



Uttar Pradesh GK

UTTAR PRADESH GK

State	Uttar Pradesh
Capital	Lucknow
Formation	1 November, 1956
Area	2,40,928 sq. kms.
District	75
Administrative Division	18
Population	19,98,12,341





State Symbol		
<p>State Emblem: A pall wavy, in chief a bow-and-arrow and in base two fishes</p>		<p>State Bird: Sarus Crane (<i>Grus Antigone</i>)</p>
<p>State Animal: Barasingha (<i>Rucervus Duvaucelii</i>)</p>		<p>State Tree: Ashoka</p>



State Flower:

Palash



State Sport:

Hockey

Uttar Pradesh : General Introduction

- Reorganisation of State - **1 November, 1956**
- Name of State - **North-West Province (From 1836)**
 - - **North-West Agra and Oudh Province (From 1877)**
 - - **United Provinces Agra and Oudh (From 1902)**
 - - **United Provinces (From 1937)**
 - - **Uttar Pradesh (From 24 January, 1950)**
- State Capital - **Agra (From 1836)**
 - - **Prayagraj (From 1858)**
 - - **Lucknow (partial) (From 1921)**
 - - **Lucknow (completely) (From 1935)**
- Partition of State - **9 November, 2000 [Uttaranchal (currently Uttarakhand) was formed by carving out 13 districts of Uttar Pradesh.**
- Districts of Uttar Pradesh in the National Capital Region (NCR) - **8 (Meerut, Ghaziabad, Gautam Budh Nagar, Bulandshahr, Hapur, Baghpat, Muzaffarnagar, Shamli)**
- Such Chief Ministers of Uttar Pradesh, who got the distinction of being the Prime Minister of India - **Chaudhary Charan Singh and Vishwanath Pratap Singh**
- Such Speaker of Uttar Pradesh Legislative Assembly, who also became Chief Minister - **Shri Banarsidas and Shripati Mishra**
- Speaker of the 18th Legislative Assembly - **Shri Satish Mahana**
- Number of women members in the 18th Legislative Assembly - **47**
- Leader of the Opposition in the 18th Assembly - **Shri Akhilesh Yadav (Samajwadi Party)**
- President's rule in the state for the first time - **25 February 1968 To 26 February 1969**
- State legislature - **Bicameral legislature**
- Number of Lok Sabha seats - **80**
- Number of Rajya Sabha seats - **31**
- Speaker of the Assembly for the most time - **Shri Atmaram Govind Kher and Keshari Nath**

Tripathi (3-3 times)

- Total Member of the Legislative Assembly - **403**
- Total Member of the Legislative Council - **100**
- The first state Legislative Assembly constituted - **July 1937**
- District With Most Legislative Assembly Seats - **Prayagraj (12 Seats)**
- District With Lowest Legislative Assembly Seats - **Shravasti, Mahoba, Chitrakoot (2-2 seats)**
- State's first central jail - **Bareilly**
- First Chief Ministers of the state - **Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant**
- First Deputy Chief Minister of the State - **Chaudhary Narayan Singh**
- First woman chief minister of state and country - **Sucheta Kripalani**
- First woman governor of state and country - **Sarojini Naidu**
- India's first night wildlife park (Night Safari Park) is located in - **Greater Noida**
- First Speaker of the state Legislative Assembly after independence - **Rajarshi Purushottam Das Tandon**
- First Legislative Council Chairman of the state after independence - **Chandra Bhal**
- First Chief Justice of Uttar Pradesh Allahabad High Court - **Sir Walter Morgan**

