

STATE PCS CA CONSOLIDATION UTTAR PRADESH



AUGUST 2025



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641, Mukherjee Nagar, Opp. Signature View Apartment, New Delhi



21, Pusa Road, Karol Bagh New Delhi



Tashkent Marg, Civil Lines, Prayagraj, Uttar Pradesh



Tonk Road, Vasundhra Colony, Jaipur, Rajasthan



Burlington Arcade Mall, Burlington Chauraha, Vidhan Sabha Marg, Lucknow



12, Main AB Road, Bhawar Kuan, Indore, Madhya Pradesh

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Return of Sacred Piprahwa Relics to India After 127 Years

Why in News?

Prime Minister Narendra Modi welcomed the return of the sacred **Piprahwa relics** of **Lord Buddha** to India after **127 years**, calling it a **proud and joyous moment** for the nation's **cultural heritage**.

Godrej Industries (with government) played a key role in acquiring and repatriating the relics, which were taken abroad during the colonial era, from Sotheby's auction house, ensuring their return to India for display at the National Museum in New Delhi.

About Piprahwa Relics

- About: The Piprahwa relics, believed to contain relics of Lord Buddha, were excavated by William Claxton Peppé in 1898 at the Piprahwa Stupa in Uttar Pradesh, believed to be ancient Kapilavastu, the birthplace of Lord Buddha.
 - ★ They include bone fragments of the Buddha, soapstone caskets, crystal caskets, gemstones, gold ornaments, and other ritual offerings.
 - An inscription in <u>Brahmi script</u> on one casket links the relics directly to Lord Buddha, stating they were deposited by the <u>Sakya clan</u>.
- Legal Protection of the Relics:
 - ★ India classifies the relics as 'AA' antiquities (highest level of legal protection).
 - ★ Indian law prohibits their sale or export, making any attempt to auction or remove them illegal.
 - While most relics were handed over to the Indian Museum, Kolkata, in 1899, descendants of British excavator William Claxton Peppé retained some relics like Piprahwa relics.

Note: The **relics of the Buddha** were enshrined in **9 stupas** built at various locations after his death, including:

- Rajagriha, Vaishali, Vethadipa, and Pava in Bihar
- Kapilavastu, Allakappa, and Ramagrama in Nepal
- **Yes Kushinagar** and **Pippalvina** in **Uttar Pradesh**.

UP's New Chief Secretary: Shashi Prakash Goyal

Why in News?

Senior IAS officer Shashi Prakash Goyal has been appointed as the new Chief Secretary of Uttar Pradesh, following the completion of the tenure of the current Chief Secretary, Manoj Kumar Singh.

• Goyal will serve until his retirement in January 2027

Key Facts About Chief Secretary

- Office: The office of the Chief Secretary in India originated during British rule in 1799 under Lord Wellesley and has since become integral to the state's administration.
 - → The Chief Secretary serves as the highestranking civil servant in a state, overseeing the state Secretariat and coordinating government functions.
- Appointment and Status: The Chief Secretary is appointed by the Chief Minister (in the name of the Governor of the state) from senior IAS officers based on factors like seniority, merit, and trust.
 - ★ The office was standardized in 1973 to equate it with the position of Secretary to the Government of India.
- Powers and Functions:
 - Advisor to Chief Minister: Acts as the principal advisor on matters of state administration and provides guidance on policy issues.
 - Secretary to the Cabinet: Prepares the Cabinet meeting agenda, records proceedings, and oversees decision implementation.
 - Head of Civil Service: Oversees appointments, transfers, and promotions within the state civil service and maintains the morale of civil servants.
 - ★ Chief Coordinator: Ensures interdepartmental coordination, presides over coordination committees, and resolves disputes between departments.
 - Head of Certain Departments: Directly manages key departments such as General Administration, Personnel, and Planning.

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★ Crisis Administrator: Leads relief operations during crises like floods, droughts, and communal disturbances, representing the state government during emergencies.

Note:

- Prof. Ajit Kumar Chaturvedi Appointment as BHU Vice Chancellor: Professor Ajit Kumar Chaturvedi has been appointed as the Vice Chancellor of Banaras Hindu University (BHU) for a three-year term, as announced by the President of India.
 - → Prof. Ajit Kumar Chaturvedi, a 1989-batch
 IIT Kanpur graduate, has an extensive
 academic career, having previously served
 as the Director of IIT Roorkee (2017-2022).
 - ★ He also held leadership roles at IIT Kanpur, including as Head of Electrical Engineering, Dean of R&D, and Deputy Director.

India's First Private AI-Augmented Chandigarh University Campus in Unnao

Why in News?

Uttar Pradesh has taken a pioneering step in higher education by inaugurating India's first private Alaugmented multidisciplinary Chandigarh University campus in Unnao, under the leadership of Chief Minister Yogi Adityanath.

• The university aims to blend modern education with cutting-edge technology and India's cultural heritage, marking a significant milestone in Uttar Pradesh's educational and technological landscape.

Key Points

- Al-Driven Multidisciplinary Education: The newly inaugurated university will leverage artificial intelligence to enhance teaching methodologies, focusing on research, innovation, and holistic growth.
 - ★ This aligns with the <u>National Education</u> <u>Policy's</u> emphasis on multidisciplinary education.

- Aligning with National Missions: CM Yogi highlighted the university's alignment with national initiatives like <u>Startup India</u>, aiming to strengthen Uttar Pradesh's global presence by fostering entrepreneurship and industry collaboration.
 - CM Yogi stated that universities should act as platforms for career guidance, industryoriented skill development, and opportunity gateways for students.

Education Reforms and Infrastructure in UP

- UP has facilitated the establishment of 23 new private universities and also hosts the country's first Ayush University (Mahayogi Guru Gorakhnath AYUSH University in Gorakhpur) and is building a sports university (Major Dhyanchand State Sports University).
 - Under the new reform, the state now allows private universities on 50 acres of land in rural areas and 20 acres in urban areas.
 - ✓ Universities across the state are increasingly committed to improving their NAAC assessments and NIRF rankings. As a result, six state universities have earned A++ grades, two have received A+ grades, and notable progress has been made in national rankings.

Innovation Potential in UP

- Uttar Pradesh has emerged as the third-largest startup hub in India, with over 7,200 active startups generating more than 1 lakh jobs. The state is also home to 8 unicorns.
- An ambitious Al City project is initiated in Lucknow, with the goal of creating over 50,000 jobs through the participation of more than 400 companies.
 - ★ IBM will lead the establishment of the AI Center.

Lucknow as India's First AI City

Why in News?

Uttar Pradesh is set to become a leader in artificial intelligence (AI) with a Rs 10,732 crore investment aimed at transforming Lucknow into India's first AI City.

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The initiative, launched under the IndiaAl Mission approved in March 2024, aims to build a robust AI ecosystem in the state.

Key Points

- Massive Investment in Al Infrastructure: The Rs 10,732 crore investment will fund 10,000 Graphics Processing Units (GPUs), multi-modal language models, and the establishment of an Al innovation center in Lucknow.
 - ★ This investment is 67% higher than any other technology infrastructure in the country.
- Al Pragya Training Initiative: As part of the Al Pragya initiative, over 10 lakh people, including youth, teachers, gram pradhans, government employees, and farmers, will receive training in AI, machine learning, data analytics, cybersecurity.
 - ★ The training is being supported by global tech giants like Microsoft, Intel, Google, and Guvi.
- Al Traffic Management System: Lucknow will also see the implementation of a high-tech Al-based traffic management system, similar to the one being developed in Varanasi.
- AI in Agriculture and Revenue Management: The **UP Agris Project** will connect **10 lakh farmers** to Al-powered technologies such as smart irrigation, drone mapping, pest detection, and digital market access.
 - ★ The revenue department is also using satellite imaging and AI algorithms for land consolidation and record management, ensuring **transparency** and reducing disputes.
- Al in Security and Healthcare: Al-powered systems such as CCTV surveillance, facial recognition, number plate tracking, and SOS alert systems have been integrated across 17 municipal corporations and Gautam Buddh Nagar.
 - ★ Additionally, AI is being used to monitor illegal mining and mineral resource protection. In the healthcare sector, the country's first Albased breast cancer screening center has been set up in Fatehpur.

Medha Roopam: Gautam Buddh Nagar's First Woman DM

Why in News?

Medha Roopam, a 2014-batch IAS officer, has been appointed as Gautam Buddh Nagar's first woman District Magistrate (DM).

She takes over from Manish Kumar Verma, who has been transferred to Prayagraj.

Key Points

- Academic Background: Roopam secured All India Rank 10 in the 2014 UPSC Civil Services Examination, and she is also a national-level rifle shooter who has won three gold medals at the Kerala State Shooting Championship.
- Family Background: Roopam's father, Gyanesh **Kumar**, is a retired **Kerala-cadre IAS officer** and the current Chief Election Commissioner of India.

71st National Film Awards

Why in News?

The **71**st National Film Awards were officially announced, honoring cinematic excellence from across India for the year 2023.

Key Points

- The 2023 edition of the awards covered **31 feature** films, 24 non-feature films, 27 books on cinema, and 16 film critics as part of the expanded scope under the National Film Awards regulations.
- Shah Rukh Khan won his first National Award in a career spanning over 30 years.

