

# **Panna Biosphere Reserve**

## Why in News

Recently, the <u>United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization</u> (UNESCO) has included the Panna Biosphere Reserve (PBR) in its **World Network of Biosphere Reserves** (WNBR).

- The PBR is the **third in Madhya Pradesh** to be included in the list after **Pachmarhi and Amarkantak.**
- Along with PBR, the Fuvahmulahand Addu Atoll in the Maldives has also been included in the WNBR.

## **Key Points**

#### About:

- Established in **1981,** PBR is located in the **Panna and Chhatarpur districts of Madhya Pradesh** with an area of around 540 km. sq.
- It is situated in the **Vindhya mountain range** in the northern part of Madhya Pradesh.
- **Ken River** (one of the least polluted tributaries of the Yamuna River) flows through the reserve and the **Ken-Betwa river interlinking project** will also be located in it.
- The region is also famous for Panna diamond mining.
- Conservation and Recognition:
  - 1994: The Panna National Park got the status of Project Tiger Reserve as India's 22<sup>nd</sup> tiger reserve.
  - 2011: It was notified as a Biosphere Reserve by the Union Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEFCC).
  - **2018:** By 2018, it witnessed a **remarkable turnaround in tiger population** by increasing their numbers remarkably from zero estimated a decade ago.
    - Madhya Pradesh has the highest number of tigers in the country followed by Karnataka and Uttarakhand.
  - 2020: UNESCO included it in the Man and Biosphere Programme (MAB).

### **Biosphere Reserves**

- <u>Biosphere Reserves</u> (BRs) are representative parts of natural and cultural landscapes extending over large areas of terrestrial or coastal/marine ecosystems or a combination thereof and representative examples of biogeographic zones/provinces.
- The idea of the biosphere reserve was initiated by UNESCO in 1974 under the MAB with the objective of obtaining international cooperation for the conservation of the biospheres.
- The **first biosphere reserve of the world** was established in **1979** and since then the network has increased to **more than 600 in 119 countries** across the world.
- A scheme called Biosphere Reserve has been implemented by the Government of India since 1986.
  - Under it, financial assistance is given in a **90:10 ratio to the North Eastern Region**

**States and three Himalayan states** and in the ratio of **60:40 to other states** for maintenance, improvement and development.

- The State Governments prepare the Management Action Plan which is approved and monitored by the Central MAB Committee.
- India has a total of 18 Biosphere Reserves and with the inclusion of PBR, the number of internationally designated WNBR has become 12.
  - In 2000, the Nilgiri Biosphere Reserve became the 1<sup>st</sup> BR from India to be included in the WNBR.
  - In 2018, the <u>Khangchendzonga Biosphere Reserve became the 11<sup>th</sup> BR</u> to be included in the list.

### **Man and Biosphere Programme**

- Launched by the UNESCO in 1971, it is an intergovernmental scientific programme that
  aims to establish a scientific basis for the improvement of relationships between people and their
  environments.
- Every year UNESCO designates new Biosphere reserves and removes others to promote the conservation of biodiversity and resolve man-animal conflict at that site and enable sustainable use of natural resources.
- MAB combines the natural and social sciences, economics and education to improve human livelihoods and the equitable sharing of benefits, and to safeguard natural and managed ecosystems, thus promoting innovative approaches to economic development that are socially and culturally appropriate, and environmentally sustainable.

**Source: HT** 

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