Geographic Situations

- Area of Uttar Pradesh - **2,40,928 Sq Kms. (About 7.33% of India's area)**
- Latitude - **23°52' North Latitude to 30°28' North Latitude**
- Longitude - **77°3' East Longitude to 84°39' East Longitude**
- Length of the state from east to west - **650 Kms.**
- Length of the state from north to south - **240 Kms.**
- The state shares boundaries - **9 (8 states and 1 union territory)**
- Number of states boundaries Sonbhadra - **4 (Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand and Bihar)**
- State with maximum border with Uttar Pradesh - **Madhya Pradesh**
- State with the shortest border with Uttar Pradesh - **Himachal Pradesh**
- Most eastern district of the state - **Ballia**
- Westernmost district of the state - **Shamli**
- Northernmost district of the state - **Saharanpur**
- Southernmost district of the state - **Sonbhadra**
- Largest district of the state (in area) - **Lakhimpur Kheri (7680 sq. km.)**
- Smallest district of the state (in area) - **Hapur (660 sq. km.)**
- Number of states share boundaries to Saharanpur - **3 (Haryana, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand)**
- Agro- Climatic Zones in the state - **9**
- Major rivers flowing in the state - **Ganga, Yamuna, Ramganga, Gomti and Ghaghra**
- Longest canal system in the state - **Sharda Canal**
- The District of Uttar Pradesh is surrounded by Madhya Pradesh on three sides - **Lalitpur**

Geographical Boundary of

S.No.	State/Country	Uttar Pradesh shares its District Boundaries
1.	Madhya Pradesh	11 (Agra, Etawah, Jalaun, Jhansi, Lalitpur, Mahoba)
2.	Bihar	7 (Sonbhadra, Chandauli, Ghazipur, Ballia, Deoria)
3.	Uttarakhand	7 (Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Moradabad)
4.	Haryana	6 (Saharanpur, Shamli, Baghpat, Gautam Buddha Nagar)
5.	Delhi	3 (Baghpat, Ghaziabad and Gautam Buddha Nagar)
6.	Rajasthan	2 (Agra and Mathura)
7.	Chhattisgarh	1 (Sonbhadra)
8.	Jharkhand	1 (Sonbhadra)
9.	Himachal Pradesh	1 (Saharanpur)
10.	Nepal	7 (Maharajganj, Siddharthnagar, Balrampur, Shravasti)

S.No.	State	Share Districts
1.	Madhya Pradesh	13 (Morena, Bhind, Datia, Shivpuri, Ashoknagar, Sa
2.	Bihar	8 (West Champaran, Gopalganj, Siwan, Saran, Bho
3.	Haryana	7 (Yamunanagar, Karnal, Panipat, Sonipat, Faridab
4.	Uttarakhand	5 (Dehradun, Haridwar, Pauri, Nainital, Udham Sing
5.	Rajasthan	2 (Bharatpur and Dholpur)
6.	Chhattisgarh	1 (Balrampur)
7.	Jharkhand	1 (Garhwa)
8.	Himachal Pradesh	1 (Sirmaur)

Major Institutes in Uttar Pradesh

- Indian Institute of Sugarcane Research - **Lucknow**
- Central Institute for Subtropical Horticulture - **Lucknow**
- National Sugar Institute - **Kanpur**
- Indian Institute of Pulses Research - **Kanpur**
- Indian Institute of Technology - **Kanpur**
- Laxmipat Singhania Institute of Cardiology - **Kanpur**
- Indian Veterinary Research Institute - **Izatnagar (Bareilly)**
- Indian Institute of Vegetable Research - **Varanasi**
- Indian Grassland and Fodder Research Institute - **Jhansi**
- Indian Institute of Carpet Technology - **Bhadohi**
- Indian Institute of Handloom Technology - **Chaukaghat (Varanasi)**
- Uttar Pradesh Council of Agricultural Research - **Lucknow**
- State Disaster Management Authority - **Lucknow**
- Trade Facilitation Center and Craft Museum - **Varanasi**
- Biotechnology Park Uttar Pradesh - **Lucknow**
- VV Giri National Labor Institute - **Noida**
- Uttar Pradesh State Industrial Development Corporation Limited - **Kanpur**
- Uttar Pradesh University of Medical Sciences - **Saifai (Etawah)**
- UP Industrial Co-operative Association Limited - **Kanpur**
- Uttar Pradesh Financial Corporation - **Kanpur**
- Pradeshia Industrial & Investment Corporation - **Lucknow**
- Institute of Entrepreneurship Development - **Lucknow**
- Fragrance and Flavour Development Centre - **Kannauj**
- Uttar Pradesh Textile Technology Institute - **Kanpur**
- Uttar Pradesh Small Industries Corporation Limited - **Kanpur**
- Uttar Pradesh Export Corporation Ltd - **Lucknow**
- State Leather Development and Marketing Corporation Limited - **Agra**
- Uttar Pradesh Electronics Corporation Limited - **Lucknow**
- Government Porcelain Development Center - **Chunar and Khurja**
- Uttar Pradesh Handicrafts Development & Marketing Corporation Limited - **Lucknow**
- Uttar Pradesh State Industrial Development Authority - **Kanpur**

