

Cicadas

Source: NYT

Why in News?

In a rare occurrence, a trillion <u>cicadas</u> from two different broods are expected to begin appearing in the **Midwest and Southeast regions** of the **US** at the end of April, 2024.

What are Cicadas?

- About:
 - **<u>Cicadas</u>** are <u>insects</u> that belong to the order Hemiptera and the superfamily Cicadoidea.
 - Hemipteran insects, also called true bugs, have mouthparts used for piercing and sucking and have two pairs of wings.
 - They spend most of their lives underground and emerge from the <u>soil</u> mainly to mate. Once out of the ground, their life span is fairly short, somewhere between two to four weeks.
- Habitat:
 - Most cicadas are canopy dwellers and are found in natural forests with large trees; found in every continent except Antarctica.
 - The **genetic diversity** of cicadas in **India and Bangladesh** ranks the highest globally, followed by China.
- Emergence:
 - Cicadas have complex life cycles that involve long periods of underground development and short periods of adult emergence.
 - There are **three species** of cicadas that emerge every **17 years** and three species that emerge every **13 years**.
 - Originally, **30 broods** of periodical cicadas were categorised based on geography and emergence times, but currently, only about **15 broods** remain active due to some becoming extinct.
- Features:
 - Researchers suspect that the lengthy development period of cicadas, during which they feed on plant sap underground, may be related to their evasion of above-ground predators, before emerging to construct a "cicada hut" and climb onto nearby trees or vegetation.
 - The adult cicadas are vulnerable to predators such as <u>turtles</u> and other forest inhabitants because they are clumsy and lack defences, making them virtually easy prey.



What Happens When Cicadas Emerge?

- Mechanism:
 - After emerging from the ground in **massive numbers**, cicadas **shed** their **exoskeletons** to transform into their **winged form**, often leaving the discarded exoskeletons attached to **tree trunks** and twigs.
 - Adult cicadas live for a short span of two to four weeks, during which they eat little, mate, and produce a loud collective chorus of up to 100 decibels to attract females.
- Significance:
 - In urban areas, cicada bodies can be utilised as <u>free fertiliser</u> for gardens and natural areas.
 - They act as **natural tree gardeners** and benefit the environment by **aerating** the **soil** with the holes they leave behind when emerging, facilitating **rainwater absorption** to nourish tree roots during hot summer months.
 - The slits made by <u>cicadas</u> in trees can cause branches to break, leading to "flagging," a natural pruning process, and when the branches regrow, they tend to produce larger fruits, while the cicadas' decomposing bodies provide nutrients for the trees.

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