

# **Mains Practice Question**

**Q.** Climate change and biodiversity loss are intricately linked. Discuss potential solutions for addressing both challenges simultaneously. **(150 words)** 

29 May, 2024 GS Paper 3 Bio-diversity & Environment

## **Approach**

- Introduce with the twin challenge of climate change and biodiversity loss
- Give linkage of climate change and biodiversity loss
- Delve into solutions for addressing both challenges simultaneously
- Conclude positively.

### Introduction

Climate change and biodiversity loss are intricately linked, forming a vicious cycle. A warming planet disrupts ecosystems, while biodiversity loss weakens the resilience of natural systems to climate change impacts. Addressing these **twin challenges** is vital to ensure the health and well-being of our planet and all its inhabitants.

## **Body**

### Linkage of Climate change and Biodiversity Loss

- Habitat Loss and Fragmentation: Climate change is causing shifts in temperature, precipitation
  patterns, and sea levels, leading to the loss and fragmentation of habitats essential for various
  species.
  - For instance, the melting of Arctic sea ice is threatening the survival of polar bears.
- **Disruption of Ecological Processes:** Climate change is disrupting ecological processes and relationships between species, impacting biodiversity.
  - For example, the case of the monarch butterfly migration in North America.
- **Extreme Weather Events:** The increasing frequency and intensity of extreme weather events, such as **heatwaves**, **droughts**, **and storms**, pose significant threats to biodiversity.
  - The **2019-2020 bushfires in Australia**, exacerbated by climate change, resulted in the loss of an estimated **1-3 billion animals** and the potential extinction of several species.
- **Ocean Acidification:** The absorption of excess carbon dioxide from the atmosphere by oceans is causing **ocean acidification**, which is detrimental to marine ecosystems and biodiversity.
  - The **Great Barrier Reef in Australia** has experienced extensive coral bleaching recently due to rising ocean temperatures and acidification.

#### **Solutions for Addressing both Challenges Simultaneously:**

- Marine Rewilding: Establishing large-scale Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) with minimal human activity to allow apex predators like sharks and whales to return, restoring ecological balance and promoting healthy fish populations.
  - Example: Raja Ampat MPA in Indonesia has seen increased fish stocks and coral reef health.

- **Urban Green Infrastructure**: Create networks of green spaces like parks, green roofs, and vertical gardens to cool cities, improve air quality, and provide habitats for urban wildlife.
  - Example: Mumbai's Miyawaki Forests at Chembur's Bhakti Park.
- Biomimicry for Sustainable Infrastructure: Biomimicry can lead to the development of energyefficient buildings, water-harvesting systems, and natural cooling techniques, reducing the
  environmental footprint of infrastructure development.
  - Additionally, these projects can be designed to integrate with existing ecosystems,
     minimizing disruption to biodiversity.
- **Biocultural Conservation**: By incorporating knowledge of indigenous communities into conservation efforts, we can develop more effective and culturally sensitive strategies for tackling climate change and protecting biodiversity.
  - Example: The Satoyama Initiative in Japan.
- **Biodiversity Focused Carbon Offset:** Developing biodiversity-focused carbon offset programs and markets, which incentivize the conservation and restoration of ecosystems.
  - **Example:** The "**Rimba Raya Biodiversity Reserve**" in Indonesia is a REDD+ project that generates **carbon credits** while protecting biodiversity.

#### Conclusion

By implementing these solutions that leverage India's unique strengths and local contexts, we can create a **win-win situation for both climate change mitigation and biodiversity** conservation, ensuring a more sustainable future for the nation.

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