Uttar Pradesh : Administrative Divisions

- Total Districts - **75**
- Sub divisions - **18**
- Special Area Development Authority - **5**
- Gram Panchayat - **59163**
- Tehsils - **350 (As on 2018)**
- Nagar Panchayat - **437**
- Municipal Council - **198 (As on 2018)**
- Municipal Corporation - **17**
- Block Panchayats - **821 (As of 2018)**
- Nyaya Panchayats - **8,135 (As on 2018)**

- Community Development Block - **822**

Energy

- Formation of Uttar Pradesh State Electricity Council - **1959**
- Order of total power generation in the state - **Thermal Power > Hydropower > Nuclear > Solar Power**
- UP Electricity Regulatory Commission setup - **1998**
- NTPC's Gas Based Thermal Projects in the State - **3 (Auraiya, Amla, Dadri)**
- State's oldest thermal project - **Harduaganj Thermal Power Station (1942)**
- Establishment of only nuclear power station in the state - **Narora (Bulandshahar) (1991-92)**
- Uttar Pradesh New and Renewable Energy Development Agency - **1983**

Minerals

- State Mineral Development Corporation setup - **1974**
- Uttar Pradesh is a state in terms of mineral resources. Lower - **Middle Range**
- Largest coal reserves in the state - **Sonbhadra**
- Copper reserve in the state - **Sonrai (Lalitpur)**

Transport and Communication

- State's position in the country in terms of length of National Highways - **Second** (Maharashtra is at **first position** with total length of approximately 18,000 kms)
- Uttar Pradesh State Highways Authority constituted - **2004**
- Formation of Yamuna Expressway Industrial Development Authority - **2001**
- State's longest Highway - **National Highway 19** (Old Name **NH- 2 (Grand Trunk Road)**)
- Country's longest green field (controlled access) expressway - **Purvanchal Expressway (340.8 km)**
- Establishment of Uttar Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation - **1972**
- Establishment of Uttar Pradesh State Bridge Corporation - **1973**
- World's longest railway platform - **Gorakhpur**
- Formation of Lucknow Metro Rail Corporation Limited - **2013**
- Lucknow Metro launches commercial operations - **5 September 2017**
- Railway Safety Commission, Headquarters - **Lucknow**
- The first train in the state was run in March 1859. - **Prayagraj to Kanpur**
- Total Rail Network in the State - **9167 km. (first in the country)**
- Bus transport services in the state of U.P. began on 15 May 1947 - **Lucknow to Barabanki**
- Approximate Length of Purvanchal Expressway - **340.82 Kms.**
- Lucknow Doordarshan started functioning on - **27 November 1975**
- Bus service started between Ayodhya to Janakpur (Nepal) - **May 2018**
- Paratroopers Training School is located at - **Agra**
- Aditya Birla Group develops private airport - **Mayorpur (Sonbhadra)**
- India's first multi- modal terminal has been built - **Ralhupur (Varanasi)**
- Lucknow Akashvani (All India Radio) established in the state - **2 April, 1938**
- First air postal service started in India - **Between Allahabad (Prayagraj) to Naini**
- Indira Gandhi Rashtriya Uran Akademi is located at - **Fursatganj (Amethi)**

