Immune Thrombocytopenia

Intas Pharmaceuticals (Indian drug maker) has launched an affordable drug **Romiplostim** (Romy) at onefifth of the price of the currently available drugs for the treatment of **Immune Thrombocytopenia** (a chronic autoimmune blood disorder).

 Romiplostim represents the standard of care but has been available only internationally since 2008.

Immune Thrombocytopenia

- Immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) is an <u>autoimmune</u> bleeding disorder characterized by abnormally low levels of platelets.
 - Platelets are specialized blood cells that maintain the integrity of our blood vessel walls and help prevent and stop bleeding by accelerating clotting.
- As the platelet count falls, the risk of developing bleeding symptoms increases.
- In ITP, an abnormal immune reaction leads to destruction of the individual's own platelets.

Symptoms

A child or adult with immune thrombocytopenia may display no symptoms (asymptomatic) or the symptoms may not appear until the platelet count is extremely low.

- Skin that bruises very easily and even spontaneously.
- A **rash** consisting of small **red dots** (petechiae) that represent small hemorrhages caused by broken blood vessels or leaks in a capillary wall.
- Bleeding from the gums, nose or any area of the body, e.g. in urine or feces
- Blood blisters on the inside of cheeks.
- Excessive and prolonged menstrual bleeding.

Causes

- The genetic cause of immune thrombocytopenia is unclear but this condition occurs when the body's own immune system malfunctions and attacks the body's tissues and organs (autoimmunity).
 - Normally, the immune system produces proteins called **antibodies**, which attach to specific foreign particles and germs, marking them for destruction.

Immune Thrombocytopenia in India

- It is estimated that around **42,000 patients** are diagnosed with ITP in India every year.
- Less than 10% of patients have access to the treatment, which is required to maintain adequate platelet counts for a longer duration.

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