

## Maharashtra 65th Foundation Day

## Why in News?

Maharashtra celebrated its 65th <u>Foundation Day</u> on 1st May 2025 with grand events across the State, showcasing its rich cultural, historical, and social legacy.

## **Key Points**

- Historical Significance of Maharashtra Day:
  - Pre- Independence:
    - Before independence, present-day Maharashtra and Gujarat were part of the Bombay Presidency—a large British administrative region with diverse linguistic and cultural communities.
  - Post-Independence:
    - After <u>India gained independence in 1947</u>, the Bombay Presidency was reorganized into Bombay State.
    - The new state included both Marathi and Gujarati-speaking populations, leading to rising linguistic tensions over time.
    - Marathi-speaking citizens launched the Samyukta Maharashtra Samiti, demanding a separate state for Marathi speakers.
    - The Gujarati-speaking community began advocating for the formation of a separate state of Gujarat.
  - Fazal Ali Commission:
    - In **1953**, the Central Government appointed **the <u>Fazal Ali Commission</u>** to examine state boundaries and recommend reorganization.
    - Based on the Commission's report, the <u>States Reorganisation Act, 1956</u> was enacted.
    - However, Bombay State remained undivided, leading to further discontent as it was not reorganized on a linguistic basis.
    - The United Maharashtra Movement (Samyukta Maharashtra Andolan) gained widespread support and witnessed several instances of protest and martyrdom.
  - Formation of Maharashtra and Gujarat:
    - Responding to mass movements, the Central Government passed the <u>Bombay</u> <u>Reorganisation Act</u>, <u>1960</u>.
    - On 1 May 1960, Bombay State was officially divided into two separate states:
      - Maharashtra for Marathi and Konkani-speaking people.
      - Gujarat for Gujarati and Kutchi-speaking communities.
  - Significance of the Reorganisation:
    - The formation of Maharashtra and Gujarat provided constitutional recognition to linguistic identity in India.
    - It set a **precedent for future state formations** based on language and cultural cohesion.
- State-Level Celebrations:
  - The state Chief Minister Devendra Fadnavis paid homage to martyrs of the Samyukta Maharashtra Movement at Hutatma Chowk in Mumbai.
    - He reiterated the State's vision of becoming a trillion-dollar economy, drawing

inspiration from figures like **Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj** and **Dr. B.R. Ambedkar.** 

- CM announced a new 100-day development initiative aimed at accelerating infrastructure growth and strengthening the State's economy.
- He also announced a Cabinet-approved policy to develop
  Maharashtra's <u>shipbuilding</u>, shipbreaking, and ship repair sectors.
  - The policy aims to **build a robust industrial ecosystem**, boost economic growth, and generate substantial employment.
- In Mumbai, <u>Governor</u> C.P. Radhakrishnan and former Governor Ramesh
  Bais participated in ceremonial events, paying tributes to Maharashtra's historical icons including Shivaji Maharaj, <u>B.G. Tilak</u>, <u>V.D. Savarkar</u>, <u>Jyotirao and Savitribai Phule</u>, and Dr. Ambedkar.