Census- 2011

- Total Population of Uttar Pradesh - **19,98,12,341 (16.51% of the total population of the country)**
- Percentage of males in the total population of the state - **52.29%**
- Percentage of women in the total population of the state - **47.71%**
- Percentage of Rural Population to Total Population of the State - **77.73%**
- Percentage of urban population to the total population of the state - **22.27%**
- Most populous district - **(1) Prayagraj (2) Moradabad (3) Ghaziabad**
- Least populated district - **(1) Mahoba (2) Chitrakoot (3) Hamirpur**

Population Density

- Population Density of Uttar Pradesh – **829 people per sq km.**
- Increase in Population Density during 2001-11 – **139 persons per sq.km.**
- Districts have the highest density of population (in descending order) – **(1) Ghaziabad (2) Varanasi (3) Lucknow**
- Districts have the Lowest density of population (in ascending order) – **(1) Lalitpur (2) Sonbhadra (3) Hamirpur**

Literacy Rate

- Total Literacy in Uttar Pradesh – **67.72%**
- Male Literacy in Uttar Pradesh – **77.30%**
- Female Literacy of Uttar Pradesh – **57.20%**
- Increase in Average Literacy during 2001-11 – **11.36%**
- Difference between male and female literacy – **20.10%**
- Highest Literacy Districts – **(1) Gautam Buddha Nagar (2) Kanpur Nagar (3) Auraiya**
- Lowest literacy districts (same order of male literacy) – **(1) Shravasti (2) Bahraich (3) Balrampur**

Sex Ratio

- Average Sex Ratio of Uttar Pradesh (as per 2011 census) – **912 (Sex Ratio of India is 943)**
- The sex ratio of Uttar Pradesh increased during 2001-11 – **14 points**
- Highest Sex Ratio Districts (in descending order) – **(1) Jaunpur (1024) (2) Azamgarh (1019) (3) Deoria (1017)**
- Lowest Sex Ratio Districts (in ascending order) – **(1) Gautam Buddha Nagar (851) (2) Hamirpur and Baghpat (861) (3) Kanpur Nagar, Banda and Mathura (863)**

Child Sex Ratio (2011)

- Child Sex Ratio of Uttar Pradesh (0-6 Years Age Group) – **902 (In 2001 the child sex ratio was 916)**
- Highest and Lowest child sex ratio Districts in the state are respectively – **Balrampur and Baghpat**

Decadal Growth Rate

- Average Decadal growth rate during 2001-11 – **20.23%**
- Average Annual Growth Rate during 2001-11 – **1.85%**
- Decline in Decadal growth during 2001-11 – **5.62%**
- Growth rates in males and females during 2001-11 respectively – **19.31% and 21.23%**
- Highest Decadal growth rate Districts – **(1) Gautam Buddha Nagar (2) Ghaziabad (3) Shravasti**
- Lowest Decadal growth rate Districts – **(1) Kanpur Nagar (2) Hamirpur (3) Baghpat**

Scheduled Castes

- Percentage of Scheduled Castes in the Total Population of Uttar Pradesh – **20.69%**
- State with highest number of Scheduled Castes in the country – **Uttar Pradesh (16.6%)**
- Highest Scheduled Caste Population District – **Sitapur**
- Lowest Scheduled Caste Population District – **Baghpat**

Scheduled Tribes

- Percentage of Scheduled Tribes in the Total Population of Uttar Pradesh – **0.6%**
- District With Highest ST Population – **Sonbhadra**
- District with lowest ST population – **Baghpat**

- Districts devoid of Scheduled Tribes in the state - **Ayodhya and Jalaun**

Slum Census

- The place of Uttar Pradesh in the total slum population of the country - **Fourth**
- The slum population in the total population of the country in the 2011 census is - **9.5%**
- Districts with highest slum population in the state (in descending order) - **Meerut, Agra, Kanpur Nagar**
- Percentage of slum population in the total population of the state - **3.12%**

Religion - Census

- Religious Population (In Decreasing Order) - **Hindu, Muslim, Sikh, Christian, Jain, Buddhist**
- Percentage of minorities in the total population of the state - **19.33%**
- Religious communities with highest and lowest sex ratio respectively - **Christians (950) and Sikhs (885)**