National Film Awards

- Organizer: The Ministry of Information and **Broadcasting** organizes the National Film Awards on behalf of the Government of India.
- Award Categories: The annual awards are conferred under the following sections: Feature Film, Non-Feature Film, Best Writing on Cinema and Dadasaheb Phalke Award.











Top National Winners			
Category	Winner(s)		
Best Feature Film	12 th Fail		
Best Direction	Sudipto Sen – The		
	Kerala Story		
Best Actor	Shah Rukh Khan		
	(Jawan), Vikrant		
	Massey (12 th Fail)		
Best Actress	Rani Mukerji – Mrs.		
	Chatterjee vs Norway		
Best Popular Film Providing	Rocky Aur Rani Kii		
Wholesome Entertainment	Prem Kahaani		
Best Debut Film of a Director	Aatmapamphlet		
Best Film Promoting National,	Sam Bahadur		
Social, and Environmental Values			

Feature Film Awards			
Award Category	Film / Artist		
Best Hindi Film	Kathal		
Best Bengali Film	Deep Fridge		
Best Marathi Film	Shyamchi Aai		
Best Background Score	Animal (Harshavardhan		
	Rameshwar)		
Best Female Playback	Shilpa Rao – Chaliya (Jawan)		
Singer			
Best Male Playback Singer	PVN S Rohit – Baby (Telugu)		
Best Editing	<i>Pookkaalam</i> – Midhun		
	Murali		
Best Cinematography	The Kerala Story –		
	Prasanthanu Mohapatra		
Best Costume Design	Sam Bahadur – Sachin,		
	Divya, Nidhhi		
Best Makeup	Sam Bahadur – Shrikanth		
	Desai		
Best Choreography	Dhindhora Baje Re		
	– Rocky Aur Rani		
	(Vaibhavi Merchant)		
Best Sound Design	Animal – Sachin Sudhakaran		
	& Hariharan		

Acting Awards			
Category	Winner(s)		
Best Actor	Shah Rukh Khan (Jawan), Vikrant Massey (12 th Fail)		
Best Actress	Rani Mukerji (Mrs Chatterjee vs Norway)		
Best Supporting Actor	Vijayaraghavan (Pookkaalam), Muthupettai Bhaskar (Parking)		
Best Supporting Actress	Urvashi (Ullozhukku), Janki Bodiwala (Vash)		
Best Child Artist	Sukriti Bandireddi (<i>Gandhi Thatha Chettu</i>), Kabir Khandare (<i>Gypsy</i>), Treesha Toshar, Shrinivas Pokale, Bhargav (<i>Naal 2</i>)		

Non-Feature Film Awards		
Award	Recipient	
Best Documentary	God, Vulture and Human	
Best Non-Fiction Film	Flowering Man	
Best Short Film	Giddh – The Scavenger	
Best Children's Film	Naal 2	
Best Film in AVGC	HanuMan	
Best Voiceover	<i>The Sacred Jack</i> – Hari Krishnan S	
Best Debut (Non-feature)	The Spirit Dreams of Cheraw	
Best Social & Environmental Values	The Silent Epidemic	

Sonali Mishra: First Woman DG of RPF

Why in News?

In a historic moment for Indian Railways, Sonali Mishra, a 1983 batch IPS officer from Madhya Pradesh, has assumed the position of Director General (DG) of the Railway Protection Force (RPF), becoming the first woman to lead the force in its 143-year history.

Key Points

Appointment: Sonali Mishra's appointment was approved by the Appointments Committee of the

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Cabinet, and her tenure as DG will extend until her superannuation on **31**st **October 2026**.

★ She succeeds Manoj Yadava, who retired on 31st July 2025.

Before her appointment as DG of RPF

- Served as Additional Director General of Police (Selection/Recruitment) in Madhya Pradesh.
- ★ Held additional responsibilities at the Police Training & Research Institute, Bhopal.
- Served as the Director of the Madhya Pradesh Police Academy.

Career

- ★ She worked with the Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) and Border Security Force (BSF).
- ★ Gained international experience with the United Nations Peacekeeping Mission in Kosovo.

Recognitions and Awards

- Awarded the President's Police Medal for Distinguished Service.
- Honored with the Police Medal for Meritorious Service.

RPF

- The RPF is an armed force under the control of the Union Ministry of Railways, tasked with protecting railway property, passenger areas, and passengers.
 - ✓ Originally part of the Watch and Ward setup of <u>Private Railway Companies</u> in 1881, it was reorganised into a statutory body under the RPF Act, 1957.
 - ★ The post-independence era brought significant changes; the Railway Property (Unlawful Possession) Act was passed in 1966 to improve security, and in 1985, the RPF Act was amended, making RPF an Armed Force and emerged as a Central Police Organization.
 - Motto: Yasho Labhasva (Attaining honour).

FDI in UP Shows Significant Growth

Why in News?

Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) in Uttar Pradesh (UP) has surged significantly in recent years, with the state government reporting significant growth between 2019 and 2023.

Key Points

- Historical Challenges: Historically, UP struggled with a poor industrial ecosystem that discouraged foreign investors. A combination of factors contributed to this unfavorable environment, including:
 - ★ Low rankings in ease of doing business
 - ★ Absence of a streamlined single-window clearance system
 - ★ Insufficient basic infrastructure
 - ★ Unclear industrial policies
 - ★ Unstable <u>law and order</u> conditions
- Shift in FDI Trends: From 2000 to 2017, Uttar Pradesh's FDI was limited to only Rs 3,000 crore, but it has surged in recent years.
 - ★ Uttar Pradesh is now the 11th most attractive state for FDI, with a total inflow of \$1.7 billion from October 2019 to September 2024.
 - ★ The state ranks first in India for the export of consumer electronics, hosting 196 Electronics System Design and Manufacturing (ESDM) companies currently operating within its borders.

Key Policy Reforms:

- ★ The <u>UP Investors Summit 2018</u> set the stage for the state's investment-friendly initiatives.
 - The summit attracted investment proposals worth Rs 4.28 lakh crore.
 - Building on this success, the Global Investors Summit (GIS) in 2023 drew Rs 33.50 lakh crore in investment proposals.
- ★ Uttar Pradesh Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)
 Fortune Global 500 & Fortune India 500
 Companies' Investment Promotion Policy-2023

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- ★ Uttar Pradesh Industrial Investment and Employment Promotion Policy 2022
- ★ Uttar Pradesh Green Hydrogen Policy 2024
- ★ Uttar Pradesh Global Capability Centres Policy 2024
- Project Implementation: The UP government introduced the concept of Groundbreaking Ceremonies (GBCs).
 - ★ These events serve as a platform for launching large-scale investment projects statewide, with over 16,000 projects initiated across the first four GBCs, more than 8,000 of which are already operational.
 - For the upcoming GBC-5, the state government is targeting the grounding of projects worth Rs 5 lakh crore, with the potential to scale up to Rs 10 lakh crore by the event's date.
 - The bulk of the investment has flowed into the manufacturing, services, and infrastructure sectors, with the manufacturing sector receiving the largest share at 62.25% of the total investment.





Investment made by foreign entities/individuals in businesses and assets located in a different country

FDI Routes:

- Automatic Route:
- No prior government approval required
- Up to 100% allowed in non-critical sectors
- Government Approval:
 - Necessary in certain sectors or for investments above specific thresholds
- Administered by Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT) and RBI

Examples of Approval via Auto and Govt Route:

- Banking (Private sector): up to 49% (auto) + above 49% and up to 74% (Govt)
- Defence: up to 74% (auto) + above 74% (Govt)
- Healthcare (Brownfield): up to 74% (auto) + above 74% (Govt)
- Telecom Services: up to 49% (auto) + above 49% (Govt)

Foreign Investment Promotion Board (FIPB):

- Comes under Ministry of Finance
- Responsible for processing FDI proposals facilitated by Foreign Investment Facilitation Portal (FIFP)
- Making recommendations for Government approval

India's Top 5 FDI Sources (FY 2022-23):

- Mauritius
- Singapore
- USA
- Netherland
- Japan

India's Top Sectors Attracting FDI (FY 2022-23):

- Services Sector
- Computer Software & Hardware
- Trading
- Telecommunications
- Automobile Industry

Foreign Portfolio Investment (FPI)

- Investments made by foreign individuals, institutions, or funds in financial assets
- Known as Fly by Night or Hot Money

Imp Features:

- Purchase of financial assets occur without gaining ownership
- Passive investment approach
- Investors earn returns through dividends, interest, and capital appreciation

Example:

- Stocks, Bonds etc.
- Regulatory Body:
- Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI)

Difference between FDI and FPI			
Features	FDI	FPI	
Nature of Investment	Long-term	Short-term	
Objective	Long-term presence in a foreign country	Earning quick returns on investments	
Control	Significant (over the invested entity)	No or limited control	
Investments in	Tangible assets (e.g., factories, buildings)	Financial assets (e.g., stocks, bonds)	
Returns	Profits, Dividends, and Capital appreciation	Dividends, Interest, and Capital appreciation	
Policy Regulations	Govt policies and sector -specific regulations	Flexible regulations and easier entry/exit	
Impact on Economy	Job creation, technology transfer, and economic growth	Short-term liquidity and impact on stock market performance	















UP Economic Offences Wing Revamped

Why in News?

