

NASA's Lunar Nuclear Reactor

Source: IE

NASA is accelerating its plans to build a **nuclear reactor on the moon by 2030**, with the goal of establishing a permanent human presence on the lunar surface, all while adhering to the **Artemis Accords**.

- **Reactor Specifications**: The reactor is expected to generate **100 kilowatts of power**, which is smaller than on-shore wind turbines (typically generating 2-3 megawatts).
 - Nuclear reactors are explored because solar power is unreliable on the Moon due to extended darkness, and nuclear energy provides consistent power for and missions, particularly in shadowed craters.
 - The UN's 1992 Principles Relevant to the Use of Nuclear Power Sources in Outer Space recognize nuclear energy as essential for deep-space missions, especially when solar power is insufficient.
- Global Competition: Nasa's push comes after similar plans by China and Russia to set up automated nuclear power stations on the moon by 2035.
 - Other countries, including India and Japan, are also trying to explore the moon and establish human settlements.
- Legal Framework: The <u>1967 Outer Space Treaty</u> allows peaceful use of nuclear power in space, setting guidelines for transparency, safety, and international cooperation.
 - Also, the **Artemis Accords** provides for international cooperation in space exploration, emphasizing **transparency**, **peaceful use**, **and responsible use of space resources**.

Read more: Exploring Space, Advancing Life on Earth, India Joins Artemis Accords

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