Cultural Diversity in Uttar Pradesh

- Beginning of modern painting in Uttar Pradesh - **from the 20th century**
- Birth place of Amir Khusrau - **Patiyali (Kasganj)**
- Inventor of Tabla and Sitar - **Amir Khusrau**
- Bada Khayal Promoters - **Sultan Hussain Sharqi (Jaunpur)**
- The golden age of the Lucknow gharana from music - **Nawab Wajid Ali Shah's period**
- Bismillah Khan and Mumtaz Khan are shehnai players - **of the Banaras Gharana**
- Bindadin, Kodau Singh, Khurshed Ali Khan, Shambhu Maharaj, Birju Maharaj are related to - **From Lucknow Gharana**
- Choti Maina, Badi Maina, Rasoolanbai, Saraswati Devi, Vidyadhari ki Devi, Moti Kesar etc. are the thumri- tappa singers - **Banaras Gharana**
- Jhula, Hori, Phag, Languria and Rasia folk songs are related to - **from Braj region**
- There is a special area of Sanskar Geet, Sohar, Natka and Qawwali. - **Awadh region**
- The only classical dance form of Uttar Pradesh is - **Kathak**
- Known as the father of Kathak dance - **Thakur Prasad**
- The dance performed by the Kahars of Jaunpur is - **Chaurasia Dance**
- Famous Gharanas for Kathak are - **Lucknow and Varanasi**
- Folk theatre (drama) in Uttar Pradesh - **Ramlila, Rasleela and Nautanki**
- Kalinjar Fort is located in Uttar Pradesh - **Banda**
- Ganga Mahotsava (Ganga Dussehra) - **Varanasi and Prayagraj**
- There are three monuments of the state included in the World Heritage - **Fatehpur Sikri, Agra Fort and Taj Mahal**
- The main center of Muslim education during the Mughal period was - **Agra**
- The region of Kannauj language is - **Kannauj, Farrukhabad, Shahjahanpur, Pilibhit, Kanpur Nagar, Etawah, Auraiya, Kanpur Dehat**
- Major tourist places located in Fatehpur Sikri (Agra) - **Buland Darwaza, Birbal Mahal, Salim Chishti's Dargah, Jodha Bai Mahal, Jama Masjid, Diwan I- Khas, Panchmahal, Mariam Mahal etc.**
- Tulsi Memorial, Tulsi Birthplace - **Rajapur (Chitrakoot)**
- Tomb of Sufi Saint Haji Waris Ali Shah - **Deva Sharif (Barabanki)**
- There are Dashavatar temples (Gupta period) of Devgarh and 31 Jain temples, Matatila, Rajghat dam. - **Lalitpur**
- Shringi Rishi Temple is located at - **Shringirampur (Farrukhabad)**
- Nizamuddin Auliya was born in - **Badaun**
- Among the Navratnas of Akbar belong to Uttar Pradesh - **Raja Todarmal**

Education

- Establishment of State Council of Educational Research and Training - **1981 (Lucknow)**
- Establishment of Uttar Pradesh Secondary Education Service Selection Board - **1982 (Prayagraj)**

- School Chalo Campaign started for primary education - **2001**
- Establishment of Uttar Pradesh State Council of Higher Education - **1995**
- Saakshar Bharat Program/Mission was started in - **2009**
- Total Central Universities in the State - **6 (4 General + 1 Agriculture + 1 Aviation)**
- Oldest university in the state - **Prayagraj University, Prayagraj (1887)**

Major Medical Colleges of Uttar Pradesh

- Lala Lajpat Rai Memorial Medical College - **Meerut**
- Maharani Laxmibai Medical College - **Jhansi**
- Ganesh Shankar Vidyarthi Memorial Medical College - **Kanpur**
- Sarojini Naidu Medical College - **Agra**
- Baba Raghav Das Medical College - **Gorakhpur**
- Jawaharlal Nehru Medical College - **Aligarh**
- Chhatrapati Shahuji Maharaj (King George's) Medical University - **Lucknow**