The Uttar Pradesh Economic Offences Wing (EOW) has undergone significant restructuring to enhance its capabilities, taking inspiration from the Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI).

The new measures focus on adopting advanced technological tools, accelerating investigations, and improving public accessibility to report financial crimes.

Key Reforms and Measures

- Enhanced Public Access: A major reform allows citizens easy access to report financial crimes.
 - ★ The state's emergency helpline, 112, has been integrated with EOW to enable the public to report cases such as Ponzi scheme fraud, Stamp fraud, Multi-marketing fraud, etc.
- Professional Expertise and Training: The EOW aims to become a robust and trusted institution for both enforcement and public outreach.
 - ★ To enhance the professionalism of its officers, a day-long workshop was organized with experts from agencies like the CBI, Enforcement **Directorate**, and other central agencies.
 - ★ The focus of the workshop was to educate on various forms of financial crimes, address investigation nuances, and tackle emerging challenges in financial crime enforcement.
- Public Awareness and Education: A core part of EOW's strategy is public awareness.
 - ★ The agency has created eight animated booklets in both digital and print formats to educate citizens about various financial crimes they may encounter and how to stay vigilant and protected.
 - A **short film** on financial crime prevention was also launched to engage the public, along with a new EOW logo.
- Technological Upgrades: The EOW is now equipped with cutting-edge tools to streamline operations, including 24x7 Case Management Software (CMS) for real-time case monitoring and faster resolution.

Economic Offences Wing (EOW)

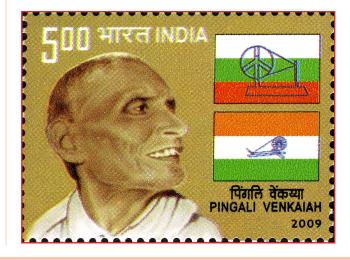
- The Economic Offences Wing (EOW) was created in 1970 within the CID to address economic crimes, with an expanded focus in 1972 to include offenses related to 10 government departments.
 - ★ In 1977, EOW was restructured as a separate, specialized investigation branch of the Uttar Pradesh Police.
- In 2006, the EOW's jurisdiction was further broadened to include the investigation and inquiry of economic offenses across all government departments.
- In 2018, the government established four police stations within EOW sectors in Lucknow, Varanasi, Meerut, and Kanpur.
- The EOW is led by the D.G. EOW, with its headquarters in Lucknow, is divided into five sectors, each managed by an officer of SP rank.

Birth Anniversary of Pingali Venkayya

Why in News?

On 2nd August, PM Modi paid tributes to Pingali Venkayya on his 149th birth anniversary, highlighting his immense contribution in designing India's national flag, a symbol of the nation's unity, diversity, and independence.

He also urged citizens to support the Har Ghar Tiranga movement by unfurling the Tricolour at their homes.











Pingali Venkayya

- He was born on 2nd August 1876 in Bhatlapenumarru village, near Machilipatnam, Andhra Pradesh, and passed away on 4th July 1963 at the age of 86.
- He fought the **Second Boer War (1899-1902).**
- In 1913, he delivered a lecture in Japanese in Bapatla, Andhra Pradesh, called 'Japan Venkayya'.
- PHE was also known as Patti Venkayya for his research into the Cambodia Cotton.
- contribution.

Evolution of Flag

- In 1916, Pingali Venkayya published a booklet titled A National Flag for India, featuring nearly 30 **designs** for a **potential Indian flag**, inspired by flags of other nations.
- Venkayya's design for the National Flag was finally approved by Mahatma Gandhi in a Congress meeting in Vijayawada in 1921.
- The initial flag, called the Swaraj flag, consisted of two red and green bands (representing the Hindus and the Muslims religious communities). The flag also had a charkha, which represented Swaraj.
 - ★ Mahatma Gandhi advised Venkayya to add a white band to represent peace.
- The Flag Committee (1931) replaced the red with saffron and placed saffron on top followed by white and then green. The charkha was placed on the white band in the middle.
 - ★ The colors stood for qualities and not communities i.e., the saffron for courage and sacrifice, white for truth and peace, and green for faith and strength. The charkha stood for the welfare of the masses.
- Post-Independence, a national flag committee under **President Rajendra Prasad** replaced the charkha with the Ashok Chakra.

'Operation Mahakal' to Tackle Land Mafia and Extortionists

Why in News?

Kanpur's police have initiated a bold crackdown on land mafia and extortion gangs with the launch of 'Operation Mahakal.'

This operation, **launched on 5th August 2025**, aims to identify, prosecute, and dismantle illegal landgrabbing activities, involving **not only criminals but** also influential individuals aiding them.

Key Points

- Phases of Operation: The operation is structured in two phases:
 - ★ Phase 1 (until 5th September 2025): Focuses on compiling a list of suspects involved in land-grabbing and extortion.
 - Phase 2: From 15th September 2025, action will be taken, including asset confiscation and filing of charges.
- Action against Collaborators: Investigations have uncovered connections between the land mafia and several white-collar professionals, including government employees, representatives, and journalists.
 - ★ The collaboration between these groups will be probed further.

Former Governor Satyapal Malik Passes Away

Why in News?

Former Governor Satyapal Malik passed away at the age of 79 on 5th August 2025, after battling a prolonged illness.

• He served as the Governor of five states, including Jammu and Kashmir, and played a pivotal role during the historic abrogation of Article 370 in 2019.











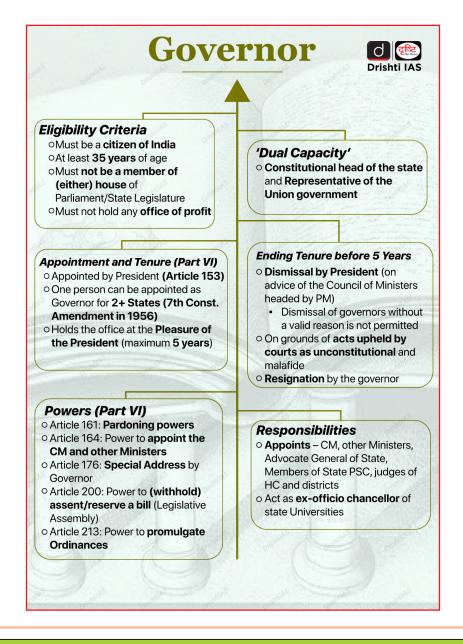


Key points

- Early Life: Malik was born on 24th July 1946, in Hisawada village, Uttar Pradesh.
- Political Journey of Satyapal Malik:
 - ★ Student Politics: Began his political career in 1965 at Meerut College.
 - ★ Member of Legislative Assembly: Elected as MLA for Baghpat in 1974.
 - Rajya Sabha: Entered the Rajya Sabha in 1980.

- Rejoined the Rajya Sabha in 1984 after a brief period of change.
- ★ Lok Sabha: Elected to the Lok Sabha from Aligarh in 1989.
- **Governor Positions:**
 - Bihar (2017–2018)
 - Odisha (Additional charge in 2018)
 - Jammu and Kashmir (2018-2019)
 - Goa (2019-2020)
 - Meghalaya (2020–2022)

Governor





















Lucknow's Charbagh Railway Station Completed 100 years

Why in News?

On 1st August 2025, Charbagh Railway Station in Lucknow marked its centenary (100 years). Its unique architecture and deep-rooted history symbolize the distinct identity of the city.

Key Points

- History and Architecture: The construction of Charbagh Station is a beautiful blend of Mughal, Rajasthani, and British architecture.
 - ★ The foundation of Charbagh Station was laid in 1914 by Bishop George Herbert, and it was completed in 1923.
 - ★ The building is designed as an amalgamation of Indo-British style of architecture by J.H Horniman.
 - ★ On 1st August 1925 C.L Colvin, the agent of East India Railway laid inside the turret of the same building, a casket containing a coin of those times and a newspaper of the same day as a call to remembrance of the successful completion of the foundation of the building.
- Role in the Independence Movement: Charbagh Station has witnessed the arrival of prominent leaders like Mahatma Gandhi, Jawaharlal Nehru, and Maulana Azad during the freedom struggle.
 - ★ It is believed that the first formal meeting between Gandhi ji and Nehru (26th December 1916) took place at this station, making it an important historical site.

UP Increases Maintenance Allowance for Students

Why in News?

Under the Pre-Matric Scholarship Scheme, the Uttar Pradesh (UP) Government has doubled the maintenance

allowance for disabled students, increasing it from ₹2,000 to ₹4,000 per month.

- An increase in the maintenance allowance will benefit 2,650 disabled students enrolled in 28 residential schools across the state.
- According to the data of the UP government, over 50 lakh students benefit from the state's scholarship and fee reimbursement programs every year, including around 14-15 lakh from the Scheduled Castes.

Key Points

- Excluding Criteria: The government has made students above 40 years of age ineligible for scholarships, whereas previously, there was no maximum age limit for applicants.
 - Students passing their high school exams from state boards outside UP will no longer be eligible for scholarships, but those from central boards like CBSE and ICSE will still receive them.
 - ★ The amended scheme will also exclude students of UP campuses run by universities domiciled outside the state from receiving scholarships.
- Mandatory: DigiLocker registration will now be mandatory for scholarship applicants, enabling automatic Aadhaar-based data verification and helping prevent fraud.
- Increased Amount for SC Students: For Scheduled Caste (SC) students, the yearly scholarship amount will be increased by Rs 500, taking the total to Rs 3,500 per annum.
 - ★ Under the Pre-Matric Scholarship Scheme, the income limit restriction has been removed for children of families engaged in unhygienic professions such as manual scavenging and working with raw leather, allowing them to avail the benefits of the scholarship scheme.









