

# Madhya Pradesh Ranks 3rd in India in Flower Production

### Why in News?

Madhya Pradesh has gained a strong foothold in <u>India's floriculture sector</u>, becoming the **third-largest flower producer** in the country.

## **Key Points**

### **About Key Developments in MP's Floriculture Sector**

- Rising Area and Production: In 2024–25, Madhya Pradesh cultivated 42,978 hectares of flowers, producing 5.12 lakh metric tonnes of flowers, a record figure.
  - The area under flower cultivation increased from 37,647 hectares in 2021-22 to 42,976 hectares, with production rising by 86,294 tonnes.
- Productivity: Madhya Pradesh's per hectare flower productivity stands at 15.01 metric tonnes, a remarkable achievement in the floriculture industry.
- Kev Flowers and Varieties:
  - Primary Flowers: Marigold, rose, chrysanthemum, gladiolus, tuberose, and medicinal flowers like isabgol, ashwagandha, and safed musli.
    - Marigold: Covers the largest area, grown on 24,214 hectares.
    - Rose: Grown over 4,502 hectares.
    - Other Varieties: Chrysanthemum (1,709 ha), gladiolus (1,058 ha), tuberose (263 ha), and other varieties on 11,227 hectares.
- Government Initiatives and Investments: Both the state and central governments
  are promoting floriculture through various schemes, aiming to double farmer incomes and
  make agriculture profitable.
  - Farmers, even with small landholdings (1–3 acres), are benefiting from floriculture.
    - The **state's Horticulture and Food Processing Department** is consistently working to improve flower quality and boost marketing initiatives.
    - In 2024–25, flower cultivation saw an **expansion of 5,329 hectares**, with government initiatives facilitating over 33% of this growth.
  - Initiatives such as technical training and high-tech nurseries are playing a crucial role in the sector's expansion.
    - A ₹13 crore, centrally supported hi-tech floriculture nursery is being developed in Gwalior to further enhance the sector.
- Market Expansion:
  - Domestic Demand: Madhya Pradesh-grown flowers are in high demand across metro cities like Jaipur, Delhi, and Mumbai.
  - **International Reach**: Roses from Guna district are now reaching global markets, including Paris and London.
- **Significance:** With favorable **climate, improved <u>irrigation</u>**, and expanding government support, Madhya Pradesh is set to become a national leader in floriculture, **driving rural economic development** and contributing significantly to India's agricultural growth.

#### **About Floriculture Sector**

#### About:

- The government of India has identified floriculture as a sunrise industry and accorded it 100% export-oriented status.
  - A sunrise industry is a new and rapidly growing sector or business that is in its infancy stage and shows strong potential for rapid expansion and significant economic impact in the future.
- It has been found that **commercial floriculture has higher potential per unit area** than most field crops and is, therefore, a lucrative business.
- The liberalized economy has given an impetus to the Indian entrepreneurs for establishing **export-oriented floriculture units** under controlled climatic conditions.
- Agricultural and Processed Food Products Export Development Authority
   (APEDA) is responsible for export promotion and development of floriculture in India.

#### Varieties:

- These mainly consist of cut flowers, pot plants, cut foliage, seeds, bulbs, tubers, rooted cuttings, and dried flowers or leaves.
- The important floricultural crops in the international cut flower trade are Rose, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Gargera, Gladiolus, Gypsophila, Liatris, Nerine, Orchids, Archilea, Anthurium, Tulip, and Lilies.
- Floriculture crops like Gerberas, Carnations, etc., are grown in greenhouses.
- The open field crops are Chrysanthemum, Roses, Gaillardia, Lily Marygold, Aster, Tuberose, etc.

#### Areas of Cultivation:

 Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, West Bengal, Chhattisgarh, Andhra Pradesh, Gujarat, Uttar Pradesh, Assam, and Maharashtra have emerged as major floriculture centers.

### India Facts and Figures:

- As per the <u>economic survey 2024-25</u>, during 2023-24, approximately 297,000 hectares were dedicated to floriculture, yielding an <u>estimated</u> 22,84,000 tonnes of loose flowers and 947,000 tonnes of cut flowers.
- During the same period, India exported 19,678 metric tonnes of floriculture products, earning ₹717.83 crore.

### Major Export Destinations (2023-24):

• Key export destinations included the USA, Netherlands, UAE, UK, Canada, and Malaysia.

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