

# Flipkart Gets NBFC Licence

#### Source: LM

Flipkart has become the **first Indian e-commerce company to receive a** <u>Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC)</u> licence from the <u>Reserve Bank of India (RBI)</u>, enabling it to directly lend to its customers and sellers.

- Requirements to get NBFC Licence: To register as an NBFC under the RBI Act, 1934, a company must be incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 or 2013.
  - It must maintain a minimum Net Owned Fund (NOF) of Rs 10 crore.
- **NBFC:** It is a company registered under the Companies Act, 1956 or 2013, primarily engaged in **lending**, **investments in securities**, **leasing**, **or hire-purchase**.
  - It excludes entities whose main business is agriculture, industry, trade in goods/services, or real estate.
  - Companies that primarily receive deposits through schemes or arrangements, either
    as lump sums or installments, are classified as Residuary Non-Banking Financial
    Companies (Residuary NBFCs).
- NBFCs and Banks: Unlike banks, NBFCs cannot accept demand deposits, are not part of the
  payment and settlement system (so they cannot issue cheques), and depositors under NBFCs
  are not protected by the <u>Deposit Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation (DICGC)</u>.

## **Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs)**

A Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC) provides loans, acquires financial securities, and offers leasing & insurance services. However, it excludes companies primarily engaged in agriculture, industrial activities, trading, or real estate.



#### About:

- Do not have a banking license; not part of the payment system; cannot issue cheques
- Insurance by Deposit Insurance & Credit Guarantee Corporation→ not available for NBFC depositors
- Can accept public deposits for 12-60 months (no demand deposits)

 NBFCs require an investment-grade credit rating

Registration→ Companies Act, 1956 Key Services Offered-Personal loans, Home loans, Vehicle Financing, Gold Loans, Microfinance, Infrastructure Financing, Insurance Services, Investment Management

#### Classification:

#### By Major Activity: Asset Finance Company Investment Company Loan Company -By Deposits: Infrastructure Finance Company -Core Investment Company -Deposit-taking NBFCs Infrastructure Debt Fund -Non-deposit taking NBFCs-Classification Micro Finance Institution (NBFC-MFI) → Systemically Important Malegam Committee Recommendation (NBFC-NDSI) Other non-deposit holding NBFC-Factors (NBFC-ND) Mortgage Guarantee Companies -Non-Operative Financial Holding Company Systemically Important NBFCs Assets of ₹500 crores or more

**About** 

#### Regulation:

Type of Institution	Regulatory Authority
NBFCs registered with RBI	RBI
Housing Finance Institutions	National Housing Bank
Merchant Banking Companies, Venture Capital Fund Companies, Stock Broking, Collective Investment Schemes (CIS)	SEBI
Nidhi Companies, Mutual Benefit Companies	Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA)
Chit Fund Companies	State Government
Insurance Companies	IRDAI
Non-Banking Non-Financial Companies	Statute- Companies Act 1956 Regulator- Ministry of Corporate Affairs Enforcement Agency- State Governments

#### **Benefits of NBFCs:**

- Financial Inclusion
- Innovative Products
- Liquidity
- · Support for MSMEs

### Challenges of NBFCs:

- Funding Constraints
- Asset Quality & Credit Risk
- Regulatory Compliance
- Corporate Governance





Read more: RBI to Review NBFCs

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