

Special Incentives for 'Maoism free' Panchayats

Why in News?

The Chhattisgarh government has introduced a scheme to incentivize <u>Maoist</u> surrenders in Bastar, providing Rs 1 crore in construction projects and other benefits to panchayats designated as "Maoism-free."

Key Points

- Maoist Surrender Requirement:
 - The state Deputy Chief Minister Vijay Sharma announced that under the Elvad Panchayat
 Abhiyan, a panchayat must ensure the surrender of all residents involved in Naxal
 activities. After this, the village can submit a proposal to be declared "Maoism-free."
- Incentives for Maoism-Free Panchayats:
 - Immediate sanction of Rs 1 crore for construction projects.
 - **Installation of mobile towers or signal transmission from** nearby towers to improve network access.
 - Extension of electricity lines to the panchayat, with solar lighting as a temporary measure until grid connections are established.
- Comparison with ODF Villages and Rehabilitation Policy:
 - The Deputy CM compared the initiative to <u>the Open Defectation-Free (ODF) village</u> <u>campaign</u>, emphasizing collective community participation.
 - He also highlighted provisions of the Chhattisgarh Naxal Surrender/Victim Relief and Rehabilitation Policy-2025, which includes:
 - Skill Development: Training for surrendered Maoists.
 - Housing and Land Allocation: Under the PM Housing Scheme.
 - Financial Assistance: Additional relief measures for rehabilitation.

Maoism

- About:
 - Maoism is a form of communism developed by **Mao Tse Tung**. It is a doctrine to capture State power through a combination of **armed insurgency**, mass mobilization and strategic alliances.
 - Mao called this process, the 'Protracted People's War', where the emphasis is on 'military line' to capture power.
- Maoist Ideology:
 - The central theme of Maoist ideology is the use of **violence and armed insurrection** as a means to capture State power.
 - 'Bearing of arms is non-negotiable' as per the Maoist insurgency doctrine.
- Indian Maoists:
 - The largest and the most violent Maoist formation in India is the <u>Communist Party of</u> <u>India (Maoist)</u> formed in 2004.
 - The CPI (Maoist) and its front organizations were banned under the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967.
 - Front Organizations are the off-shoots of the parent Maoist party, which professes a

separate existence to escape legal liability.

PDF Reference URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/printpdf/special-incentives-for-maoism-free-panchayats

