



# Subhash Chandra Bose Awards for Disaster Management

## Why in News

The **Gujarat Institute of Disaster Management (GIDM)** and **Professor Vinod Sharma**, the founder co-ordinator of the National Centre of Disaster Management, have been selected for the **Subhash Chandra Bose Aapda Prabandhan Puraskar for 2022** for their excellent work in [disaster management](#).

- The GIDM was established in 2012 and since then it has been working to enhance the Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) capacity of Gujarat.
- Professor Vinod Sharma has worked tirelessly towards bringing DRR to the forefront of the national agenda.

## Key Points

### ▪ About the Awards:

- The central government has **instituted the annual award** —Subhash Chandra Bose Aapda Prabandhan Puraskar—**to recognise** and honour the invaluable contribution and selfless service rendered by **individuals and organisations in India in the field of disaster management**.
- The award is **announced every year on 23<sup>rd</sup> January**, the birth anniversary of freedom fighter [Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose](#).
- It carries a cash prize of Rs. 51 lakh and a certificate in the case of an institution and Rs. 5 lakh and a certificate in the case of an individual.

### ▪ Disaster Risk Management:

- Disaster Risk Management implies the **systematic process of using administrative decisions, organisation, operational skills, and capacities to implement policies, strategies** and coping capacities of the society and communities to lessen the impact of natural hazards and related environmental and technological disasters.
- These comprise all forms of activities including **structural and non- structural measures to avoid (prevention) or to limit (mitigation and preparedness)** adverse effects of hazards.
- There are **three key stages of activities** in disaster management:
  - **Before a disaster:** To reduce the potential for human, material, or environmental losses caused by hazards and to ensure that these losses are minimised when disaster strikes;
  - **During a disaster:** To ensure that the needs and provisions of victims are met to alleviate and minimise suffering; and
  - **After a disaster:** To achieve rapid and durable recovery which does not reproduce the original vulnerable conditions.
- The [Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030](#) was adopted at the Third UN World Conference in Sendai, Japan, in 2015.
  - The Sendai Framework is the **successor instrument to the Hyogo Framework**

**for Action (HFA) 2005-2015:** Building the Resilience of Nations and Communities to Disasters.

- The different phases of disaster management are represented in the disaster cycle diagram.

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**Source: IE**

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