



/src/Controller/StatepcsController.php (line 239)

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<p style="text-align: justify;"><b>5</b><b>th </b><b>August 2025, marked the sixth anniversary</b><span style="font-weight: 400;"> of the abrogation of </span><a target="_blank" rel="noopener" href="/loksabha-rajyasabha-discussions/the-big-picture-article-370"><b>Articles 370</b></a><b> and </b><a target="_blank" rel="noopener" href="/to-the-points/Paper 2/to-the-point-paper-2-article-35a"><b>35A</b></a><span style="font-weight: 400;">, which </span><b>revoked Jammu and Kashmir's special status</b><span style="font-weight: 400;"> and </span><b>bifurcated the state </b><span style="font-weight: 400;">into two Union Territories&mdash;</span><b>Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh.&nbsp;</b></p>  
<p style="text-align: center;"><a target="_blank" rel="noopener" href="http://drishtiias.com/images/uploads/1754386914_Jammu_& Kashmir_and_Ladakh.png" title="Jammu_& Kashmir_and_Ladakh"></a></p>  
<h2 style="text-align: justify;"><span style="font-weight: 400;">Key Facts About Article 370</span></h2>  
<ul style="list-style-type: square;">  
    <li style="text-align: justify;"><span style="font-weight: 400;">Article 370 of the Indian Constitution granted </span><a target="_blank" rel="noopener" href="/daily-updates/daily-news-analysis/special-category-status-3#:~:text=Eleven%20States%20including%20Assam%2C%20Nagaland,of%20another%20state%20Andhra%20Pradesh."><b>special status</b></a><span style="font-weight: 400;"> to Jammu and Kashmir.</span></li>  
    <li style="text-align: justify;"><span style="font-weight: 400;">It was</span><b> drafted by N Gopalaswami Ayyangar,</b><span style="font-weight: 400;"> a member of the </span><a target="_blank" rel="noopener" href="/daily-news-analysis/constitution-day-26th-november"><b>Constituent Assembly</b></a> <span style="font-weight: 400;">of India and was a</span><b>dded as a 'temporary provision' in 1949.</b></li>  
    <li style="text-align: justify;"><span style="font-weight: 400;">This article </span><b>allowed Jammu and Kashmir </b><span style="font-weight: 400;">to have </span><b>its constitution, flag, and autonomy over most matters </b><span style="font-weight: 400;">except defence, foreign affairs, and communications.</span></li>  
    <li style="text-align: justify;"><span style="font-weight: 400;">The provision was </span><b>based on the terms of the </b><a target="_blank" rel="noopener" href="/daily-news-analysis/meghalaya-tribal-council-to-revisit-instrument-of-accession-ioa"><b>Instrument of Accession</b></a><span style="font-weight: 400;">, which was signed by the ruler of Jammu and Kashmir</span><b>, Hari Singh, </b><span style="font-weight: 400;">in 1947 following an invasion by Pakistan.</span></li>  
</ul>  
<h2><span style="font-weight: 400;">Repeal of Article 370 by Government</span></h2>  
<ul style="list-style-type: square;">  
    <li style="text-align: justify;"><b>Presidential Order: </b><span style="font-weight: 400;">In the </span><b>2019 Presidential orders</b><span style="font-weight: 400;">, Parliament brought a provision giving new meaning to </span><b>&ldquo;constituent assembly of Jammu and Kashmir&rdquo;, to mean &ldquo;Legislative Assembly of Jammu and Kashmir&rdquo;;</b></li>
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and then assumed the powers of the Legislative Assembly through the President's rule to revoke Article 370.

<ul style="list-style-type: circle;">

<li style="text-align: justify;">Concurrent resolutions by both houses of Parliament revoked the remaining provisions of Article 370 and replaced them with new ones.

Jammu and Kashmir Reorganisation Act, 2019:The Act bifurcated the state of Jammu and Kashmir into two Union Territories: J&K (with legislature) and Ladakh (without legislature).

<h2>Jammu and Kashmir Reorganisation Act, 2019</h2>

<ul style="list-style-type: square;">

<li style="text-align: justify;">Bifurcation:The Act divided Jammu and Kashmir into 2 Union Territories of Jammu and Kashmir and Ladakh.

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<li style="text-align: justify;">Leh and Kargil districts were included in the Union Territory of Ladakh, while the remaining areas became part of Jammu and Kashmir.

<li style="text-align: justify;">Five Lok Sabha seats were retained by Jammu and Kashmir, and one was transferred to Ladakh.

Legislature:The seats in the Legislative Assembly will be reserved for tribal and scheduled caste people to keep the proportion intact of their population in the Union Territory of Jammu and Kashmir.

<ul style="list-style-type: circle;">

<li style="text-align: justify;">The Lt. Governors can nominate two women members for the Assembly to represent women.

<li style="text-align: justify;">The Legislative Assembly has the right to pass a law for any given part of the Union Territory of J&K related to any of the matters listed in the Indian Constitutions State's List except for the "Police" and "Public Order."

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PDF Reference URL: <https://www.drishtiias.com/statepcs/08-08-2025/jammu-&-kashmir/print>

