

## **Parkash Purab**

## Why in News

The Prime Minister of India greeted the people on the occasion of the Parkash Purab Utsav of the holy book Guru Granth Sahib (19<sup>th</sup> August 2020).

## **Key Points**

- The first Prakash Purab Utsav marked the installation of Guru Granth Sahib in Harmandir Sahib, also known as the Golden temple, in 1604.
- Granth Sahib is the sacred scripture of <u>Sikhism</u> (religion). It is a collection of nearly 6,000 hymns of the Sikh Gurus (religious leaders) and various early and medieval saints of different religions and castes.
- It is the central object of worship in all gurdwaras and is accorded the reverence paid to a living Guru.
- The first version of the book was compiled by the 5<sup>th</sup> Sikh Guru Arjan at Amritsar in 1604 CE. He included his own hymns and those of his predecessors, the Gurus Nanak, Angad, Amar Das, and Ram Das, and a selection of devotional songs of both Hindu and Islamic saints (notably the poet Kabīr).
- In 1704 CE the 10<sup>th</sup> and last Guru, Gobind Singh, added the hymns of his predecessor, Guru Tegh Bahadur (the 6<sup>th</sup> Hargobind, 7<sup>th</sup>- Har Rai, and 8<sup>th</sup> Hari Krishen- Gurus did not write hymns), and enjoined that after his own death the Granth would take the place of the Guru.
- The language is mostly Punjabi or Hindi, interspersed with Marathi, Persian, and Arabic words.
- After the death of Guru Gobind Singh, his hymns and other writings were compiled into a book known as the **Dasam Granth.**

**Source: PIB** 

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