Economy

- SEZs in Uttar Pradesh - **Eastern Economic Zone (28 districts), Western Economic Zone (30 districts), Central Economic Zone (10 districts), Bundelkhand Economic Zone (7 districts)**
- The most developed area of the state from the point of view of industrial development - **Western Sector**
- Least developed area in terms of industrial development - **Bundelkhand**
- The most employable industry in the state after agriculture - **Handloom Cottage Industry**
- UP Handicraft Promotion Policy Implemented - **2014**
- Sporting Goods - **Agra and Meerut**
- Carpets and Rugs industry is developed - **Bhadohi, Mirzapur, Agra, Varanasi**
- Council of Science & Technology, Uttar Pradesh was formed - **1975**
- Uttar Pradesh Khadi and Village Industries Board was formed - **1960**
- The first sugar mill of India and Uttar Pradesh was established in 1903 - **Pratappur (Deoria)**
- Chief Minister Yuva Swarozgar Yojana launched - **2017**
- 'Kisan Samridhi Commission' was formed in the state - **2017**
- Mukhya Mantri Kanya Sumangala Yojana launched - **25 October 2019**

Major Places of Interest

Place/Site

Taj Mahal
Sant Kabir Nirvana Sthal
Vrindavan Temples
Mathakur Buddha Statue
Khanqah Rashidiya
Dashavatara Temple
God's Varaha temple
Haridev Ji Temple
Rumi Darwaza
Radharani Ladliji Temple
Gola GokaranNath Temple
Bhitargaon Gupta Temple
Chakratirth Naimisharanya
Bharadwaj Ashram and Akshayvat
Anand Bhavan
Shakambari Devi Temple
Kadakshah Baba's tomb

Danteerth (Hastinapur)
Bavani Imli Sahid Sthal
Jharkhandeshwar Temple
Fansi Imli Memorial
Vyas Tila and Narsingh Tila
Chhavani Shahid Sthal
Vindhyavasini Temple
Kanak Bhawan
Lodheshwar Temple
Saptamatrika Sculptures
Bhrigu Temple
J.K. Temple Kanpur
Mughal Ghat
Digambar Jain Idols (obtained from Asai Fort)
Aughadnath Temple
Shukl Talab
Jayasi Memorial
Gorakhnath Temple
Ashfaq Ullah's tomb
Buddhist stupa
Mr. Dauji Maharaj
Baba Somnath Ji Temple
China temple
Kamadgiri Mountain
Rani Mahal
Kalinjar Fort
Makarbai Temple
Raza Library
Tomb of Sheikh Salim Chishti
Shibli Academy
Imambara and Chhatar Manzil
Devipatan (Pateswari Devi) Temple
Lal Darwaza Mosque
Arga Parvati Temple
Haji Waris Ali's Mazar (Deva Sharif)
Renukeshwar Mahadev Temple
Dargah of Ghazi Saiyyad Salar Masud
Sitakund Ghat
KapilMuni Ashram, Rameshwardham Temple and Bhedakund
Sita Samahit Sthal (Sitamarhi)
Maharshi Dadhichi Ashram
Chaurasi Gumbad
Kshemkali Devi Temple, Padmavati Sati Temple, Jaichand Fort and Haji Sharif Dargah
Belha Devi Temple
Bharatkund
Ejaz Ali Hall
Dargah of Syed Mahmud Shah Ashraf Jahangir
Ancient Shiva Temple of Shukratal
Dargah of Syed Shah Abdul Razzaq

Dhanapur Martyrs Memorial
Maharishi Durvasa Ashram
Lord Cornwallis Tomb
Lodheshwar Mandir
Shri Sanatan Dharma Mandir
Salamat Shah's tomb
Devkali Temple
Rajarajeshwari Srividya Mandir
Victoria Hall Belfry
Dauji Temple
Yagyashala
Tulsi Memorial

