

Bharatiya Sakshya Act, 2023

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The Bharatiya Sakshya Act, 2023 has 170 sections, altering 24, adding two, and repealing six of 167 sections of the Indian Evidence Act 1872.

Retained Provisions -

- Parties involved in a legal proceeding can only present admissible evidence
- Court accepts proven facts if evidence supports reasonable action in the given circumstances
- Police confessions generally inadmissible unless recorded by a Magistrate

Key Changes -

- (b) Electronic records hold equivalent legal status to traditional paper documents
 - (b) Electronic records encompassing data stored in memory and communication devices
- (9) Allows oral evidence to be given electronically
 - Electronic records are categorised as secondary evidence.
- A joint trial means trying more than one person for the same crime
 - A trial of multiple persons, where an accused has not responded to an arrest warrant, will be treated as a joint trial

Key Issues -

- (Electronic Records:
 - Concerns regarding tampering of electronic records during the search, seizure and investigation process
 - (i) Usually, Electronic records must be authenticated by a certificate to be admissible as documents
 - The Act classifies electronic evidence as documents (which may not need certification), creating a contradiction
- (Section of Suggestion of SC and Law Commission)
 - Concerns about duress and torture as Act kept a rule allowing information from someone in police custody to be used if it's directly related to a discovered fact
 - Exclusion of the presumption of police responsibility for injuries to someone in custody



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