



Assasination of Haiti's President

Why in News

Recently, Haiti's President Jovenel Moise was **assassinated at his private residence in Port-au-Prince, Haiti**.



Key Points

▪ About Haiti:

- Haiti is a country in the **Caribbean Sea** that **includes the western third of the island of Hispaniola** and such **smaller islands as Gonâve, Tortue (Tortuga), Grande Caye, and Vache**. The **capital is Port-au-Prince**.
- Its population is almost entirely descended from African slaves, **won independence from France in 1804**, making it the **second country in the Americas, after the United States, to free itself from colonial rule**.
 - It is the **world's first independent Black-led republic**.
 - The nation underwent about **two centuries of Spanish colonial rule and more than a century of French rule**.
- Over the centuries, however, **economic, political, and social difficulties** as well as a number of **natural disasters** have beset Haiti with chronic poverty and other serious problems.
- It is the **Western Hemisphere's poorest country**, has a painful history of **foreign interventions, economic exploitation and dictatorial rule**.

▪ Recent Instability:

- Haiti's latest instability revolves around a **dispute over Jovenel Moise's presidency**. He

was elected in 2016 to a five-year term, but **because of contention over election results, he did not take office until the next year.**

- Under Jovenel Moïse's administration, the political and **economic situation in Haiti further deteriorated.**
- Jovenel Moïse insisted that it entitled him to another year in power — a **claim that Haiti's opposition rejected.**
- In February 2021, when Moïse's opponents said his term ended, they declared their Supreme Court Judge as interim president. Jovenel Moïse called it a **coup attempt, and 23 opponents were arrested.**
- At the same time there has been a **surge in kidnappings, rapes and killings as rival gangs battle each other** and the police for control of Haiti's streets.
- The human rights activists have accused Jovenel Moïse's government of having ties to the gangs.
- So far this year, at least **278 Haitians have been killed** in gang-related violence.
- The unprecedented level of **violence and subsequent displacements is creating a host of secondary issues.**

India- Haiti Relations

▪ Political:

- India's relations with Haiti have been **friendly, though interaction between the two countries has been limited.**
- India established **diplomatic relations with Haiti in September 1996.** Haiti appointed a Honorary Consul in New Delhi in October 2014.
- India had sent a 140 member [Central Reserve Police Force \(CRPF\)](#) troop to Haiti on a **peace mission under the auspices of the United Nations (UN)** in August 1995.
- In October 2008, a 140-member **Formed Police Unit (FPU)** from India joined the **UN's Stabilization Mission in Haiti (MINUSTAH)** to help with international efforts to ensure a safe environment in Haiti.
- The last units of **FPU stationed in Haiti left in July 2019** on completion of assignment.
- At the multilateral level, the Government of Haiti has supported Indian candidatures in the elections for various international organizations, including elections for [International Court of Justice \(ICJ\)](#), [UNESCO](#), [International Maritime Organization](#) and [World Customs Organization \(WCO\)](#) in the recent past.

▪ Commerce:

- India's trade with Haiti is small but **Indian exports to the country have been growing in recent years.**
- Two way trade between the two countries was at **USD 93.10 million by the end of 2018-19.**
- The main items of **exports to Haiti are pharmaceutical goods, textiles, rubber products, cosmetics, and plastic and linoleum products.**
- India has granted **duty free access to Haitian products** as a special gesture to a [Least Development Country.](#)

▪ Educational:

- India has been offering assistance to Haiti under [Indian Technical and Economic Cooperation \(ITEC\) programme.](#)
- The **ITEC programme** provides for organizing training courses in India, deputation of Indian experts abroad, aid for disaster relief, gifting of equipment, study tours and feasibility studies/consultancy services.
- Haitian diplomats have also been taking advantage of **Professional Course for Foreign Diplomats (PCFD) courses at regular intervals.**

- **PCFD** affirms the commitment of India to its friendly countries in sharing the knowledge and expertise acquired in the field of diplomats' training.
- Haitian illiterate women received **training at the Barefoot College in Rajasthan in harvesting solar power.**
- **Disaster Relief:**
 - India **donated medicines worth USD 50,000/-** as humanitarian assistance to Haiti for the damage caused by **Hurricane Noel in November 2007.**
 - Another **USD 5 million relief assistance was given in January 2010.** A relief of **USD 5,00,000 annually for three years till 2011 was also provided.**
 - India also provided **emergency financial aid of USD 2,50,000** to Haiti in the aftermath of **Hurricane Mathew in October 2016.**
- **Indian Community:**
 - Indian community in Haiti is small. It **comprises approximately 70 members. Almost all of them are Indian passport holders.**
 - Several of them are professionals, - **doctors, engineers, technicians. Some are into private businesses.**

[Source: TH](#)

PDF Reference URL: <https://www.drishtiias.com/printpdf/assasination-of-haiti-s-president>

