# Water Quality Report

# Why in News

Recently, **Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food & Public Distribution** has released **Water Quality Report** for State capitals & Delhi as analysed by the **Bureau of India Standards (BIS)**.

 The study focused on the quality of piped drinking water and also ranked the States, smart cities and districts accordingly.

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 This study was in line with <u>Jal Jeevan Mission</u> which aims to provide tap water to all households by 2024.

# **Key Points**

- Tests were conducted on various parameters:
  - Organoleptic and Physical Tests
  - Chemical test
  - Toxic substances
  - Bacteriological tests
  - Total Dissolve Solids (TDS)
  - Turbidity
  - Total hardness
  - Total alkalinity
  - Minerals and metals
  - Presence of Coliform and E Coli
- A vast majority of the samples have failed to comply with the requirements in one or more parameters.
- Tap water in Mumbai is the safest for drinking while Delhi's water is one of the worst.

### Challenges

- Lack of initiatives in tap water systems due to the expanding packaged drinking water.
- **High dependence on groundwater** in fast-growing urban clusters where piped water systems do not exist.
- Lack of accountability of the official agencies.
- Absence of robust data in the public domain on quality testing.

### **Way Forward**

- It should be **legally binding** on agencies to achieve standards and empowering consumers.
- State governments should take an **integrated view** of housing, water supply, sanitation and waste management.
- A **scientific approach** for water management should be adopted.
- A **separate agency** in each state should be entrusted for regular testing rather than relying on the same agency.
- **Data on water should be made public** on the same lines as air quality which would put pressure on governments to act.

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