Uttar Pradesh: Names of Cities and Districts	
City Name	Sub-Name
Saharanpur	city of wood carving
Pilibhit	Mini Punjab
Chitrakoot	Vanvas Nagar, Mandarachal
Deoria	Devaranya, Devpuria
Muzaffarnagar	Sarwat Nagar
Shahjahanpur	Carpet Industry Industry
Fatehpur	Battlefield City
Azamgarh	Kaifi Azmi Nagar
Rampur	City of Nawab, City of Knives
Lakhimpur Kheri	Laxmipur
Pratapgarh	Amla Nagari, Bela Bhavani Nagar, The City
Mau	Maunath Bhanjan
Moradabad	Brass City, Pottery City
Sitapur	Naimisharanya Nagar
Kaushambi	Primate city
Ballia	Baaghi Zila
Lucknow	City of Nawabs, City of Gardens, City of M
Hardoi	Haridrohi Nagar
Prayagraj	Sangam city, Kumbh city, Tirtharaj, Guava
Jaunpur	Shiraz-e-Hind
Amroha	Jyotiba Phule Nagar
Unnao	Chandrashekhar Azad Nagar
Bijnor	Katehar kshetra
Ghazipur	Sister of Kashi
Meerut	Revolution city, Scissors city
Badaun	Nizamuddin Auliya Nagar
Ayodhya	City of God, Saket Dham, Ramnagar, Ram
Chandauli	Rice Bowl
Baghpat	Land of the Tiger
Kannauj	Perfume City, City of Fragrances, Kanyaku
Ghaziabad	Mini Delhi, Industry City
Varanasi	Vishwanath Nagari, Mukti Nagar, City of G
Sultanpur	Kuspura

Amethi	Chhatrapati Shahu Ji Maharaj Nagar
Mathura	The city of Krishna, the city of Peda, the city of Mathura
Bhadohi	Sant Ravidas Nagar, Carpet City
Bahraich	Syed Masood Ghazi Nagar, Rishi Bhoomi
Etawah	Chambal City
Bulandshahr	Ahar zone
Sonbhadra	Energy Capital of India
Shravasti	Sahet-Mahet Nagar
Auraiya	A Land Of Diversity
Aligarh	The Lock City of India
Kasganj	Kanshiram Nagar
Balrampur	Devipatan, Shaktipeeth
Kanpur Dehat	Ramabai Nagar
Hathras	Mahamaya Nagar
Kanpur Nagar	Manchester of North India, Leather City, India
Gonda	Jaiprakash Nagar
Mirzapur	Mahatrikon Nagar, Rameshwar
Gautam Buddha Nagar	Noida, Greater Noida
Jalaun	Panchnanda Nagar
Siddharth Nagar	Buddha city
Shamli	Prabuddh Nagar
Agra	Taj Nagari, Petha Nagari
Jhansi	City of Bundela
Basti	Vashishti Nagar
Hapur	Panchsheel Nagar, Mini Jallianwala Bagh
Firozabad	Bangle city, Suhag nagri
Lalitpur	Deogarh Nagar
Sant Kabir Nagar	Khalilabad
Sambhal	Bhimnagar
Mainpuri	Kapoori Nagar
Hamirpur	Jejakabhukti Region
Maharajganj	Karapath Nagar
Etah	Shukar kshetra Varaha Nagar
Barabanki	The Gateway of Purvanchal, Deva Nagar
Mahoba	Mahotsav Nagar
Gorakhpur	Gorakhdham, Nath Nagar, Geeta Press Nagar
Farrukhabad	Panchal Nagar
Bareilly	Bans Bareilly, Surma Nagari
Banda	Bundelkhand
Kushinagar	Mahaparinirvana Nagar
Ambedkar Nagar	Seehmai Karirat Nagar

Major Cities Situated on the Banks of Rivers in Uttar Pradesh

River	Major Cities
Ganga	Kanpur, Varanasi, Garhmukteshwar, Farrukhabad, Kannauj, Mirzapur, Ghazipur, Allahabad
Yamuna	Mathura, Agra, Etawah, Kalpi, Bateshwar, Kaushambi, Hamirpur
Gomati	Lucknow, Jaunpur, Pilibhit, Shahjahanpur, Sitapur, Lakhimpur Kheri, Sultanpur
Rapti	Gorakhpur, Deoria, Balrampur, Siddharth Nagar, Sant Kabir Nagar

