-operation's Centrally Sponsored Project on Computerisation is working to transform PACS into hubs of economic and social activities in rural areas.
 - The state has a total of 4,454 PACS, which act as grassroots-level cooperative credit institutions serving rural communities.
 - In the first phase of the project, NABARD successfully computerised 1,500 PACS.
- Features of Computerised PACS: The modernised PACS are being equipped with both hardware and specialised software, ensuring integration with the national grid.
 - This will enable them to provide a wide range of services, including:
 - Implementation of government schemes such as the <u>Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima</u>
 <u>Yojana (PMFBY)</u> and direct benefit transfers.
 - Distribution of agricultural inputs like fertilizers and seeds.
 - Operation of <u>Jan Aushadhi Kendras</u>, petrol and gas dealerships, and customer service centers.
 - Establishment of rural godowns for storing agricultural produce.

Benefits For Farmers



NABARD's Role: NABARD has set up a ₹100 crore fund under the <u>Rural Infrastructure</u> <u>Development Fund (RIDF)</u> to aid the construction of storage facilities and related infrastructure.

- As the nodal agency for PACS computerisation, NABARD is also responsible for:
 - Training staff in using the new digital systems.
 - Providing ongoing technical support.
 - Facilitating infrastructure development.

National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD)

- NABARD is a development bank that primarily focuses on the rural areas of the country. It is the apex banking institution for providing finance for agriculture and rural development.
- It is a statutory body established in the year 1982 under the National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development Act, 1981.
- Its headquarters is located in Mumbai, the financial capital of the country.
- Apart from agriculture, it is responsible for the development of small industries, cottage industries, and rural projects.

Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (PACS)

- They are basically **credit societies** that are registered under the Cooperative Societies Act of the State concerned.
- PACS are grassroots-level cooperative credit institutions that provide farmers with affordable loans, banking services, and agricultural support.
- They form the base of India's three-tier cooperative credit structure, along with District Central Cooperative Banks (DCCBs) and State Cooperative Banks (SCBs).
- Out of 1.08 lakh PACS, around 63,000 are in the advanced stages of computerisation, with the The Vision government aiming to fully digitise 80,000 of them.

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