



Genes to Increase Grain Size of Sorghum

Why in News

Recently, as per a report from the University of Queensland (UQ), Australia, **genes that can increase the grain size of sorghum** have been discovered.

Key Points

▪ About:

- As many as **125 regions in the sorghum genome have now been identified** where **variation in the DNA sequence was associated with grain size** and response to environmental conditions.
- **New variants** have also been identified that are **capable of doubling grain weight**.

▪ Significance:

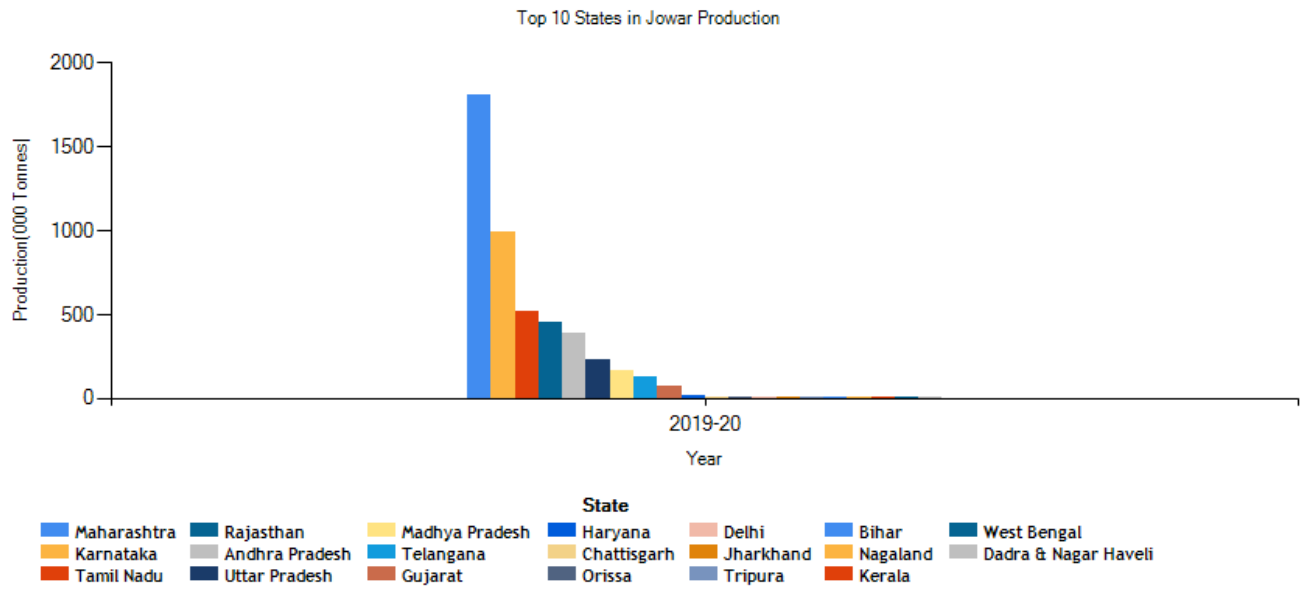
- Bigger grain size can **improve the usage value of the crop**. Larger grains make it **more digestible** for both people and animals and improves processing efficiency.

▪ Sorghum:

- It is a **versatile grain crop used for human consumption, fodder and bioenergy** generation.
- The grain is popular across the world because it has a **low glycaemic index, is gluten-free and nutritious**.
 - The lower the glycemic index of a cereal, the **lower is the relative rise in blood glucose level** after two hours of consuming it.
- The **variety of the crop found in India is called jowar**. It is said to have its origin in the country and is one of its most important food and fodder crops.
 - Jowar has a dedicated **All-India Coordinated Research Project since 1969**.
- Sorghum plants are **very hardy and can withstand high temperature and drought conditions**.
- It is well adapted to **semiarid regions** with a **minimum annual precipitation of 350-400 mm**. It is grown in areas that are **too hot and dry for growing maize**. In India, the main sorghum belt receives an annual rainfall ranging from **400-1000 mm**.
- It can grow on a wide range of soils. Medium to deep **black soils** are predominantly suitable for growing sorghum.

▪ States Producing Jowar in India:

//



Source: DTE

PDF Reference URL: <https://www.drishtias.com/printpdf/genes-to-increase-grain-size-of-sorghum>

