

Madhya Pradesh Rivers Pollution

Why in News?

<u>Pollution</u> is on the rise in numerous major rivers across Madhya Pradesh, presenting a grave concern for the state's environmental health.

Key Points

- The cleanliness of key rivers like <u>Narmada</u>, <u>Kshipra</u>, and <u>Betwa</u> has been a recurring issue in Lok Sabha, Assembly, and urban body elections over the past 15 years.
- Despite the implementation of various schemes such as the <u>Namami Gange Mission</u> and <u>National River Conservation</u>, pollution levels continue to rise due to a lack of interest and commitment from regional public representatives and responsible officials.
 - The condition of the Narmada River, considered the lifeline of Madhya Pradesh, is particularly dire in terms of pollution.
 - In addition to the Narmada, other significant rivers like Mahi, Tapti, Kali Sindh, Chambal, Parbati, Dhasan, Ken, Sindh, Kuno, Shipra, Betwa, and the Son River the largest tributary joining the Ganga from the south - are also experiencing increasing pollution levels.

Namami Gange

- Namami Gange Programme is an Integrated Conservation Mission, approved as a 'Flagship Programme' by the Union Government in June 2014 to accomplish the twin objectives of effective abatement of pollution and conservation and rejuvenation of National River Ganga.
- It is being operated under the Department of Water Resources, River Development and Ganga Rejuvenation, Ministry of Jal Shakti.
- The program is being implemented by the NMCG and its state counterpart organizations i.e State Program Management Groups (SPMGs).
- In phase 2 of Namami Gange Programme (2021-26), the states will focus on expeditious completion of projects and preparation of bankable Detailed Project Report (DPR) for projects in Ganga tributary towns, cutting down delays.
 - Focus is also being given to the revival of small rivers and wetlands.
 - For the future, each Ganga district is to develop scientific plans and health cards for at least 10 wetlands and adopt policies for reuse of treated water and other by-products.

National River Conservation Plan (NRCP)

- NRCP is a centrally funded scheme launched in 1995 aimed at preventing the pollution of rivers.
- Programs for river conservation are being implemented under National River Conservation
 Plan (NRCP) and NGRBA (National Ganga River Basin Authority).
 - The National Ganga Council, also known as the National Council for Rejuvenation, Protection, and Management of River Ganga, has replaced the NRGBA.

