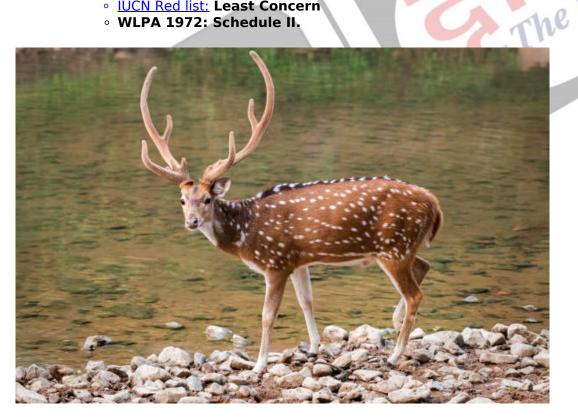
Invasive Chital Population in A&N Islands

Source: IE

The chital (Axis axis) population on Bose Island, Andaman and Nicobar Islands has exceeded the ecosystem's carrying capacity, prompting the Andaman and Nicobar Forest Department to consider relocating around **500 deer** to a Biological Park in Port Blair.

- It was brought to the Andaman and Nicobar Islands for hunting in the early 1900s by the British. • Recent studies indicate that the invasive chital species is negatively impacting local flora and fauna, necessitating strategic management measures.
- Under the <u>Wildlife Protection Act</u>, 1972, an <u>Chief Wildlife Warden</u> can permit translocation for the purpose of scientific management.
- The law mandates that such translocation should cause minimum trauma to animals. • The chital, also known as the **spotted deer** or **axis deer**, is a graceful and elegant herbivore
 - native to the grasslands and forests of India and Sri Lanka.
 - They prefer open grasslands, savannas, and lightly forested areas.
 - IUCN Red list: Least Concern
 - WLPA 1972: Schedule II.



Read more: Wildlife Protection Act, 1972

PDF Refernece URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/printpdf/invasive-chital-population-in-a-n-islands

The Vision