



Jal Jeevan Mission

For Prelims: Jal Jeevan Mission (Rural and urban)

For Mains: Significance of Jal Jeevan Mission in development of Rural India

Why in news?

Recently, the Centre announced that over **50% of rural households have access to tap water supply.**

What is Jal Jeevan Mission?

▪ **About:**

- **Launched in 2019**, it envisages **supply of 55 litres of water per person per day to every rural household through Functional Household Tap Connections (FHTC) by 2024.**
- JJM looks to create a jan andolan for water, thereby making it everyone's priority.
- It **comes under Jal Shakti Ministry.**

▪ **Aims:**

- The mission ensures **functionality of existing water supply systems and water connections**, water quality monitoring and testing as well as sustainable agriculture.
- It also ensures conjunctive use of conserved water; drinking water source augmentation, drinking water supply system, [grey water treatment and its reuse](#).
- **Features:**
 - JJM focuses on **integrated demand and supply-side management** of water at the local level.
 - Creation of **local infrastructure for source sustainability measures** as mandatory elements, like rainwater harvesting, groundwater recharge and management of household wastewater for reuse, is undertaken in convergence with other government programmes/schemes.
 - The Mission is **based on a community approach** to water and includes extensive Information, Education and Communication as a key component of the mission.
- **Implementation:**
 - Paani Samitis plan, implement, manage, operate and maintain village water supply systems.
 - These consist of 10-15 members, with at least 50% women members and other members from [Self-Help Groups](#), [Accredited Social and Health Workers](#), [Anganwadi](#) teachers, etc.
 - The committees prepare a one-time village action plan, merging all available village resources. The plan is approved in a [Gram Sabha](#) before implementation.
- **Funding Pattern:**
 - The fund sharing pattern between the Centre and states is 90:10 for Himalayan and North-Eastern States, 50:50 for other states, and 100% for Union Territories.

What has been the JJM's Performance so far?

- As per the [JJM dashboard](#), around 9.65 crore households (**50.38%**) have tap water connections across the nation as of 10th June, 2022.
- At the State level, **Goa, Telangana and Haryana** have achieved **100%** tap connectivity to all households in the State.
- Union territories like **Puducherry, the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu** have also provided **100 %** of their households with tap water connections.
- **States with over 90 % FHTC (Functional Household toilet coverage) coverage** are (approximate figures are in brackets) - Punjab at 99.72 %, Gujarat at 95.91 % , Himachal Pradesh at 93.05% and Bihar at 92.74%.
- **States with the least FHTC coverage are** — Rajasthan at 24.87 % , Chhattisgarh at 23.10 % , Jharkhand at 20.57% and Uttar Pradesh at 13.86%.

What is Jal Jeevan Mission(Urban)?

- In the [Budget 2021-22](#), [Jal Jeevan Mission \(Urban\)](#) has been announced under the **Housing and Urban Affairs Ministry to provide universal coverage of water supply to all households** through functional taps in all statutory towns in accordance with [Sustainable Development Goal- 6](#).
- It complements the [Jal Jeevan Mission \(Rural\)](#) which envisages supply of 55 litres of water per person per day to every rural household through **Functional Household Tap Connections (FHTC) by 2024**.
- **Objectives of Jal Jeevan Mission (Urban):**
 - Securing tap and sewer connections
 - Rejuvenation of water bodies
 - creating circular water economy

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