

## **Mycelium Bricks**

## **Source: TH**

In the face of <u>climate change</u>, the construction industry is seeking **low-carbon alternatives**, and **mycelium bricks** have emerged as a promising innovation.

- Mycelium Bricks: Created from fungal spores, husk, and sawdust, mycelium bricks form a lightweight, fibrous structure with a low environmental impact compared to traditional fired clay bricks, which emit nearly 300 million tonnes of CO₂ annually.
  - They are biodegradable, fire-resistant, lightweight, and good heat insulators, making them suitable for interior panelling, filters, and electronics.
  - Potential applications include interior panelling, liquid filters, sports equipment, and electronic components.
- Challenges Hindering Adoption: Mycelium bricks have low load-bearing capacity, high
  moisture absorption, and a short lifespan due to biodegradability and vulnerability
  to termites, making them less durable than concrete.
  - Tropical weather conditions, high humidity, and lack of infrastructure in India make large-scale manufacturing expensive and impractical.
- Potential Solutions: Flame retardants and Ultra Violet Coatings can improve fire resistance and durability, while R&D and policy support can enhance competitiveness with clay bricks.



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