

Gomti River

Why in News?

Environmental experts and citizens have raised concerns about **the <u>Gomti River</u>**, as it struggles with plummeting oxygen levels, **high fecal coliform** counts, and a heavy load of **untreated sewage**.

Key Points

River Profile:

- Gomti is a 960-km long tributary of the Ganga River.
- It originates from Madho Tanda in Pilibhit district and merges with the Ganga at Kaithi in Ghazipur.
- In Lucknow, the river faces increasing threats from urbanisation, including low oxygen levels and rising faecal contamination.

Urbanisation Pressure and Sewage Burden:

- Rapid population growth and city expansion are straining Gomti's ecological balance.
- The city currently treats 450 MLD out of 730 MLD needed; around 280 MLD of untreated sewage flows directly into the river.

Mega Township Projects:

- The **Lucknow Development Authority (LDA)** is planning four major projects: Wellness City, IT City, Educational City, and Prabandhnagar.
- Other key developments include Anant Nagar (Mohaan Road) and Aero City (Amausi Airport).
- These townships lie along major corridors and will further increase population density and sewage load on Gomti.

Need for Sustainable Urban Planning:

• Environmentalists stress the urgency of scientific urban planning, including **integrated drainage**, **green spaces**, **Sewage Treatment Plants**, **and water reuse systems**.

Public Health Concerns:

- Sharp rise in faecal coliform levels and falling oxygen in the river present serious health and ecological risks.
- Untreated discharge from nullahs and inadequate infrastructure pose a threat to both aquatic life and human health.

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