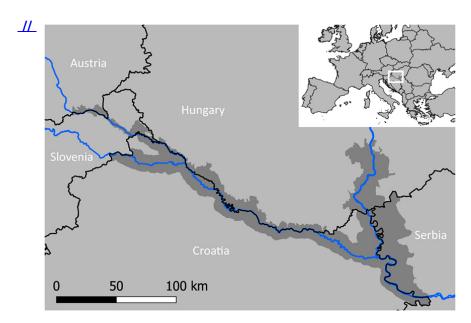


World's First 'Five-Country Biosphere Reserve'

Why in News

Recently, Mura-Drava-Danube (MDD) was declared as the world's first 'five-country biosphere reserve' by the <u>United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO).</u>



Key Points

About MDD:

- The biosphere reserve covers 700 kilometres of the Mura, Drava and Danube rivers and stretches across Austria, Slovenia, Croatia, Hungary and Serbia.
- The total area of the reserve is a million hectares in the so-called 'Amazon of Europe', which is now the largest riverine protected area in Europe.
- The biosphere "represented an important contribution to the <u>European Green Deal</u> (climate action plan) and contributed to the <u>implementation of the EU Biodiversity Strategy</u> in the Mura-Drava-Danube region."
 - The strategy's aim is to revitalise 25,000 km of rivers and protect 30% of the European Union's land area by 2030.

Importance of the MDD:

- The area is one of the richest in Europe in terms of species diversity.
- It is **home to** floodplain forests, gravel and sand banks, river islands, oxbows and meadows
- The area is home to the **highest density in Europe of breeding pairs** of white-tailed eagle and endangered species such as the little tern, black stork, otters, beavers and

- sturgeons.
- It is also an **important stepping stone** for more than 2,50,000 migratory waterfowls every year.

Biosphere Reserve (BR)

About:

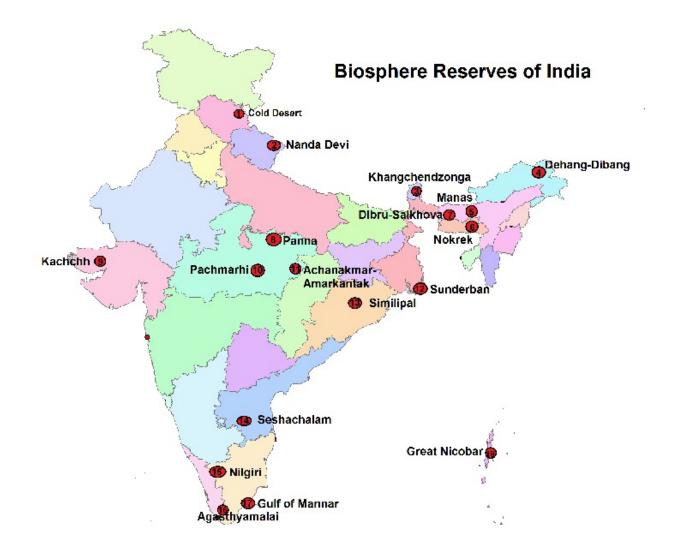
- BR is an international designation by (UNESCO) for representative parts of natural and cultural landscapes extending over large areas of terrestrial or coastal/marine ecosystems or a combination of both.
- BR tries to **balance economic and social development** and maintenance of associated cultural values along with the preservation of nature.
- BRs are **nominated by national governments** and remain under the sovereign jurisdiction of the states where they are located.
- These are designated under the intergovernmental MAB Programme by the Director-General of UNESCO following the decisions of the MAB International Coordinating Council (MAB ICC).
 - The Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme is **an intergovernmental scientific programme** that aims to establish a scientific basis for enhancing the relationship between people and their environments.
- Their status is internationally recognized.
- There are **727 biosphere reserves in 131 countries,** including 22 transboundary sites.

Three Main Zones:

- **Core Areas:** It comprises a strictly protected zone that contributes to the conservation of landscapes, ecosystems, species and genetic variation.
- Buffer Zones: It surrounds or adjoins the core area(s), and is used for activities compatible with sound ecological practices that can reinforce scientific research, monitoring, training and education.
- **Transition Area:** The transition area is where communities foster socio-culturally and ecologically sustainable economic and human activities.

Biosphere Reserves in India:

- Presently, there are 18 Biosphere Reserves in India, among which 12 Biosphere reserves in India find their place in UNESCO's List of Man & Biosphere Reserves Programme.
 - The latest included under the MAB was <u>'Panna Biosphere Reserve'</u> (Madhya Pradesh).



Source: DTE

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