



Chhattisgarh Climate Change Conclave 2024

Why in News?

Recently, Chhattisgarh Chief Minister launched a 2-day **Climate Change Conclave**, calling for more measures and efforts to save nature due to the major threat posed by [climate change](#).

- The conclave was **organised by the Chhattisgarh State Center for Climate Change and the Forest and Climate Change Department** with technical support from the **Foundation for Ecological Security**.

Key Points

- During the event, the chief minister underscored the severity of climate change, citing **irregular rainfall, prolonged droughts, cyclonic rains, and seasonal variations** as tangible manifestations affecting both the nation and the world.
 - The CM stressed the importance of formulating **strategies to address these challenges**, highlighting the significance of preserving nature, greenery, and natural resources.
- During the conclave, the chief minister also launched the '**Chhattisgarh State Action Plan on Climate Change**' and unveiled a **book on traditional health practices titled 'Ancient Wisdom' at Bastar**.
- He hailed the [2015 Paris Agreement](#) as a crucial milestone in global efforts to combat climate change and urged for continued collaboration on a global scale.
- This conclave aimed to facilitate knowledge exchange and discussions among experts, environmentalists, policymakers, and tribal communities.

Foundation for Ecological Security (FES)

- It is a registered **non-profit organisation** based in Anand, Gujarat.
- **Formed in 2001**, it is the foundation of sustainable and equitable development.
- It is committed to strengthening, reviving, or restoring, where necessary, the process of ecological succession and the conservation of land, forest and water resources in the country.

Paris Agreement on Climate Change

- It is a **legally binding global agreement** under the **United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)** that was adopted in 2015. It was adopted in **UNFCCC COP21**.
- It aims to combat climate change and limit global warming to well below 2 degree Celsius, above pre-industrial levels, with an ambition to limit warming to 1.5 degree Celsius.
- It replaced the **Kyoto Protocol** which was an earlier agreement to deal with climate change.
- The Paris Agreement sets out a framework for countries to work together to **reduce greenhouse gas emissions, adapt to the impacts of climate change, and provide support to developing countries** in their efforts to address climate change.
- Under the Paris Agreement, each country is required to submit and update their **Nationally Determined Contribution (NDCs) every 5 years**, outlining their plans for reducing greenhouse gas emissions and adapting to climate change.
 - NDCs are pledges made by countries to reduce their greenhouse gas emissions and to

adapt to the impacts of climate change.

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