

Etalin Hydropower Project

Source: IE

The <u>Forest Advisory Committee (FAC)</u> under the <u>Ministry of Environment</u>, <u>Forest and Climate Change (MoEFCC)</u> has granted <u>in-principle forest clearance</u> for the <u>3,097 MW</u> Etalin <u>run-of-the-river hydropower project</u>.

- Location: Etalin Hydropower Project is located in the Dibang Valley, Arunachal Pradesh, which is part of the Eastern Himalaya Global <u>Biodiversity Hotspot</u>, one of 36 such hotspots worldwide.
- Rivers: The project involves two gravity dams, one on the Dri River and another on the Talo (Tangon) River, both tributaries of the <u>Dibang River</u> (tributary of Brahmaputra).
- Environmental Impact:
 - Deforestation: The project will require the felling of 270,000 trees and the diversion of over 1,100 hectares of unclassified forest land.
 - It has faced persistent opposition from the indigenous Idu Mishmi community.
 - Biodiversity: The region is home to 6 globally threatened mammal species, 3 of which are endangered, and 3 are vulnerable. It also harbors about 56% of India's bird species, including 3 rare, restricted-range endemic bird species.
 - The area hosts species like tigers, leopards, snow leopards, black bears, musk deer, and Mishmi takin.

Run-of-the-River (ROR) Hydropower Project: It is a type of hydroelectric power generation project that utilizes the natural flow and elevation drop of a river to produce electricity, without the need for a large dam or major water storage reservoir.

FAC:

- FAC is a statutory body under MoEFCC, constituted under the <u>Forest (Conservation) Act,</u>
 1980.
 - It examines proposals for diversion of forest land for non-forest uses like mining, industrial projects, and townships, and advises the government on granting forest clearances. Its role is advisory in nature.

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