



Bhagat Singh's Birth Anniversary

For Prelims: Bhagat Singh, Hindustan Republican Association, Naujawan Bharat Sabha.

For Mains: Contribution of Freedom Fighters in Indian National Movement.

Why in News?

Recently, Prime Minister **paid tribute to India's charismatic revolutionary [Bhagat Singh](#) on his birth anniversary**, and **announced that the Chandigarh airport will be renamed after Bhagat Singh** as a tribute to the great freedom fighter.

Who was Bhagat Singh?

- Born as Bhaganwala on the **26th September 1907**, Bhagat Singh grew up in a petty-bourgeois family of Sandhu Jats settled in the Jullundur Doab district of Punjab.
 - He belonged to a **generation that was to intervene between two decisive phases** of the Indian national movement - the phase of the '[Extremism](#)' of [Lal-Bal-Pal](#) and the [Gandhian phase of nonviolent mass action](#).
- **Role in Freedom Struggle:**
 - In 1923, Bhagat Singh **joined the National College, Lahore** which was founded and managed by **Lala Lajpat Rai and Bhai Parmanand**.
 - The **College was set up as an alternative to the institutions** run by the Government, bringing to the field of education the idea of Swadeshi.
 - In 1924 in Kanpur, he became a member of the [Hindustan Republican Association](#), started by **Sachindranath Sanyal** a year earlier. The main organiser of the Association was [Chandra Shekhar Azad](#) and **Bhagat Singh** became very close to him.
 - It was as a **member of the HRA that Bhagat Singh began to take seriously the Philosophy** of the Bomb.
 - **Revolutionary Bhagwati Charan Vohra** wrote the famous article Philosophy of the Bomb. Including the philosophy of the bomb, he authored three important political documents; the other two were the **Manifesto of Naujawan Sabha** and **the Manifesto of HSRA**.
 - **Armed revolution** was understood to be the only weapon with which to fight British imperialism.
 - In 1925, **Bhagat Singh returned to Lahore** and within the next year he and his colleagues started a militant youth organisation called the **Naujawan Bharat Sabha**.
 - In April 1926, **Bhagat Singh established contact with Sohan Singh Josh** and through him the '**Workers and Peasants Party**' which brought out the monthly magazine **Kirti in Punjabi**.
- **Early Life:**
 - For the next year **Bhagat Singh worked with Josh** and joined the editorial board of Kirti.
 - In 1927, **he was first arrested on charges of association with the [Kakori Case](#)**, accused for an article written under the pseudonym Vidrohi (Rebel).

- In 1928, Bhagat Singh **changed the name of the Hindustan Republican Association to the Hindustan Socialist Republican Association (HSRA)**.
 - In 1930, when Azad was shot, the HSRA collapsed.
 - **Naujawan Bharat Sabha** replaced **HSRA in Punjab**.
 - To take **revenge for the death of Lala Lajpat Rai**, Bhagat Singh and his associates plotted the assassination of James A. Scott, the Superintendent of Police. However, the revolutionaries **mistakenly killed J.P. Saunders**. The incident is famously known as **Lahore Conspiracy case (1929)**.
 - In 1928, Lala Lajpat Rai had led a procession to protest against the arrival of the Simon Commission. The police resorted to a brutal lathi charge, in which Lala Lajpat Rai was severely injured and later succumbed to his injuries.
 - Bhagat Singh and B.K. Dutt **threw a bomb** on 8th April, 1929 in the **Central Legislative Assembly**, in protest against the passing of two repressive bills, the Public Safety Bill and the Trade Dispute Bill.
 - The aim, as their leaflet explained, was not to kill but to make the deaf hear, and to remind the foreign government of its callous exploitation.
 - Both Bhagat Singh and B.K. Dutt surrendered thereafter and faced trial so they could further promote their cause. They were awarded life imprisonment for this incident.
 - However, Bhagat Singh was **re-arrested for the murder of J.P. Saunders** and bomb manufacturing in the Lahore Conspiracy case. He was found guilty in this case and was hanged on **23rd March, 1931** in Lahore along with Sukhdev and Rajguru.
 - Every year, **23rd March is observed as [Martyrs' Day](#)** as a tribute to freedom fighters Bhagat Singh, Sukhdev, and Rajguru.
- **Publications:**
- Why I Am an Atheist: An Autobiographical Discourse
 - The Jail Notebook and Other Writings.

[Source: HT](#)

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