

## **GRAM UJALA**

## Why in News

Recently, the Government has launched the **Gram UJALA** Programme - an ambitious scheme offering the world's cheapest LED bulbs in rural areas at a mere Rs. 10.

## **Key Points**

- Coverage: In its first phase launched from Arrah in Bihar, 15 million LED bulbs will be distributed across villages of 5 districts - Aarah (Bihar), Varanasi (Uttar Pradesh), Vijayawada (Andhra Pradesh), Nagpur (Maharashtra), and villages in western Gujarat.
  - The light-emitting diode (LED) is one of today's most energy-efficient and rapidlydeveloping lighting technologies.
- Implementation:
  - 7 watt and 12-watt LED bulbs with 3 years warranty will be given to rural consumers against submission of working Incandescent bulbs.
    - Each household will get up to 5 LEDs.
    - Participating rural households will also have metres installed in their houses to account for usage.
  - The LED bulbs are offered by state-run <u>Energy Efficiency Services Ltd</u>'s (EESL's) subsidiary Convergence Energy Services Ltd (CESL).
    - EESL is a Public Sector Undertaking (PSU) under the Ministry of Power.
- Financing Mechanism:
  - The programme will be financed **entirely through carbon credits** and will be the **first such programme** in India.
  - The **revenue earned from carbon credits** will contribute Rs. 60 per LED bulb piece, with the balance Rs. 10 to be paid by the rural consumer.
    - <u>Carbon credit</u> (or "carbon offsets") are certificates generated by projects or activities that reduce, avoid, or destroy greenhouse gases.
    - Project owners, such as solar and wind energy developers, or protectors of endangered forestlands can sell these certificates to an individual or a company to earn revenues to keep expanding their projects into the future.
    - When one purchases carbon offsets, one is funding the reduction or elimination of carbon.
  - Further on, carbon credit documentation will be sent to United Nations (UN)
    accredited validators for inclusion into the Shine Program of activities.
    - Carbon credits will be prepared under the Shine Program of Activities with an option for verifying under the Voluntary Carbon Standard, depending on the needs of buyers.
    - Carbon Credit Buyers will also be sought through an open process based on initial

discussions with the market.

## Significance:

- Help in meeting intended nationally determined contributions under <u>paris climate</u> accord.
  - If all 300 million lights in India were replaced, the total energy savings would be 40,743 million kWh/year, avoiding peak demand of 22,743MW/year and CO<sub>2</sub> reductions of 37 million tons per year.
- Through extra carbon credit, India will boost its position in global carbon trade.
- Boost to efforts to ensure 24-hour power supply.
  - The Prime Minister of India, in his Independence Day speech of 2015, promised that all villages where electricity was yet to reach, will have power within 1,000 days.
  - To create basic power infrastructure and connectivity, the government had announced a scheme the **Deendayal Upadhyay Gram Jyoti Yojana.**
- Help in the growth of domestic LED markets.
- Meet the benefit of <u>sustainable development goals (SDG)</u>.
  - Specially **SDG7:** To ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services.

The Vision

- Other Schemes for Encouraging Use of LED Bulbs:
  - Unnat Jyoti by Affordable LEDs for All (UJALA).
  - Street Lighting National Programme (SLNP).

Source:PIB

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