Note: As per the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (RPwD) Act, 2016, there are 21 recognized types of disabilities: Blindness, Low-vision, Leprosy Cured Persons, Hearing Impairment (deaf and hard of hearing), Locomotor Disability, Dwarfism, Intellectual Disability, Mental Illness, Autism Spectrum Disorder, Cerebral Palsy, Muscular Dystrophy, Chronic Neurological Conditions, Specific Learning Disabilities (Dyslexia), Multiple Sclerosis, Speech and Language Disability, Thalassemia, Hemophilia, Sickle Cell Disease, Multiple Disabilities including deaf-blindness, Acid Attack victim, and Parkinson's disease.

Nivesh Mitra Portal 3.0

Why in News?

The third-generation version of Uttar Pradesh's Nivesh Mitra portal is designed to enhance the ease of doing business by reducing procedural delays and bureaucratic red tape.

Key Points

About: Nivesh Mitra 3.0 is an advanced, digital single-window platform launched by the UP Government to streamline investment processes, expedite approvals, and enhance the ease of doing business through integration, automation, and Alpowered tools.

Features:

- ★ Integrated Digital Ecosystem: It offers enhanced interoperability with both central and state government portals, providing a synchronized and unified interface for investor services across departments.
- ★ Revamped Common Application Form (CAF): The dynamic application form is now available in multiple languages and adapts to user profiles, making it easier for investors to identify and apply for necessary approvals efficiently.
- ★ GIS-enabled Land Bank: Investors can access centralized, real-time land data using Geographic Information System (GIS) technology, enabling efficient land selection and collaboration with nodal agencies.

- ★ Smart Dashboards & Real-Time Analytics: The portal provides district-wise KPI rankings, industrial park ratings, and actionable insights to assist both investors and the administration in monitoring progress and decision-making.
- Al-powered Multilingual Chatbots: Artificial intelligence-based **chatbots** offer instant, multilingual support and grievance redressal, drastically improving response time and user experience.
- Enhanced Grievance Redressal: The entire complaint and feedback process is automated and routed through digital channels for transparency and faster resolution.
- Reduced Service Delivery Timelines: The platform aims to cut timelines for service delivery by up to 30-50%, minimize procedural delays, and significantly reduce the need for physical documentation and visits to government offices.
- ★ Compliance Reduction & Deregulation: By integrating over 4,600 reforms across 45 departments, including simplification of forms and deregulation of legal requirements, Nivesh Mitra 3.0 aims to create a more businessfriendly environment.
- Extensive Departmental Coverage: The system covers over 525 services from more than 44 departments, including labor, fire, housing, urban planning, and environmental clearances.

National Fish Farmers Day 2025

Why in News?

National Fish Farmers Day 2025 was celebrated is set to be celebrated on 10th July at the ICAR-Central Institute of Freshwater Aquaculture (CIFA) to honor the tireless dedication of fish farmers in strengthening India's food security, meeting the demand for fish-based protein, and driving rural employment.

Key Points

• Honoring the Legacy: National Fish Farmers Day commemorates the pioneering work of Professor













Dr. Hiralal Chaudhury and Dr. K.H. Alikunhi in 1957, who revolutionized Indian fisheries with the Hypophysation technique, enabling induced breeding and reproduction in Indian Major Carps.

- ★ This scientific breakthrough led to the growth of Inland Aquaculture in India.
- **Yev Initiatives and Investments:** The Government of India has invested ₹38,572 crore in the fisheries sector since 2015.
 - ★ Fish production has grown from 95.79 lakh tonnes in FY 2013-14 to 195 lakh tonnes in FY 2024-25.
 - ★ India has become a global leader in shrimp exports, crossing ₹60,500 crore, with shrimp production increasing by 270% over the past decade.

State of India's Fisheries Sector

- India is the 2nd largest fish producer and 2nd largest aquaculture nation in the world after China.
- India has ascended to become the 4th-largest exporter of marine products, marking a significant rise from eighth position in 2014-15.
 - ★ Inland fisheries account for over 75% of total output.
- **Top fish-producing states:** Andhra Pradesh, West Bengal, Karnataka.

ICAR-Central Institute of Freshwater Aquaculture (CIFA)

- Established:
 - ★ Originated from the Pond Culture Division of CIFRI in 1949, Cuttack, Odisha.
 - ★ Operates under the Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR).
- Mission:
 - ★ Focuses on sustainable and diversified freshwater aquaculture practices.
 - ★ Aims to enhance productivity, quality, water use efficiency, and farm income.

S. Radha Chauhan: New Chairperson of Capacity **Building Commission**

Why in News?

Mrs. S. Radha Chauhan took over as the Chairperson of the Capacity Building Commission in New Delhi, succeeding **Shri Adil Zainulbhai**, who had held the position since April 2021.

Mrs. Chauhan, a retired IAS officer from the UP Cadre (1988 batch), also served as the Secretary of the Department of Personnel and Training (DoPT).



Capacity Building Commission

- The Capacity Building Commission (CBC) is an independent body with full executive authority, operational since April 2021.
- It is a **three-member Commission**, supported by an internal Secretariat headed by a Secretary.
- Members are appointed from diverse backgrounds such as the private sector, academia, the public sector, and civil society.
- The Commission is tasked with driving the standardisation and harmonisation across India's civil services landscape.
- As the custodian of civil services capacity-building reforms, the Commission plays a central role in the institutional framework of Mission Karmayogi.











Mission Karmayogi

- Mission Karmayogi was launched by the Government of India in September 2020 as a National Program for Civil Services Capacity **Building (NPCSCB).**
- It aims to prepare Indian civil servants for the future by making them more creative, proactive, professional, energetic, transparent technology enabled.

11th National Handloom Day

Why in News?

On 7th August 2025, the Ministry of Textiles celebrated India's handloom sector during the 11th National Handloom Day (NHD), focusing on the theme 'Weaving Innovation into Tradition.'

• On 11th NHD, at Bharat Mandapam, the President of India presented the prestigious 5 Sant Kabir Handloom Awards and 19 National Handloom Awards for 2024.

National Handloom Day

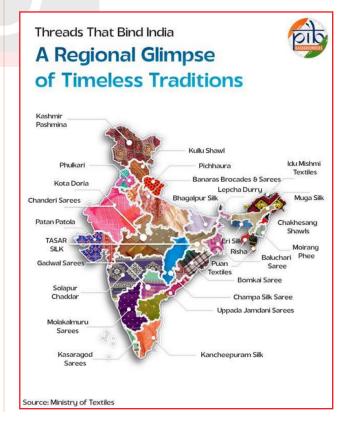
- Festablished on 7th August 2015, NHD marks the momentous occasion of the Swadeshi Movement, which began on 7th August 1905, encouraging indigenous handloom weaving industries.
 - ★ NHD celebrates the skilled craftsmanship and behind Indian handlooms, recognizing their significance as a cherished cultural legacy.
- In partnership with the National Handloom Development Corporation (NHDC), the Ministry also introduced the Exclusive Handloom Expo and the "Haat on Wheels" mobile retail initiative.
- The "Know Your Weaves Campaign 2025" was also launched by the Ministry of Textiles as a week-long event from 1st -7st August 2025 in celebration of National Handloom Day.

Handloom Awards

• About: The awards aim to honour excellence in the handloom industry, celebrating individuals and

benchmarks organizations that set craftsmanship, innovation, and contribution to the sector's development.

	Categories of awards:				
Aspect	Sant Kabir Handloom Award	National Handloom Award			
Purpose	Recognizes outstanding handloom weavers for significant contributions to sector growth and tradition.	Celebrates weavers for exceptional craftsmanship, dedication, and innovation.			
Eligibility	Outstanding handloom weavers; may include national/state awardees, merit certificate holders, or extraordinary contributors.	Weavers with exemplary craftsmanship, innovation, and dedication.			
Cash	Rs. 3.5 lakh	Rs. 2 lakh			

















Handloom Sector

- **About:** The Handloom sector remains a cornerstone of India's rural economy and cultural heritage, providing employment to over 35 lakh people, with 70% being women.
- Global Presence: India is the world's sole major producer of handloom fabrics at a commercial scale, accounting for nearly 95% of global handwoven fabric production.
 - ★ India's handloom exports continue to find strong demand across global markets, reaching over 20 countries.
 - ★ In the financial year 2024-25, the United States remained the largest destination, accounting for ₹331.56 crore worth of exports.

Major Schemes:

- National Handloom Development Programme (NHDP): It aims to promote the sustainable growth of handloom weavers in and outside recognised clusters by forming self-reliant and competitive units.
- Raw Material Supply Scheme (RMSS): It aims to support handloom weavers by ensuring the availability of quality yarn at affordable prices through the following key objectives and components.
- ★ MUDRA Loan: This scheme offers subsidised loans to weavers through banks at a low interest rate of 6 per cent.

