

Concerns over Hit-and-Run Law

Why in News?

The recent protests by **transporters and commercial drivers** in states like Maharashtra, **Chhattisgarh**, West Bengal, and Punjab shed light on the contentious **Section 106 (2) of the** Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 (BNS).

Key Points

- This section, which stipulates severe penalties for hit-and-run incidents, has become a focal
 point of discontent among the driving community.
- The countrywide truckers' strike has been called off after the government assured that it would consult stakeholders before implementing a contentious law against hit-and-run.
- Transporters and commercial drivers are demanding the withdrawal or amendment of Section 106 (2) of the BNS, 2023.
 - They argue that the prescribed penalties, including a 10-year imprisonment and Rs. 7 lakh fine, are excessively severe.

Provisions of Hit-and-run Law

- The hit-and-run provision is part of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), which is **set to replace** the colonial-era_Indian_Penal_Code, 1860.
 - Section 106 (2) of the BNS, 2023 stipulates a penalty of up to 10 years in jail and a fine for fleeing an accident spot and failing to report the incident to a police officer or a magistrate.
 - However, if the driver reports the incident immediately after the accident, they
 will be charged under Section 106(1) instead of Section 106(2). Section 106(1)
 provides for a punishment of up to five years for causing death by any rash or negligent act
 not amounting to culpable homicide.

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