

# **Digital Health Incentives Scheme**

**For Prelims:** National Health Authority, <u>Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission</u>, Digital Health Incentives Scheme, Unified Health Interface, <u>Blockchain technology</u>, <u>Telemedicine</u>

**For Mains:** Features of Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission, Major Challenges Related to Digital Healthcare in India

#### **Source: PIB**

### Why in News?

National Health Authority (NHA) has announced an extension of its Digital Health Incentives Scheme (DHIS) under the Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission (ABDM).

■ The DHIS, offering incentives of up to Rs. 4 crores, has been extended till **December 31, 2023.** 

# What is the Digital Health Incentives Scheme?

- About:
  - Under the Digital Health Incentives Scheme (DHIS), hospitals, diagnostic labs, and digital health solution providers are incentivized to embrace transformative digitization practices.
  - The scheme operates with the goal of fostering a digitally inclusive healthcare ecosystem that aligns with the larger vision of **Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission.**
- Eligibility:
  - Health facilities (hospitals, diagnostic labs) and registered Digital Solution Companies (DSCs) under ABDM's Health Facility Registry (HFR) are eligible to participate in the scheme.
- Incentive Calculation:
  - The financial incentives are based on the number of digital health records created and linked to Ayushman Bharat Health Account (ABHA) numbers of patients.
- Achievements:
  - Incentive Recipients: As of June 2023, a total of 1205 health facilities have registered under the DHIS, including 567 public and 638 private hospitals, clinics, and diagnostic labs.
  - Digital Solution Companies: Among the 25 registered digital solution companies, 22 are from the private sector, demonstrating diverse participation.

### What is Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission?

- About:
  - The <u>Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission (ABDM)</u> is a national initiative that aims to develop the digital health infrastructure of the country. It was launched in September, 2021.

 Ayushman Bharat is a flagship scheme of India which was launched as recommended by the <u>National Health Policy 2017</u>, to achieve the vision of Universal Health Coverage (UHC).

#### Objective:

- It aims to provide **digital health IDs for all Indian citizens** to help hospitals, insurance firms, and citizens access health records electronically when required.
  - The **National Health Authority (NHA)** under the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare is the implementing Agency.

#### • Unified Health Interface (UHI):

- Under ABDM, UHI is envisioned as an open protocol for various digital health services. UHI
  Network is an open network of **End User Applications (EUAs)** and participating Health
  Service Provider (HSP) applications.
  - UHI enables a wide variety of digital health services between patients and health service providers (HSPs) including **appointment booking**, **teleconsultation**, **service discovery and others**.

### Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission Sandbox:

- The Sandbox, established under the mission, serves as a platform for testing technology and products.
  - It aids organizations, including private entities, in becoming **Health Information Providers or Users.**

# What are the Major Challenges Related to Digital Healthcare in India?

- Infrastructure and Connectivity: Despite advancements, a significant portion of India still lacks reliable internet connectivity and necessary digital infrastructure.
  - This hampers the ability to access and deliver digital healthcare services in remote and rural areas.
- Digital Literacy: Many people, especially in rural areas and older populations, may not be familiar with technology or lack the necessary digital literacy skills to effectively use digital healthcare platforms and services.
- Data Privacy and Security: Maintaining patient data privacy and security is a significant concern in digital healthcare. Ensuring that sensitive medical information remains confidential and protected from unauthorized access is crucial.
- Telemedicine Regulations: While telemedicine has gained popularity, regulatory clarity regarding the practice, prescription of medications, and teleconsultation across state lines has been a challenge.

# **Way Forward**

- Blockchain for Health Records: Implement <u>blockchain technology</u> to securely store and manage electronic health records. Patients could control access to their data while ensuring data integrity and interoperability among healthcare providers.
- Data Analytics for Public Health: Leverage big data analytics to predict disease outbreaks, plan resource allocation, and devise targeted interventions to manage public health challenges more effectively.
- Online Training and Skill Development: Train healthcare professionals in using digital tools effectively. Offer online courses for medical professionals to upskill in areas like <u>telemedicine</u>. data analytics, and Al applications in healthcare.
- Digital Health Policies and Regulations: Establish comprehensive regulations and guidelines for digital health technologies, ensuring patient privacy, data security, and ethical use of digital services and other technologies.