WHO-IRCH International Workshop

Why in News?

The **Pharmacopoeia Commission for Indian Medicine** and Homoeopathy (PCIM&H), Ministry of Ayush, hosted the inaugural session of the WHO-International Regulatory Cooperation for Herbal Medicines (IRCH) **Workshops** on "Safety and Regulation of Herbal Medicines" (Working Group-1) and "Efficacy and Intended Use of Herbal Medicines" (Working Group-3) at its headquarters in Ghaziabad.

• India, as the lead country for Working Groups 1 and 3, is committed to strengthening international regulatory cooperation through the WHO-IRCH platform.

Key Points

- About: The global technical workshop, organized jointly by the Ministry of Ayush and WHO, is being held from 6th to 8th August 2025, with senior representatives from WHO Member States, regulatory authorities, academia, research bodies, and the herbal medicine industry in attendance.
 - ★ Bringing together experts from across WHO Member States and Observer States, the workshops aim to deliberate on key aspects such as regulatory convergence, quality assurance, and the clinical relevance of herbal medicines in traditional systems of healthcare.
 - ★ The agenda includes hands-on training sessions in herbal drug standardisation techniques pharmacognostic, such as chemical, and elemental analysis.
 - ★ Site visits to **prominent Ayush institutions** are also planned to provide international participants with first-hand exposure to clinical, academic, and manufacturing practices.
 - ★ The workshops have attracted participants from several countries under the WHO-IRCH umbrella, including Poland, Nepal, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Japan, Indonesia, Sri Lanka, Paraguay, etc.

Pharmacopoeia Commission for Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy (PCIM&H)

- Pharmacopoeia Commission for Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy (PCIM&H), is a subordinate office under the Ministry of AYUSH, Government of India.
- Development of Pharmacopoeias and Formularies as well as acting as Central Drug Testing cum Appellate Laboratory for Indian systems of Medicine & Homoeopathy are the key fields of activity of PCIM&H.











International Regulatory Cooperation for Herbal Medicines (IRCH)

- International Regulatory Cooperation for Herbal Medicines (IRCH), established in 2006, is a global network of regulatory authorities responsible for regulation of herbal medicines.
- Its mission is to collaborate and share the best practices to help WHO in its recommendations to the members on improving the regulation of herbal medicines as well as raise awareness regarding their safe use in health and wellbeing.

World Lion Day 2025

Why in News?

The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC), in collaboration with the Gujarat Forest and Environment Department, marked World Lion Day 2025 (10th August) at the Barda Wildlife Sanctuary in Dwarka district, Gujarat.

The event celebrated the conservation achievements under <u>Project Lion</u>, aimed at protecting the Asiatic lion (*Panthera leo persica*).

Key Points

- The lion population in Gujarat has risen by 32% since 2020, increasing from 674 to 891, according to the May 2025 lion population estimate (16th census).
- Barda Wildlife Sanctuary, part of the larger Gir Lion Landscape, is home to 17 Asiatic lions.

Key Facts About Project Lion

- Launched: 2020, to secure the future of Asiatic lions in Gujarat's Gir landscape.
- Focus Areas: Habitat improvement, ecosystem health, and human-wildlife conflict mitigation.
- Technologies Used:
 - Radio-collaring & Camera Traps: For monitoring lion movements.

- ★ GPS Tracking: Ensures efficient surveillance of lions and vehicles.
- Automated Sensor Grid: Includes magnetic, movement, and infrared heat sensors for wildlife tracking.
- ★ GIS-based Real-Time Monitoring: Facilitates timely analysis and conservation management.

Key Facts About Lions

- The lion is divided into two subspecies: the African lion (Panthera leo leo) and the Asiatic lion (Panthera leo persica).
 - ★ Asiatic lions are slightly smaller than African lions.

Characteristics:

- ★ Lions are known for their distinctive appearance, including a tawny coat, a tufted tail, and a prominent mane in males.
- → They are social animals and live in groups called prides. A pride typically consists of multiple females, their offspring, and a few adult males.
- Distribution and Habitat: Lions are found in sub-Saharan Africa, and a small population exists in the Gir Forest National Park (India).
- Protection Status:
 - **★ IUCN Red List:**
 - African Lion: Vulnerable (Globally)
 - Asiatic Lion: Vulnerable.
 - **★ IUCN Green Status of Species Assessment**:
 - Lions: Largely Depleted category
 - CITES: Appendix I for populations of India, all other populations are included in Appendix II.
 - ★ Wildlife (Protection) Act 1972: Schedule I and IV
- Conservation Efforts in India:
 - → Project Lion
 - **★** Asiatic Lion Conservation Project

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FUN FACTS

- · Lions live in large groups called prides.
- Male lions can weigh over 500 pounds and grow up to eight feet in length.
- Known as the "King of the Jungle," lions live in grasslands and plains, not jungles.
- Female lions and their sisters live together for life, while males stay
 with the pride until they reach maturity.
- . A lion's roar can be heard from up to five miles away.
- . Lions spend about 20 hours a day resting or sleeping.
- Male lions patrol their territories regularly.
- Lions prefer to hunt at night, making it easier to catch prey.

Rudrastra – Asia's Longest Freight Train

Why in News?

Indian Railways has achieved a significant milestone with the successful trial run of **Rudrastra**, the **longest freight train in India and Asia**, measuring 4.5 km.

Key Points

- About: On 7th August 2025, the Pandit Deen Dayal Upadhyay (DDU) Division of East Central Railway conducted a trial service between Ganjkhwaja station in Chandauli (Uttar Pradesh) and Garhwa (Jharkhand), covering 209 km in 5 hours 10 minutes at an average speed of 40.5 km/h.
 - ★ The train, consisting of six BOXN rakes with 354 wagons, was powered by seven engines—two at the front and one after every 59 bogies—carrying approximately 72 tonnes of goods per wagon, marking the largest freight load ever moved by Indian Railways in a single operation.
 - The train ran on the <u>Dedicated Freight Corridor (DFC)</u> from Ganjkhwaja to Sonnagar, and then on the normal track to Garhwa Road.
- Significance: Running Rudrastra as a unified system reduces logistical overheads, enhances train capacity, and boosts the speed and efficiency of freight transportation in India.

Kenya Eliminated Sleeping Sickness

Why in News?

The <u>World Health Organization (WHO)</u> has officially certified **Kenya as free from human African trypanosomiasis**—commonly known as **sleeping sickness**—marking a significant public health victory for the nation.

• With this achievement, **Kenya becomes the tenth country globally to eliminate the disease** as a public health challenge.

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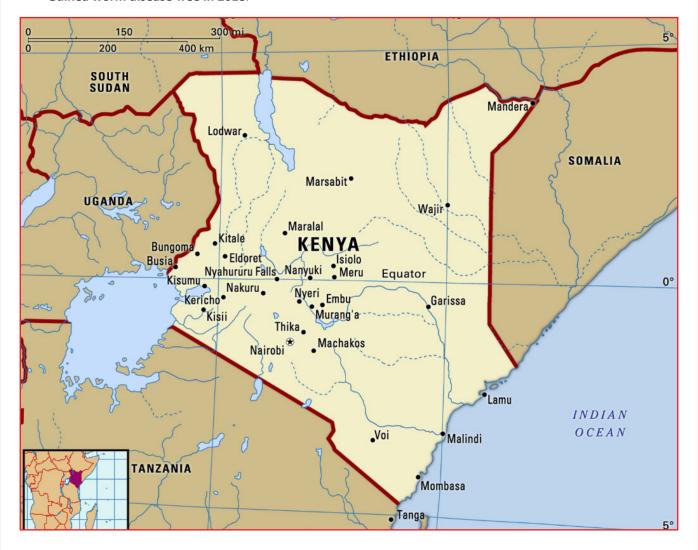


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• This is the **second** <u>neglected tropical disease</u> <u>eliminated in Kenya</u>, following the country's WHO certification as **Guinea worm disease-free in 2018**.



Key Points About Sleeping sickness

- Sleeping sickness, caused by protozoan parasites transmitted by tsetse flies, is characterized by initial symptoms such as fever, headaches, and joint pain.
- In advanced stages, patients suffer from neurological effects, disrupted sleep patterns, confusion, and behavioral changes.
 - ★ The sleeping sickness is endemic in sub-Saharan Africa.
- Sleeping sickness significantly reduces the productivity of both humans and cattle (zebu cattle raised by Maasai tribes of eastern Africa).

Disease Eradicated by India

- India has eradicated Smallpox (1980), Polio (2014), Plague, Rinderpest (the Cattle Plague), Yaws and Maternal And Neonatal Tetanus (2015), trachoma (2024).
 - ★ India received Guinea worm disease-free certification status from the WHO in 2000.

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Diseases Targeted for Elimination in India

- Malaria: Achieve zero indigenous cases by 2030.
- Lymphatic Filariasis (LF): Achieve <1% microfilaria rate in endemic areas (elimination by 2030).</p>
- Kala-azar: Achieve annual incidence of <1 case per 10,000 population at block level.
 - ★ Certification requires 3 years of sustained elimination.
- Tuberculosis (TB): End TB by 2025 under the National TB Elimination Programme (NTEP).

