

## Seabuckthorn and Himalayan Tartary Buckwheat

## Source:TH

Seeds of <u>seabuckthorn</u> and Himalayan Tartary Buckwheat from Ladakh have been sent to the <u>International Space Station (ISS)</u> by <u>NASA</u>'s Crew-11 mission as part of the "Emerging Space Nations' Space for Agriculture & Agriculture for Space" payload.

- The seeds will return to Earth with NASA's Crew-10 mission. The experiment aims to develop resilient crops for space and Earth, blending science with traditional agricultural knowledge.
- Sea buckthorn (Hippophae rhamnoides L.): Also known as the "Wonder plant" or "Ladakh gold," is a hardy, drought-resistant shrub found across Europe and Asia, including the cold deserts of the Himalayas.
  - It tolerates extreme temperatures (-43°C to +40°C), fixes atmospheric nitrogen, and helps prevent soil erosion and prevents desertification.
  - Traditionally, all parts of the plant (fruit, leaves, roots, thorns) are used for medicine, nutrition, fuel, and fencing.
- Himalayan Tartary Buckwheat: Cultivated in China, Bhutan, northern India, Nepal, and central Europe, is known for its greater cold and drought resistance.
  - It offers health benefits due to its content of resistant starch, proteins, minerals, and phenolic substances, which help prevent chronic diseases like hypertension, obesity, and cardiovascular issues.



Read more: Ladakh Sea Buckthorn and Kerala Onattukara Sesame