



Section 377 Judgement

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6. Way Forward

Multi pronged approach to deal with social prejudice and discrimination.

Anti-discrimination law to put onus to change on state and society and not the individual.

Government bodies need to be sensitised and made aware about the changed position of law.

5. Impact of Decriminalising Homosexuality

Life with dignity for LGBTQ community.

Freedom of expression to be open about their sexual preferences.

Cessation of discrimination in health services and harassment by Police.

Demand for more progressive laws like Gay marriage laws, right to inheritance, employment equality, etc.

Opens up grey areas, as **India's laws on sexual assault do not recognise men as victims.**

4. Landmark Judgments

Delhi High Court struck off section 377

Legalised consensual homosexual activities between adults.

Naz Foundation Case (2009)

SC criminalised homosexuality once again.

Suresh Kumar Koushal Case (2013)

SC ruled that Fundamental Right to Privacy comes under Article 21.

Puttaswamy Case (2017)

Sexual orientation - identified as an integral part of the right to privacy.

SC decriminalised homosexuality.

Navtej Singh Johar Case (2018)