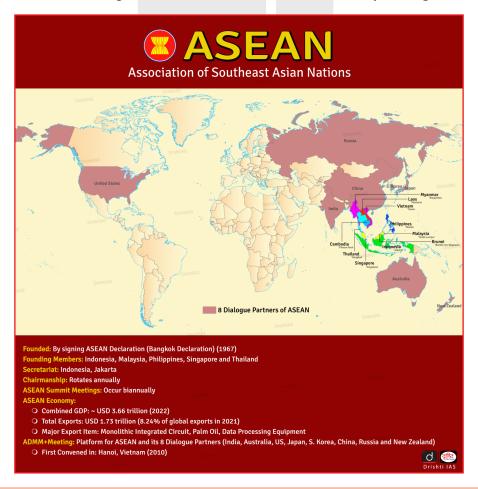
Lucknow Invited to ASEAN Forum as Knowledge City

Why in News?

Officials of Lucknow Municipal Corporation were invited to attend the meeting of <u>ASEAN</u> Governors & Mayors Forum (AGMF) in Kuala Lumpur as a 'Knowledge City', after gaining recognition for its initiatives in cleanliness, green development, and <u>sustainable urban management</u>.

Key Points

- About: The AGMF, originally the ASEAN Mayors Forum (AMF) in 2011, was founded to highlight local contributions to ASEAN integration.
 - ★ In 2018, AMF was accredited as an entity associated with ASEAN, due to ASEAN member states' official recognition of its common goals and contribution to **ASEAN's community building.**



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- Participants: The AGMF is being held from 10th August 2025 to 15th August 2025, bringing together governors, mayors, urban experts from Asia, and international organizations such as the German Corporation for International Cooperation (GIZ), **United Cities and Local Governments Asia Pacific** (UCLG ASPAC), and United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (UNESCAP).
- Objective: The forum aimed to exchange knowledge on proven urban management models, sustainable growth, climate action, and citizen participation.
- Recognition: Lucknow was one of six Indian cities selected to share its experiences in urban management at this prestigious event, marking a significant achievement in its journey towards sustainability and better urban governance.
 - ★ Mayor Sushma Kharkwal, Municipal Commissioner Gaurav Kumar, and Additional Commissioner Arvind Kumar Rao presented the city's innovative projects.
 - ★ Key projects highlighted during the event included the establishment of the Shivri Solid Waste Processing Plant, along with other initiatives.

Shivaji Memorial in Agra

Why in News?

The **Uttar Pradesh government** has asserted its plan to construct a memorial dedicated to Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj in Agra's Kothi Meena Bazar, marking a significant step in **promoting tourism and cultural unity**.

Key Points

- The UP government will fully fund the project, with no external collaboration.
- Construction of the project will be **led by the Uttar Pradesh Tourism Development Corporation.**
- The government is **preparing to begin work on the** memorial and museum, with a focus on ensuring cultural and historical accuracy.

Key Monuments in Agra and Their Builders

- Agra was founded by Sultan Sikandar Lodi of the Lodī dynasty in 1504.
- Agra Fort
 - ★ Builder: Akbar (initial construction), Shah Jahan (major structures)
 - ★ Prominent Buildings:
 - Moti Masjid: Built by Shah Jahan
 - Diwan-i-Aam (Hall of Public Audience): Built by Shah Jahan
 - Diwan-i-Khas (Hall of Private Audience): Built by Shah Jahan
 - Jahangiri Mahal: Built by Akbar
 - Sheesh Mahal (Turkish Bath): Built by Shah Jahan
 - Gardens: Built in Charbagh style, typical of Mughal architecture
- Tomb of Itmad-ud-Daula
 - **Builder:** Noor Jahan (wife of Jahangir)
 - ★ Uniqueness: First Mughal structure made entirely of white marble.
- Taj Mahal (UNESCO World Heritage Site)
 - Builder: Shah Jahan
 - Uniqueness: Finest example of Mughal architecture, built in memory of Mumtaz Mahal (Arzuman Bano Begum). Known for its grandeur and opulence.

Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj

- About: Born on 19th February 1630, at Shivneri Fort, Pune was a visionary leader from the Bhonsle clan and the founder of the Maratha Empire, known for resisting the Mughal Empire and striving for self-rule.
- Major Battles: Battle of Pratapgad, Battle of Pavan Khind, Sacking of Surat, Battle of Purandar, Battle of Sinhagad, and Battle of Sangamner.
 - ★ The Wagh nakh, was used by Shivaji to kill **Afzal Khan** in the 1659 Battle of Pratapgad.
- Titles: Chhatrapati, Shakakarta, Kshatriya Kulavantas, and Haindava Dharmodhhaarak.











- Administration: Centralized administration with the Ashtapradhan (Council of Eight Ministers), abolished the Jagirdari System, implemented the Ryotwari System, and built a strong naval force for coastal defense.
 - ★ Shivaji is renowned for his innovative guerrilla warfare tactics, which influenced subsequent rulers and shaped the Maratha Military Landscapes.

International Day of the World's Indigenous Peoples

Why in News?

To mark the occasion of the International Day of the World's Indigenous Peoples, the MP postal department, in collaboration with the Indira Gandhi Rashtriya Manav Sangrahalaya (IGRMS), has organized a three-day philatelic exhibition.

The event was inaugurated by Chief Postmaster General Vineet Mathur and Director of IGRMS, Prof. Amitabh Pande.

International Day of Indigenous Peoples

- **About:** Observed annually on 9th August, following the **UN General Assembly's** recognition of this day in December 1994.
 - ★ The day recognizes the first meeting of the **United Nations Working Group** on Indigenous Populations in Geneva in 1982.
- **Theme for 2025:** "Indigenous Peoples and AI: Defending Rights, Shaping Futures."
- **Year** Key Facts Related to Indigenous Peoples Globally:
 - ★ There are an estimated 476 million Indigenous **Peoples** in the world living across 90 countries.
 - ★ They make up less than 6% of the world's **population,** but account for at least 15% of the poorest.
 - ★ They speak an overwhelming majority of the world's estimated 7,000 languages and represent 5,000 different cultures.

2025 Equator Prize

- The **UN Development Programme (UNDP)** has announced the ten Indigenous-led, communitybased organizations selected for the 2025 Equator Prize, recognizing their environmentally focused solutions that align with this year's prize theme, "Nature for Climate Action."
- Bibifathima Swa Sahaya from India, one of the winners, supports village farmers through multicropping, seed banks, and solar-powered processing, blending traditional knowledge with regenerative agriculture and renewable energy.

Key Facts Related to Tribals in India

- About: In India, the term 'Adivasi' refers to various ethnic and tribal groups recognized as the aboriginal population, with Scheduled Tribes (STs) being those indigenous communities acknowledged by the government for special protection and support.
 - ★ According to the 2011 census, these ancestral groups make up approximately 8.6% of India's general population, which adds up to around 104 million people.
- **Essential Characteristics:** According to the Lokur Committee (1965), the essential characteristics of the tribes are:
 - ★ Indication of Primitive Traits
 - Distinctive Culture
 - ★ Shyness of Contact with the Community at
 - ★ Geographical Isolation
 - ★ Backwardness
- **Constitutional Provisions for STs:**
 - ★ Article 15(4): Special provisions for the advancement of other backward classes (it includes STs)
 - * Article 29: Protection of Interests of Minorities (it includes STs)
 - ★ Article 46: The State shall ensure the welfare of weaker sections (including Scheduled Tribes) and protect them from injustice and exploitation.









- ★ Article 275: Allocation of special funds from the Union Government to the State Government for enhancing the welfare and administration of Scheduled Tribes.
- ★ Article 350: Right to conserve distinct language, script, or culture.
- Article 330 and 332: Reservation of seats for STs in Lok Sabha and State Legislatures.

Bijnor Jail Honors Sachindranath Bakshi

Why in News?

Sachindranath Bakshi, an unsung hero of the <u>Kakori</u> <u>Train Action</u>, has been honored at his memorial in Bijnor Jail, where he was once imprisoned after being sentenced to life imprisonment.

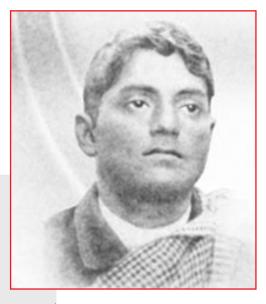
• The memorial, named 'Smritika', was inaugurated on 11th August 2023 and includes a statue of Bakshi, along with the engraved names of 419 freedom fighters who were held in the jail during the British era.

Key Points

- Role in Kakori Train Action (9th August 1925): Bakshi, alongside revolutionaries Ashfaqullah Khan, Chandrashekhar Azad and Rajendra Lahiri, played a pivotal role in the 1925 Kakori Train Action, where they looted the British treasury for the cause of India's independence (procuring arms).
 - ★ He attacked the guard's compartment and seized a chest of money.
- Bakshi's Contribution: He had purchased the tickets and pulled the emergency chain, leading to the revolutionary act.
- Bakshi's Legacy: After his arrest, Bakshi was sentenced to life imprisonment, unlike his fellow revolutionaries who were executed.
 - His memoir, 'Kranti Ke Path Par', reflects his emotional turmoil about the disparity in their fates.

- ★ Later, he was released and continued to participate in politics after India's independence.
- Historical Insight: He led protests and hunger strikes (53 days) to demand recognition for freedom fighters as political prisoners.

