

New Initiatives in Building Energy Efficiency

Why in News

Recently, **"Aiming for Sustainable Habitat: New Initiatives in Building Energy Efficiency 2021"** was launched by the **Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE)**.

 These initiatives seek to enhance energy efficiency in the building sector and were launched as part of 'Azadi Ka Amrut Mahotsav'.

Bureau of Energy Efficiency

- The BEE is a statutory body established through the Energy Conservation Act, 2001 under the Union Ministry of Power.
- It assists in developing policies and strategies with the primary objective of reducing the energy intensity of the Indian economy.
- BEE coordinates with designated consumers, designated agencies, and other organizations to identify and utilize the existing resources and infrastructure, in performing its functions.

Key Points

- Initiatives Launched:
 - Eco Niwas Samhita 2021:
 - It is an <u>Energy Conservation Building Code</u> for Residential Buildings (ECBC-R) to give a further fillip to India's energy conservation efforts.
 - It specifies code compliance approaches and minimum energy performance requirements for building services, and verification framework with Eco Niwas Samhita 2021.

• Hand Book for Learning:

- The web-based platform 'The Handbook of Replicable Designs for Energy Efficient Residential Buildings' as a learning tool, which can be used to create a pool of ready-to-use resources of replicable designs to construct energy-efficient homes in India.
- Online Directory of Building Materials:
 - Creating an Online Directory of Building Materials that would envisage the process of establishing standards for energy efficient building materials.
- NEERMAN Awards:
 - **NEERMAN Awards,** (National Energy Efficiency Roadmap for Movement towards Affordable & Natural Habitat) were announced, with the **goal of encouraging**

exceptionally efficient building designs complying with BEE's Energy Conservation Building Codes.

- Online Star Rating Tool:
 - It **provides performance analysis to help professionals** decide the best options to pick for energy-efficiency of their homes.
 - It was launched for **Energy Efficient Homes**, created to improve energy-efficiency and reduce energy consumption in individual homes.
- Training:
 - Training of over 15,000 Architects, Engineers and Government officials on **Energy**
 - Conservation Building Code (ECBC) 2017 and Eco Niwas Samhita 2021.
- Significance:
 - The **building sector is the second largest consumer of electricity** after industry but it is expected to become the **largest energy consuming sector by 2030.**
 - These initiatives will help enhance the energy-efficiency levels in residential buildings across the country, thereby leading to sustainable habitation.
 - The initiatives will go a long way to make India more energy-efficient.

Energy Efficiency in India

- Energy Efficiency:
 - Energy efficiency means using less energy to perform the same task that is, eliminating energy waste.
 - Energy efficiency brings a variety of benefits: reducing <u>GreenHouse Gas (GHG)</u> emissions, reducing demand for energy imports, and lowering our costs on a household and economy-wide level.
- Transition:
 - India's energy sector is set for a transition with recent developmental ambitions of the government e.g. 175 GW of installed capacity of renewable energy by 2022, 24X7
 Power for all, <u>Housing for all by 2022</u>, 100 <u>smart cities mission</u>, promotion of emobility, electrification of railway sector, 100% electrification of households, Solarization of agricultural pump sets, and promotion of clean cooking.
- Potential of Energy Efficiency:
 - Energy Efficiency has the maximum GHG abatement potential of around 51% followed by renewables (32%), biofuels (1%), nuclear (8%), carbon capture and storage (8%) as per the World Energy Outlook (WEO 2010).
 - World Energy Outlook (WEO) is the flagship publication of the <u>International</u> <u>Energy Agency.</u>
 - India can avoid building 300 GW of new power generation up to 2040 with implementation of ambitious energy efficiency policies.
- Positives:
 - Successful implementation of Energy Efficiency Measures contributed to electricity savings of 7.14% of total electricity consumption of the country and emission reduction of 108.28 million tonnes of CO₂ during 2017-18.
- Other initiatives to Promote Energy Conservation and Energy Efficiency:
 - PAT Scheme:
 - **Perform Achieve and Trade Scheme (PAT)** is a market based mechanism to enhance the cost effectiveness in improving the Energy Efficiency in Energy Intensive industries through certification of energy saving which can be traded.

- It is a part of the National Mission for Enhanced Energy Efficiency (NMEEE), which is one of the eight missions under the <u>National Action Plan on Climate Change</u> (<u>NAPCC</u>).
- Standards and Labeling:
 - The scheme was **launched in 2006** and is currently invoked for equipments/appliances Room Air Conditioner (Fixed/VariableSpeed), Ceiling Fan, Colour Television, Computer, Direct Cool Refrigerator, Distribution Transformer, Domestic Gas Stove, General Purpose Industrial Motor, LED Lamps, Agricultural Pumpset, etc.
- Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC):
 - It was developed for new commercial buildings in 2007.
 - It sets minimum energy standards for new commercial buildings having a connected load of 100kW (kilowatt) or contract demand of 120 KVA (kilovoltampere) and above.
- Demand Side Management:
 - DSM is the **selection**, **planning**, **and implementation of measures** intended to have an influence on the demand or customer-side of **the electric meter**.

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