



## Simple Majority

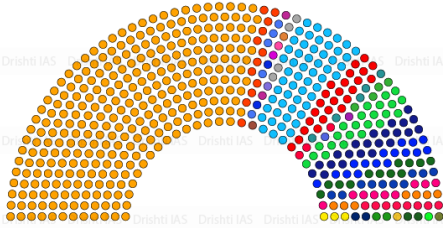




## Types of Majority in Parliament

The Constitution of India can be amended either by

- (a) Simple Majority,
- (b) Special Majority or
- (c) Special Majority of Parliament + Consent of States



### Simple Majority

- A majority of the members (**more than 50%**) of the House present and voting

### Const. Provisions– Amended by Simple Majority

- **New States-** Formation/admission/establishment, alteration of areas, boundaries or names of existing states, Union territories
- **Citizenship-** Acquisition and termination
- **Parliament-** Quorum, Rules of procedure, Parliamentary Privileges/Committees, Use of English language
- **State Legislative Councils-** Abolition/creation
- **Bills-** Ordinary/Financial
- **Salaries and Allowances-** President, Governors, Speakers, Judges, MPs etc.
- **SC-** Conferment of more jurisdiction, Number of puisne judges
- **Elections-** Parliament & state legislatures, Delimitation of constituencies
- **Schedule-** **5<sup>th</sup>** (scheduled areas and STs) and **6<sup>th</sup>** (tribal areas)



## Types of Majority in Parliament (II)

PDF Refernece URL: <https://www.drishtias.com/printpdf/simple-majority>