Sachindranath Bakshi



- Born: 25th December 1904 (Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh)
- **Death:** 23rd November 1984 (Sultanpur, Uttar Pradesh)
- Role: Prominent freedom fighter, founder of Hindustan Republican Army (HRA)
- HRA Formation: 1924, aimed at armed struggle against British colonial rule
- Initial Contributions:
 - ★ Propagated HRA ideals in Varanasi.
 - ★ Moved to Jhansi to expand HRA's base.

Kannauj FSL Achieves ISO 9001:2015 Certification

Why in News?

The Kannauj Forensic Science Laboratory (FSL) in Uttar Pradesh has become the first laboratory in the state to receive the prestigious ISO 9001:2015 Quality Management System certification.

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Key Points

- About: On 8 August 2025, the certificate was formally presented to **Rajeev Krishna**, the Director General of Police, Uttar Pradesh, by Naveen Arora, Additional Director General of Police, Technical Services Headquarters.
 - ★ The certification recognizes the laboratory's high standards in forensic examinations and analysis, which significantly supports law enforcement agencies in the region.
 - ★ The laboratory made **significant improvements** across various operational areas, such as upgraded equipment, storage, staff services, sample collection, and audits to meet ISO 9001:2015 standards.
- **Significance:** The certification not only **strengthens** the operational framework of the Kannauj laboratory but also increases the credibility of the forensic evidence it provides in judicial proceedings.

Forensic Laboratories in UP

• As of mid-2025, Uttar Pradesh (UP) has a total of 12 (Lucknow, Varanasi, Agra, and Ghaziabad, Jhansi, Kannauj, Prayagraj, Gorakhpur, Bareilly, Gonda, Aligarh, and Moradabad) operational forensic science laboratories and is in the process of establishing 6 (Ayodhya, Basti, Banda, Azamgarh, Mirzapur, and Saharanpur) more labs, which will raise the total to at least 18 forensic labs in the state.

ISO 9001:2015 Certification

- ISO 9001:2015 Certification is an internationally recognized standard for Quality Management Systems (QMS), published by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).
 - ★ ISO is an independent, non-governmental. international organization that unites global experts to establish best practices.
- Organizations of any size or sector can pursue this certification to demonstrate their ability to consistently provide products and services that meet customer and regulatory requirements.
- The benefits include **boosted customer** confidence, improved efficiency, easier market access, and a structured approach for continuous business improvement.

Centenary of **Kakori Train Action**

Why in News?

A hundred years ago, on 9th August 1925, ten young revolutionaries, including Ram Prasad Bismil, and Sachindranath Bakshi, executed a daring heist on the British railway treasury, known as the Kakori Train Action.

• To honor the revolutionaries of the Kakori Train Action, Uttar Pradesh has rebranded its famous Dussehri mangoes from the Kakori-Malihabad region under the new name 'Kakori Brand.'

Key Points About the Kakori Incident

- **Event:** The incident involved the **robbery of the** Number 8 down passenger train (from Shahjahanpur to Lucknow).
 - ★ The train was carrying official British cash (railway collections), intended for use in revolutionary activities aimed at undermining British colonial rule.
- Key Figures: Ram Prasad Bismil, Ashfaqullah Khan, Chandrashekhar Azad, Manmathnath Gupta, and Rajendra Nath Lahiri, all prominent members of the Hindustan Republican Association (HRA).
 - ★ In this case 17 were jailed, 4 transported for life and 4 (Ram Prasad Bismil, Ashfaqullah, Roshan Singh, and Rajendra Lahiri) were hanged.
- Impact on the Freedom Struggle: The Kakori Train Action gave the HRA a much-needed financial boost, allowing it to expand and eventually transform into the Hindustan Socialist Republican Association (HSRA), led by Chandrashekhar Azad.

HRA

The HRA was founded in October 1924 in Kanpur by Ramprasad Bismil, Jogesh Chandra Chatterjee, and Sachin Sanyal, with an aim to organise an armed revolution to overthrow the colonial government and establish in its place the Federal Republic of United States of India whose basic principle would be adult franchise.











HSRA

- The HSRA determined to overcome the Kakori setback, the younger revolutionaries, inspired by socialist ideas, set out to reorganise Hindustan Republic Association at a historic meeting in the ruins of Ferozshah Kotla in Delhi (September 1928).
- Under the leadership of Chandrashekhar Azad, the name of HRA was changed to Hindustan Socialist Republican Association (HSRA).
- The participants included **Bhagat Singh, Sukhdev Thapar, Bhagwati Charan Vohr**a from Punjab and Bejoy Kumar Sinha, Shiv Verma, and Jaidev Kapur from the United Provinces.
- The HSRA decided to work under a collective leadership and adopted socialism as its official goal.

World Elephant Day 2025

Why in News?

On 12th August 2025, the **Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)**, in collaboration with the Tamil Nadu Forest Department, hosted the **World Elephant Day** celebration in **Coimbatore**.

- A specialized workshop on Human-Elephant Conflict (HEC) was also held, providing a platform for elephant range states to share challenges and discuss mitigation strategies, in line with Project Elephant's focus on community participation and scientific solutions to address human-elephant conflicts.
- A nationwide awareness program also aims to engage approximately 12 lakh school children from around 5,000 schools across India.

World Elephant Day

- World Elephant Day was co-founded on 12th August 2012, by Canadian Patricia Sims and the Elephant Reintroduction Foundation of Thailand.
- Since its inception of global awareness building, it has partnerships with 100 elephant conservation organizations worldwide and reaches countless individuals across the globe.
- The theme for 2025 is "Bringing the world together to help elephants".
- World Elephant Society, established in November 2015 as a nonprofit organization, aims to support the annual World Elephant Day campaign.
 - ★ The organization **educates the public** on global elephant conservation efforts, particularly around World Elephant Day.



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Facts About Elephants

- Three Species: African savannah elephant, African forest elephant, and Asian elephant.
- Size: African savannah elephants are largest (up to 4 meters tall and 6,800 kg in weight).
- Lifespan: Wild elephants typically live 60 to 70 years of age.
- **Diet:** Elephants are herbivores
- Trunk: Their trunk is a versatile tool used for breathing, smelling, touching, grasping, and producing sound.
- Tusks: Elephant tusks are actually enlarged incisor teeth and can be found on elephants at 2 years old.
 - ★ Elephants have been targeted for their ivory tusks, driving the illegal wildlife trade and causing severe declines in their populations.
- Intelligence: Elephants have the largest brain of any land animal.
- Social Structure: Female elephants live in family groups called herds, led by a matriarch.
- Reproduction: Elephant pregnancies last about 22 months, and calves weigh 200-300 pounds at birth.
- Conservation Status (IUCN Red List Status):
 - ★ Asian elephants: Endangered (EN)
 - ★ Savannah elephants: Endangered (EN)
 - ★ Forest elephants: Critically Endangered (CR)

India's Role in Elephant Conservation

- India is home to nearly 60% of the world's wild elephant population.
- India has established 33 Elephant Reserves and 150 identified Elephant Corridors, according to the Report on Elephant Corridors in India, 2023.
- India has granted elephants the status of National **Heritage Animal.**
- In India, Asian Elephants are categorized under Schedule I of the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972.

Deen Dayal SPARSH Yojana

Why in News?

The **Department of Posts has announced the Deen** Dayal SPARSH (Scholarship for Promotion of Aptitude & Research in Stamps as a Hobby) Yojana for the year 2025-26, offering scholarships to students from classes 6 to 9.

• The selected students will receive a **monthly** scholarship of ₹500 to promote interest in philately.

Key Points

- Eligibility: The scholarship will be awarded based on academic performance, results from a quiz organized by the Department of Posts, and a philately project (philately is the collection and study of Postage stamps).
 - ★ Students who have secured a minimum of 60% marks or equivalent grades in the previous year's examination are eligible to apply.
 - ★ A 5% relaxation will be given to students from scheduled castes and scheduled tribes.
 - ★ To apply, students must be members of their school's philately club, or if such a club doesn't exist, they must have an individual philatelic deposit account.
 - ★ Students can submit their applications at the Philately Bureau at the General Post Office (GPO).
- Objective: The objective of the scholarship is to "Promote Philately among children at a young age in a sustainable manner that can reinforce and supplement the academic curriculum in addition to providing a hobby that can help them relax and de-stress".
- Significance: Stamp collection provides educational insight into the socio-economic and political context of its time, serves as a stress-relieving hobby, fosters social connections, and enhances memory skills through organizing and cataloging information.









India Post

- Establishment: On 1st October 1854 by Lord Dalhousie (Governor-General of British India)
- Historical Timeline
 - ★ 1766: Robert Clive set up postal system under East India Company (called "Company Mail")
 - ★ 1774: Warren Hastings opened Calcutta General Post Office- first public post office
 - ★ 1854: Lord Dalhousie brought postal service under British Crown
- Current Network Size
 - ★ Total Post Offices: 164,999 Post Offices (Rural: 149,164 (90% of total) and Urban: 15,823)
 - ★ Global Status: World's largest postal network
- Organizational Structure
 - ★ Ministry: Ministry of Communications, Government of India
 - ★ Circles: 23 postal circles across India
- Services:
 - ★ Banking and financial services
 - → Postal Life Insurance (PLI)
 - ★ India Post Payments Bank
 - ★ E-commerce and retail services
 - ★ Government scheme disbursements (pensions, MGNREGA)

UP: Second Fastest Growing Economy

Why in News?