Ramganga	Bareilly, Shahjahanpur, Moradabad, Budaun, Hardoi
Sarayu	Ayodhya
Hindon	Saharanpur, Ghaziabad, Meerut
Sai	Pratapgarh, Jaunpur
Sone	Sonbhadra

Districts with Maximum Forest Area	
District	Area (Sq. KM.)
Sonbhadra	2540.29
Lakhimpur Kheri	1273.06
Mirzapur	803.73
Pilibhit	687.11

Districts with Minimum Forest Area	
District	Area (Sq. KM.)
Sant Ravidas Nagar (Bhadohi)	3.12
Mau	11.00
Mainpuri	13.64
Sant Kabir Nagar	14.00
Deoria	15.21

Districts With Highest Forest Percentage	
District	Geographical (Total area)
Sonbhadra	36.79
Chandauli	22.25
Pilibhit	18.64
Mirzapur	18.25

Districts with Minimum Forest Percentage	
District	Geographical (Total area)
Sant Ravidas Nagar (Bhadohi)	0.31
Mainpuri	0.49
Deoria	0.60
Budaun	0.62

Wildlife			
S.No.	Wildlife Sanctuaries	Established	Area (sq.km.)
1.	Chandraprabha Wildlife Sanctuary	1957	78 sq.km
2.	Kishanpur Wildlife Sanctuary	1972	227 sq.km.
3.	Katarniaghat Wildlife Sanctuary	1976	400 sq.km.
4.	Ranipur Wildlife Sanctuary	1977	230.31 sq.km.
5.	Mahavir Swami Wildlife Sanctuary	1977	5.41 sq.km.
6.	National Chambal Sanctuary	1979	635 sq.km.
7.	Kaimur Wildlife Sanctuary	1982	501 sq.km.
8.	Hastinapur Wildlife Sanctuary	1986	2073 sq.km.
9.	Sohagi Barwa Wildlife Sanctuary	1987	428 sq.km.
10.	Suheldev Wildlife Sanctuary	1988	452 sq.km.
11.	Turtle (Kachhua) Wildlife Sanctuary	1989	7 sq.km.

Ramsar Site in Uttar Pradesh

Site	District
Nawabganj Bird Sanctuary	Unnao
Parvati Aranga Bird Sanctuary	Gonda
Saman Bird Sanctuary	Mainpuri
Samaspur Bird Sanctuary	Raebareli
Sandi Bird Sanctuary	Hardoi
Sarsai Nawar Lake	Etawah
Upper Ganga River (Brijghat to Narora Stretch)	—
Soor Sarovar (Keetham lake)	Agra

Road Network Status

Route Classification	31.3.2017	31.3.2018
National Highway (Km.)	7633	10981
State Highway (Km.)	7202	6810
Major District Roads (Km.)	7486	7277
Other District Roads (Km.)	47576	49037
Rural Road (Km.)	169051	168694
Total	238948	242799

Name	Route	Length
Ganga Expressway	Meerut to Prayagraj	594 kms. (6 I
Purvanchal Expressway	Lucknow (Chand Sarai) to Ghazipur (Haidaria Village)	340.824 kms
Bundelkhand Expressway	Chitrakoot to Etawah (on Agra-Lucknow Expressway)	296.07 kms (

Major Airports of Uttar Pradesh

Airports	City
Chaudhary Charan Singh International Airport (Amausi Airport)	Luckno
Lal Bahadur Shastri International Airport (Babatpur Airport)	Varana
Chakeri Airport	Kanpur
Bamrauli Airport	Prayag
Kheria	Agra
Hindon Air Force Station	Ghaziab
Sarsawa Air Force Station	Sahara
Jhansi Airport	Jhansi
Taj (Jewar) International Airport - Proposed	Greater
Kalyanpur Airport	Kanpur
Bareilly Airport	Bareilly
Gorakhpur Airport	Gorakh
Rae Bareli (Fursatganj) Airport	Rae Ba
Dr. Bhimrao Ambedkar Airport	Meerut

