

World Space Week

Why in News

Recently, during the celebrations of **World Space Week,** the **India Meteorological Department** (IMD) has announced that it would soon launch a dynamic, impact-based **cyclone** warning system.

■ The warning system aims at minimising economic losses and damage to property due to the cyclones that hit Indian coasts every year.

Key Points

- World Space Week is an international celebration of science and technology and their contribution to the betterment of the human condition.
 - It is **coordinated by the <u>United Nations</u>** with the support of the **World Space Week Association** (WSWA), a non-profit organisation.
- The United Nations General Assembly (UNGA) declared in 1999 that World Space Week would be held each year from 4th-10th October. These dates commemorate two events:
 - 4th October 1957: Launch of the first human-made Earth satellite, Sputnik 1, thus opening the way for space exploration.
 - **10**th **October 1967:** The signing of the **Outer Space Treaty** (Treaty on Principles Governing the Activities of States in the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space including the Moon and other celestial bodies).
- Objectives:
 - Provide unique leverage in space outreach and education.
 - Educate people around the world about the benefits that they receive from space.
 - Encourage greater use of space for sustainable economic development.
 - Demonstrate public support for space programs.
 - Excite young people about science, technology, engineering, and math.
 - Foster international cooperation in the space sector.
- 2020 Theme: "Satellites Improve Life."
 - It shows the <u>importance of satellites in daily life</u> and how human lives are affected by satellites such as in communications, environmental monitoring, transportation, weather forecasting, telemedicine, science, and in many other ways.
 - Indian examples: EMISAT, RISAT-2B, Cartosat-3, Microsat-R and Kalamsat-V2, etc.

Source: PIB

