

# **Snow Leopard**

### Why in News

Just days before celebrating **Earth Day**, the internet was going viral over a photo of a snow leopard.

## **Key Points**

- About:
  - Scientific Name: Panthera uncia
  - **Top Predator:** Snow leopards act as an indicator of the health of the mountain ecosystem in which they live, due to their position as the top predator in the food web.
- Habitat:
  - Mountainous regions of central and southern Asia.
  - In India, their geographical range encompasses:
    - Western Himalayas: Jammu and Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh.
    - Eastern Himalayas: Uttarakhand and Sikkim and Arunachal Pradesh.
  - Snow Leopard capital of the world: Hemis, Ladakh.
    - Hemis National Park is the biggest national park in India and also has a good presence of Snow Leopard.

Vision

- Protection Status:
  - The snow leopard is listed as Vulnerable on the <u>IUCN-World Conservation Union's Red</u> <u>List</u> of the Threatened Species.
  - In addition, it is also listed in Appendix I of the Convention on International Trade of Endangered Species (CITES).
    - Making trading of animal body parts (i.e., fur, bones and meat) illegal in signatory countries.
  - It is listed in **Schedule I of the Indian** Wildlife (Protection) Act 1972.
  - It is also listed in the **Convention on Migratory Species (CMS)**, affording the highest conservation status to the species, both globally and in India.
  - It is also protected by several national laws in its range countries.
- Conservation Efforts by India:
  - The Government of India has identified the snow leopard as a flagship species for the high altitude Himalayas.
  - India is also party to the Global Snow Leopard and Ecosystem Protection (GSLEP)
     Programme since 2013.
  - HimalSanrakshak: It is a community volunteer programme, to protect snow leopards, launched in October 2020.
  - In 2019, <u>First National Protocol</u> was also launched on Snow Leopard Population Assessment which has been very useful for monitoring populations.
  - **SECURE Himalaya:** <u>Global Environment Facility (GEF)-United Nations Development</u>
    <u>Programme (UNDP)</u> funded the project on conservation of high altitude biodiversity and

- reducing the dependency of local communities on the natural ecosystem.
- **Project Snow Leopard (PSL):** It was launched in 2009 to promote an inclusive and participatory approach to conserve snow leopards and their habitat.
- Snow Leopard is on the list of <u>21 critically endangered species for the recovery</u> <u>programme</u> of the Ministry of Environment Forest & Climate Change.
- Snow Leopard conservation breeding programme is undertaken at Padmaja Naidu Himalayan Zoological Park, Darjeeling, West Bengal.

#### Global Snow Leopard and Ecosystem Protection (GSLEP) Programme

- The GSLEP is a high-level inter-governmental alliance of all the 12 snow leopard range countries.
  - The snow leopard countries namely, India, Nepal, Bhutan, China, Mongolia, Russia, Pakistan, Afghanistan, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan, Tajikistan, and Uzbekistan.
- It majorly focuses on the need for awareness and understanding of the value of Snow Leopard for the ecosystem.

### **Living Himalaya Network Initiative**

- Living Himalayas Initiative (LHI) is established as one of WWF's global initiatives to bring about transformational conservation impact across the three Eastern Himalayan countries of Bhutan, India (North-East) and Nepal.
- Objectives of LHI include adapting to climate change, connecting to habitat and saving iconic species.

The Vision

**Source: TH** 

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