

Zero Defect Zero Effect Scheme

Why in News

According to the recent data, as many as 23,948 <u>Micro, Small and Medium-sized Enterprises</u> (<u>MSMEs</u>) had registered with intent to adopt the principle of the <u>Zero Defect Zero Effect Scheme</u> (ZED).

Key Points

About the Scheme:

- Launched in 2016 by the Ministry of MSME, the scheme is an integrated and comprehensive certification system.
- The scheme accounts for productivity, quality, pollution mitigation, energy
 efficiency, financial status, human resource and technological depth including design and
 IPR in both products and processes.
- Its mission is to develop and implement the 'ZED' culture in India based on the principles of Zero Defect & Zero Effect.
- Zero Defect:
 - The Zero defect concept is focusing on the customer.
 - Zero non-conformance or non-compliance
 - Zero waste
- Zero Effect:
 - Zero <u>air pollution</u>, liquid discharge, solid waste
 - Zero wastage of natural resources

ZED Certification\Rating:

- The Rating is a **weighted average of the marks** obtained on each parameter.
- The MSMEs will be assessed & rated on defined enabler & outcome parameters on operational level indicators and organisational level indicators at the operational level.
- Based on the assessment, the MSME will be ranked as Bronze-Silver-Gold-Diamond-Platinum enterprises.
- There are **50** parameters for **ZED** rating and additional 25 parameters for **ZED** Defence rating under **ZED** Maturity Assessment Model.
- Objective of the Scheme:
 - To develop an Ecosystem for Zero Defect Manufacturing in MSMEs.
 - **To promote adaptation of quality tools/systems** and energy efficient manufacturing. Enable MSMEs for manufacturing of quality products.
 - **To encourage MSMEs to constantly upgrade** their quality standards in products and processes.
 - **To develop professionals** in the area of ZED manufacturing and certification.
 - To support the 'Make in India' campaign
- Implementation Agency of the Scheme:

- Quality Council of India (QCI) has been appointed as the National Monitoring & Implementing Unit (NMIU) for implementation of ZED.
 - The Quality Council of India (QCI) is a non-profit organization registered under the Societies Registration Act of 1860.
- Other Initiatives to Promote MSMEs Sector:
 - Prime Minister's Employment Generation programme (PMEGP)
 - Scheme of Fund for Regeneration of Traditional Industries (SFURTI)
 - A Scheme for Promoting Innovation, Rural Industry & Entrepreneurship (ASPIRE)
 - Interest Subvention Scheme for Incremental Credit to MSMEs
 - Credit Guarantee Scheme for Micro and Small Enterprises
 - CHAMPIONS portal

MSMEs & Indian Economy

- They are the growth accelerators of the Indian economy, contributing about 30% of the country's Gross Domestic Product (GDP).
- In terms of exports, they are an integral part of the supply chain and contribute about 48% of the overall exports.
- MSMEs also play an important role in employment generation, as they employ about 110 million people across the country.
- Interestingly, MSMEs are intertwined with the rural economy as well, as more than half of the MSMEs operate in rural India.

What's MSME

Revised Classification applicable w.e.f 1st July 2020			
Composite Criteria: Investment in Plant & Machinery/equipment and Annual Turnover			
Classification	Micro	Small	Medium
Manufacturing Enterprises and Enterprises rendering Services	Investment in Plant and Machinery or Equipment: Not more than Rs.1 crore and Annual Turnover; not more than Rs. 5 crore	Investment in Plant and Machinery or Equipment: Not more than Rs.10 crore and Annual Turnover; not more than Rs. 50 crore	Investment in Plant and Machinery or Equipment: Not more than Rs.50 crore and Annual Turnover; not more than Rs. 250 crore



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