

Chhattisgarh Celebrates World Biofuel Day

Why in News?

The **Chhattisgarh Biofuel Development Authority (CBDA) celebrated World Biofuel Day** (on 10th August 2024) in Gorhi village, Durg district, with enthusiasm and dignity.

The event highlighted green energy, rural engagement, and biofuel promotion, with CBDA successfully producing biodiesel from non-edible oilseeds and used cooking oil, and future plans for biojet fuel, bioethanol, and green hydrogen.

Key Points About World Biofuel Day

- It aims to raise awareness about non-fossil fuels as sustainable energy alternatives and to highlight government initiatives that support the biofuel industry.
- The day commemorates the successful operation of an engine on peanut oil by German engineer Sir Rudolf Diesel on 9th August 1893.
- Theme for 2025: "Biofuels: A Sustainable Pathway to Net Zero"

Biofuels

- Biofuels are fuels derived from plant biomass or animal waste and are renewable energy sources. Common biofuels include:
 - Ethanol: Made by fermenting crop residues like corn and sugarcane, then blended with petroleum to reduce emissions. The common blend is Ethanol-10 (10% ethanol).
 - **Biodiesel:** A biodegradable **fuel produced from used cooking oil**, recycled grease, or animal fats, made by reacting oil or fat with alcohol and a catalyst.
- Significance of Biofuels:
 - Environmental Benefits: Biofuels reduce greenhouse gas emissions, resource depletion, and improve waste management.
 - **Energy Security:** With over 85% of oil imported, biofuels can enhance India's energy security.
 - Economic Benefits: Biofuels can reduce oil imports, lower the import bill, and boost farm incomes, especially from surplus crops like corn and sugarcane.
 - Abundant Availability: Biofuels can be produced from crops, waste, and algae.

Note

- India is the world's 3rd largest oil consumer (behind the US and China).
 - India aims to achieve a 20% ethanol blending target by 2025.
 - The first **2G ethanol project** was inaugurated in Panipat, Haryana in 2022.
 - 2G ethanol is a biofuel produced from non-food sources like agricultural residues and waste.

