

Akash Prime Surface-to-Air Missile: DRDO

Why in News

Recently, the <u>Defence Research and Development Organisation</u> (DRDO) tested a new version of the Akash Missile – **'Akash Prime'** – from the Integrated Test Range (ITR), Chandipur, Odisha.

■ Earlier, DRDO launched the <u>Akash-NG</u> (New Generation) and the **Man Portable Anti Tank Guided Missile** (MPATGM).

Defence Research & Development Organisation

- It is the Research & Development wing of the Ministry of Defence, Govt of India, with a vision to empower India with cutting-edge defence technologies.
- It was established in 1958 after combining the Technical Development Establishment (TDEs) of the Indian Army and the Directorate of Technical Development & Production (DTDP) with the Defence Science Organisation (DSO).

Key Points

About:



- In comparison to the existing Akash system, it is equipped with indigenous active RF
 (Radio Frequency) seeker for improved accuracy, which makes sure that the target at
 which the missile is fired is hit.
- Other improvements were also incorporated in Akash Prime like ensuring **reliable performance** under a **low-temperature** environment at **higher altitudes**.
- Development & Production:
 - Developed by Defence Research & Development Laboratory (DRDL), Hyderabad in collaboration with other DRDO laboratories under the Missiles and Strategic Systems (MSS).
- Akash missile:

- Akash is India's first indigenously produced medium range SAM that can engage multiple targets from multiple directions and it can be launched from mobile platforms like battle tanks or wheeled trucks. It has nearly 90% kill probability.
 - The development of the Akash SAM was started by the DRDO in the late 1980s as part of the Integrated Guided Missile Development Programme.
- It is unique in the way that It can simultaneously engage multiple targets in group mode or autonomous mode.
- It has **built-in Electronic Counter-Counter Measures** (ECCM) features, which means that it has mechanisms on-board that can **counter the electronic systems** that deceive the detection systems.
- The missile is supported by the indigenously developed radar called 'Rajendra'.
- It can engage targets at a speed 2.5 times more than the speed of sound and can detect and destroy targets flying at low, medium and high altitudes.
- The missile is reportedly **cheaper and more accurate** than US' Patriot missiles due to its solid-fuel technology and high-tech radars.

Integrated Guided-Missile Development Programme

- It was conceived by Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam to enable India attain self-sufficiency in the field of missile technology. b
- The **5 missiles (P-A-T-N-A)** developed under this program are:
 - Prithvi: Short range surface to surface ballistic missile.
 - the Vision • Agni: Ballistic missiles with different ranges, i.e. Agni (1,2,3,4,5)
 - Trishul: Short range low level surface to air missile.
 - Nag: 3rd generation anti-tank missile.
 - Akash: Medium range surface to air missile.

Source: IE

PDF Reference URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/printpdf/akash-prime-surface-to-air-missile-drdo