

Dickinsonia Fossil

Why in News?

Fossils of an extinct species, Dickinsonia, that scientists reported in a **discovery from India's**Bhimbetka Rock Shelters in 2021 have been found to be a false alarm.

 Researchers after a closer look at the site revealed the **Dickinsonia fossil** to really be wax smeared on a rock by a beehive.

What is Dickinsonia?

- Dickinsonia is an extinct primitive animal that inhabited seabeds around Australia, China, Russia, Ukraine, in the Ediacaran period, 600-500 million years ago. It was classified as an animal after discovery of cholesterol molecules in the fossils.
- It is believed to be one of the earliest animals to have existed on earth.



What are the Key Facts of Bhimbetka Rock Shelter?

- History and Period Span:
 - The Bhimbetka rock shelters are an **archaeological site in central India that spans the prehistoric Paleolithic** and Mesolithic periods, as well as the historic period.
 - It exhibits the **earliest traces of human life in India and evidence of** <u>Stone Age</u> starting at the site in Acheulian times.
 - It is a **UNESCO World Heritage Site** that consists of seven hills and over 750 rock shelters distributed over 10 km.
- **Discovery:** The Bhimbetka rock shelters were founded by V S Wakankar in1957.

- Location: It is located in Raisen District between Hoshangabad and Bhopal in Madhya Pradesh.
 - It is about 40 kilometres south-east of Bhopal in the foothills of the Vindhya Mountains.
- **Paintings:** Some of the Bhimbetka rock shelters feature prehistoric cave paintings and the earliest are about 10,000 years old (c. 8,000 BCE), corresponding to the Indian Mesolithic.
 - Most of these are done in red and white on the cave walls.
 - A multitude of themes were covered in this form of rock art and it depicted scenes like singing, dancing, hunting and other common activities of the people staying there.
 - The oldest of the cave paintings in Bhimbetka is believed to be about 12,000 years ago.

Source: TH

