

Kolhapuri Chappals

Why in News?

Italian luxury fashion brand Prada has admitted drawing inspiration from traditional Indian handcrafted footwear for its Men's Spring/Summer 2026 sandals, after facing backlash for not crediting the resemblance to India's GI-tagged Kolhapuri chappals.

 Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, Industry and Agriculture (MACCIA), in collaboration with artisans, decided to <u>patent</u> Kolhapuri chappals to protect them internationally.



Key Points

- About Kolhapuri Chappals:
 - It is handcrafted in Kolhapur (Maharashtra) and nearby districts like Sangli, Satara, and Solapur, dating back to the 12th-13th century, and was originally made for royalty.
 - It is made using vegetable-tanned leather from cow, buffalo, or goat, and is fully handmade without nails or synthetic components
 - It is recognised for its **T-strap shape**, **detailed braiding**, and **open-toe design**, mostly in **tan** or **deep brown** shades.
 - It was granted **Geographical Indication (GI)** status in **2019**, covering **eight districts** in **Maharashtra and Karnataka**.
- Other GI Tagged Products of Maharashtra:
 - Kasti Coriander (2023)
 - Sangli Raisins (2016)
 - Mangalwedha Jowar (2016)

Geographical Indication (GI) Tag

- **About:** A GI tag is a **name or sign used on certain products** that correspond to a specific geographical location or origin.
 - The GI tag ensures that only authorised users or those residing in the geographical territory are **allowed to use the popular product name.**
 - It also protects the product from being copied or imitated by others.
 - A registered GI is valid for 10 years and can be renewed.
 - GI registration is **overseen by the Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade** under the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.
- Legal Framework:
 - Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act, 1999
 - WTO Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS).

