

## **Gangotri Glacier Retreat Signals Climate Peril**

## **Source: DTE**

A study by **IIT Indore and ICIMOD (Nepal)** reveals that the <u>Gangotri Glacier System (GGS)</u>, the primary source of the <u>Ganga</u>, has **lost 10% of its snowmelt flow over 1980-2020** due to **rising temperatures and climate change.** 

- <u>Himalayan glaciers</u> are thinning at an average of 46 cm/year, and Gangotri's snout is steadily receding. Increasing rainfall-runoff and base flow indicate climate-induced hydrological changes.
  - Glacial lakes and other water bodies across the Himalayan region saw a 10.81% increase in area from 2011 to 2024 due to climate change (Central Water Commission).

## Gangotri Glacier

- About: Gangotri Glacier, located in Uttarkashi, Uttarakhand is one of the largest Himalayan glaciers originating from the northern slopes of the Chaukhamba range.
  - It is a compound valley glacier, fed by several tributary glaciers like Raktvarn, Chaturangi, and Swachand glaciers.
  - It is fed by peaks including Shivling, Thalay Sagar, Meru, and Bhagirathi III & it terminates at Gaumukh, from where the Bhagirathi River emerges and later joins the Alaknanda to form the Ganga at Devprayag.
- Gangotri National Park: Established in 1989, it encompasses Gaumukh, the source of the Ganga, and the popular Gaumukh-Tapovan Trek.
  - It has dense temperate coniferous forests including chirpine, deodar, fir, spruce, oak, and rhododendron, and is home to rare and endangered species such as <u>Black</u> Bear, <u>Brown Bear</u>, <u>Himalayan Monal</u>, Himalayan Snowcock, <u>Himalayan Tahr</u>, <u>Musk</u> Deer and Snow Leopard



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