

## **Vishwamitri River and Mugger Crocodiles**

## **Source: DTE**

The Government of **Gujarat** conducted a **crocodile census** in the **Vishwamitri river** of Vadodara, to estimate the population of **mugger or marsh crocodiles** (**Crocodylus palustris**).

- Vishwamitri River: Originates from the Pavagadh hills (part of Western Ghats) in Gujarat, flows through Vadodara, and joins the Gulf of Khambhat, fed by tributaries Dhadhar and Khanpur.
  - Its banks had ancient settlements dating back to 1000 B.C., including Ankotakka (now Akota), which developed during the Guptas and Vallabhi rule.
  - It hosts mugger crocodiles, freshwater turtles, and monitor lizards, making it ecologically unique among urban rivers.
- Mugger Crocodiles: Found in India, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, and Nepal, with its range extending
  westwards into eastern Iran, mainly in freshwater habitats like rivers, lakes, and marshes.
  - Found in 15 Indian states, mainly in the Ganga River basin (Bihar and Jharkhand), Chambal River (Rajasthan and Madhya Pradesh) and Gujarat.
  - They feed on fish, reptiles, birds, and mammals. They are hole-nesting species, laying 25-30 eggs during the dry season, with an incubation period of 55-75 days.
  - Face threats from habitat destruction, poaching, and human-wildlife conflict.
  - Conservation: Vulnerable (<u>IUCN</u>), <u>CITES</u> (Appendix I), and Schedule I (<u>Indian Wildlife</u> <u>Protection Act</u>, 1972).

## CROCODILE SPECIES IN INDIA

India harbours three diverse crocodile species—Mugger, Saltwater, and Gharial-found in distinct habitats nationwide.

Aspects	Gharial	Mugger/Indian Crocodile	Saltwater Crocodile
Scientific Name	Gavialis Gangeticus	Crocodylus Palustris	Crocodylus Porosus
Distribution: India	Viable Population: National Chambal Sanctuary (U.P, Raj, M.P) Small Non-Breeding Population: Son, Gandak, Hooghly, Ghagra & Satkosia WLS (Odisha)	Throughout India	East Coast (Odisha's Bhitarkarnika WLS, Andaman & Nicobar Islands coast & Sundarbans
Distribution: Neigh bourhood	Brahmaputra of Bhutan & Bangladesh& Irrawaddy River	Extinct in Bhutan and Myanmar	Across Southeast Asia
Special Feature	Longest of all Crocodile, Long and thin Snout	Egg-laying, Hole-nesting, Wide & U-shaped Snout	Largest living reptile, Pointed & V-shaped Snout
Habitat	Freshwater	Freshwater	Saltwater, Brackish & Wetlands
IUCN Status	CR	VU	rc
CITES Status	Appendix I	Appendix I	Appendix I
CMS Status	Appendix I	11 P	Appendix II
WPA,1972 Status	Schedule I	Schedule I	Schedule I
Threats	Dams, Pollution, Sand mining	Habitat Destruction	Hunted for its skin and Habitat loss
Government Initiatives	Odisha: Rs. 1000 award to conserve Gharial in Mahanadi River Basin Indian Crocodile Conservation Project,1975	■Indian Crocodile Conservation Project,1975 ■Mugger Conservation Programme ■Madras Crocodile Bank Trust	Indian Crocodile Conservation Project,1975

## MISCELLANEOUS FACTS

- (S) 17th June: World Crocodile Day
- Annual Reptile Census, 2023: Marginal Increases in number of saltwater crocodiles (Bhitarkanika National Park and its nearby areas)
- Odisha's Kendrapara District: Only district in India where all three species of crocodiles found



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