

Vande Bharat Trains

Why in News?

In the <u>Union Budget for 2022-2023</u>, the Finance Minister has proposed the **development and manufacture of 400 new** <u>Vande Bharat trains</u> in the next three years.

- The 400 trains carry a potential investment of **Rs 50,000 crore** while the **current Vande Bharats** are being made at **Rs 106 crore per train set** of 16 cars, at 2018 pricing.
- It comes in addition to the current plan to be able to run 75 Vande Bharats across India by Independence Day in 2023.

What are Vande Bharat Trains?

- It is an indigenously designed and manufactured semi high speed, self-propelled train that is touted as the next major leap for the Indian Railways in terms of speed and passenger convenience since the introduction of Raidhani trains.
- The first Vande Bharat was manufactured by the **Integral Coach Factory (ICF),** Chennai, as part of the <u>'Make in India' programme</u>, at a cost of about Rs. 100 crore.
- The Vande Bharat was India's first attempt at adaptation of the train set technology compared with conventional systems of passenger coaches hauled by separate locomotives.
 - The **train set configuration, though complex,** is faster, easier to maintain, consumes less energy, and has greater flexibility in train operation.
- Currently, two Vande Bharat Expresses are operational —one between New Delhi and Varanasi and the other from New Delhi to Katra.
- The **400 new trains will have "better efficiency"** and railways are looking at making several of these trainsets with aluminium instead of steel.
 - An aluminium body will make each trainset around 40-80 tonnes lighter than a current Vande Bharat and this will mean lower consumption of energy as well as better speed potential.

What are the Features of the Vande Bharat Trains?

- These trains, dubbed as Train 18 during the development phase, operate without a locomotive and are based on a propulsion system called distributed traction power technology, by which each car of the train set is powered.
- Its coaches incorporate passenger amenities including on-board WiFi entertainment, GPS-based passenger information system, CCTVs, automatic doors in all coaches, rotating chairs and bio-vacuum type toilets like in aircraft.
- It can achieve a maximum speed of 160 kmph due to faster acceleration and deceleration, reducing journey time by 25% to 45%.
- It also has an intelligent braking system with power regeneration for better energy efficiency thereby making it cost, energy and environment efficient.

What is the Significance?

- The sheer manufacturing of 400 of these trainset equipment in three years will be additional employment generation to the tune of 10,000-15,000.
- The pumping in around Rs 50,000 crore into the country's rolling stock industry, will **give a big** boost in the sectors of component manufacturing, supplies etc.
- It will also improve railway finances and operational efficiency.

Way Forward

- Indian railways is moving towards a new era of travel experience with upgraded nextgeneration trains. At a time when low cost airlines and smooth road networks are offering stiff competition, the new trains can help railways retain traffic and even grow it.
- Timely execution of the ambitious project and keeping in mind the demand for various classes of travel will go a long way in ensuring the success of the Vande Bharat project.

Source: TH

PDF Reference URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/printpdf/vande-bharat-trains