As per data of Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Uttar Pradesh (UP) has emerged as the second fastest-growing state in India in terms of Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP), with its growth rate accelerating from 5.5% to 8.9%.

Tamil Nadu holds the **top position** with a GSDP growth rate of 11.19%. Small states like Arunachal Pradesh and Meghalaya have also posted significant growth rates of 9.66%.

Key Points About Economic State of UP

- Uttar Pradesh ranks as India's third-largest economy after Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu (NITI Aayog).
 - ★ UP has set an ambitious goal of becoming a \$1 trillion economy by 2029.
 - ★ It has identified 10 key sectors critical to achieving this target, with a focus on law and order, agriculture, infrastructure, industrial development, social security, and more.
- ₹25.48 lakh crore, up from ₹22.58 lakh crore in the previous fiscal year.
- The state experienced a 23% increase in per capita income from FY 2016-17 to FY 2019-20.
- The agriculture sector's contribution to GSDP increased from 13.7% to 16.8% in FY 2023-24.
 - ★ Meanwhile, the secondary sector accounts for 23% of the GSDP, while the tertiary sector contributes 45%.
- Uttar Pradesh contributes 8% to India's national GDP.

106th Birth Anniversary of Dr. Vikram Sarabhai

Why in News?

Dr. Vikram Sarabhai (12th August 1919 - 30th December 1971), widely recognized as the **Father of India's Space** Programme, was remembered and celebrated on his 106th birth anniversary on 12th August.

Key Points

- Early Life and Education:
 - ★ He was born in Ahmedabad, Gujarat, into an affluent Jain family. Sarabhai was one of eight children of Ambalal and Sarla Devi.
 - ★ Undergraduate degree in Physics and Mathematics from Cambridge University.
 - → Pursued a PhD under Nobel laureate C.V. Raman at IISc, Bangalore, with the thesis titled "Time Distribution of Cosmic Rays," published in 1942.











- Institutional Legacy:
 - **★** Physical Research Laboratory (PRL), Ahmedabad: Founded in 1947, PRL marked the beginning of Sarabhai's journey in institution building.
 - ★ Indian Institute of Management (IIM), Ahmedabad: Played a pivotal role in its creation.
 - ★ Community Science Centre, Ahmedabad: Founded in 1966 to promote science education.
 - Darpan Academy for Performing Arts, Ahmedabad: Co-founded with his wife, Mrinalini Swaminathan.
 - ★ Vikram Sarabhai Space Centre (VSSC), Thiruvananthapuram: A hub for India's space missions.
- Contributions to Indian Space and Nuclear **Programs:**
 - ★ Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO): He founded the **ISRO**, emphasizing the importance of space technology for societal development.
 - ★ Satellite Instructional Television Experiment (SITE): Conceptualized with NASA, SITE beamed educational programs to rural areas, laying the foundation for programs like Doordarshan's Krishi Darshan.
 - ★ Arvabhata Satellite: Initiated the fabrication of India's first satellite, Aryabhata, launched in 1975 from a Russian cosmodrome.
 - ★ Atomic Energy Commission: Took over as chairman after Homi Bhabha's death, advancing nuclear science.
- Awards and Honors:
 - ★ Awards:
 - Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar Award (1962)
 - Padma Bhushan (1966)
 - Padma Vibhushan (posthumously, 1972)
 - Distinguished Positions:
 - President, Physics Section, Indian Science Congress (1962)

- President, General Conference of the IAEA, Vienna (1970)
- Vice-President, Fourth UN Conference on Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy (1971)
- ★ Title: Mahatma Gandhi of Indian Science (By former President APJ Abdul Kalam).
- ★ Legacy:
 - Vikram Sarabhai Space Centre (VSSC) was named in his honor.
 - A lunar crater, "Sarabhai Crater," was named after him.

UP's MSME Industrial Estate Management Policy 2025

Why in News?

The Uttar Pradesh government has given its approval for the Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSME) Industrial Estate Management Policy (2025), designed to promote industrial growth by simplifying land allocation and improving facilities for businesses.

The new policy is set to replace 19 outdated government orders issued since 1978.

Key Features of the Policy

- Land Allocation: Land, sheds, and plots in industrial estates will be allocated via lease/rent through auction or e-auction modes.
 - ★ Successful bidders will pay 10% of the reserved price as earnest money, with the remaining balance payable in lump sum or installments over one to three years. Immediate payments will be eligible for a 2% discount.
- Reservation for SC/ST Entrepreneurs: 10% of all plots and sheds will be reserved for **SC/ST** entrepreneurs.
 - ★ If no eligible applicant comes forward, the plots may be reallocated to other categories to ensure continuous development.
- Price Structure: The policy introduces fixed reserved prices for industrial plots in various regions for FY 2025-26, including Madhyanchal, Pashchimanchal, Bundelkhand and Purvanchal.













- ★ The rates will increase by 5% annually, starting from 1st April each year.
- Preferential Rates for Anchor Units: Special rates may be offered to anchor units expected to drive significant MSME growth in the estates.
- Infrastructure Facilities: Industrial estates will be equipped with essential amenities, including common facility centers, power substations, fire stations, women's hostels, dormitories, crèches, eco-friendly parks, training institutes, and health services.
- Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs): The Commissioner and Director of Industries will oversee the implementation of SOPs for land allocation, property transfer, revitalization, subletting, and surrender.

Classification	Micro	Small	Medium
Manufacturing and Services	Investment:	Investment: Not more than	Investment: Not more than
Enterprises	Not more than Rs. 2.5 crore	Rs. 25 crore	Rs. 125 crore
	Annual Turnover: not more	Annual Turnover: Not more	Annual Turnover: Not more
	than Rs. 10 crore	than Rs. 100 crore	than Rs. 500 crore

Mega Tinkering Day 2025

Why in News?

In a first-of-its-kind nationwide innovation movement, the Atal Innovation Mission (AIM), NITI Aayog, hosted Mega Tinkering Day 2025, marking a significant milestone in India's innovation landscape.

Key Points

- About: The nationwide event brought together over 10,000 Atal Tinkering Labs (ATLs) across all 35 states and Union Territories of India.
 - ★ The event witnessed 4,73,350 students from 9,467 ATL-equipped schools participating in a hands-on challenge to design and build a do-it-yourself (DIY) vacuum cleaner using everyday materials from their labs.
- Event Format:
 - ★ Virtual & Simultaneous: The event was held virtually and simultaneously in schools across India, with regional participation across North (Leh, Ladakh, Kargil, Kashmir), South (Kanniyakumari), West (Bhuj, Kutch), East (Manipur, Mizoram, Arunachal Pradesh), and Aspirational Districts (Virudhunagar).
 - ★ Collaborative Learning: The online format enabled students to collaborate in real-time, despite geographical distances.

Atal Innovation Mission

- About: Launched by NITI Aayog in 2016, AIM promotes innovation and entrepreneurship by fostering a problem-solving mindset in students and strengthening the entrepreneurial ecosystem in universities and research institutions.
 - ★ AIM 2.0 aims to scale and pilot new initiatives to expand and strengthen India's innovation and entrepreneurship ecosystem, building on the success of AIM.

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18th International Olympiad on Astronomy and Astrophysics

Why in News?

The **18**th **International Olympiad on Astronomy and Astrophysics (IOAA)** is being held at Mumbai, India, from 11th to 21st August 2025.

This is the second time that India is hosting the IOAA, after the 2016 edition in Bhubaneswar.

Key Points

- About: The IOAA is an annual competition for secondary school students (Classes 10 to 12), featuring a rigorous selection process to qualify for the international level.
 - ★ The IOAA was conceived in 2006 to address the increasing global interest in astronomy among high school students, with its first edition held in Chiang Mai, Thailand, in 2007.
- Organiser: The event is organised by the Homi Bhabha Centre for Science Education (HBCSE), an autonomous institution under the umbrella of the Department of Atomic Energy.
 - ★ It is also supported by the Government of India through its **Department of Atomic Energy (DAE)** via the **Vigyan Pratibha Project** of HBCSE.
- Theme of the Olympiad: The theme for this year's event is 'Vasudaiva Kutumbakam', reflecting the ancient Indian idea that "the world is one family under the one sky".

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Logo: The IOAA 2025 logo features the Gateway of India, a GSLV rocket representing India's lunar mission, a spider symbolizing telescopes in the letter "O", tri-coloured comets above the Gateway, and a colour scheme inspired by the Milky Way galaxy.



Participants: The Olympiad has attracted over 300 high school students from 64 countries. During the event, students participate in several challenging exams covering theoretical, observational, and data analysis aspects of astronomy.

Homi Bhabha Centre for Science Education (HBCSE)

- HBCSE is a National Centre of the Tata Institute of Fundamental Research, which is a Deemed University in Mumbai.
- HBCSE is the **nodal centre** of Olympiad programmes in mathematics, physics, astronomy, chemistry, and biology.
- Another important programme of HBCSE is the National Initiative on Undergraduate Science (NIUS), concerning tertiary science education in India.

Astronomy

• Astronomy is the science that studies celestial objects such as stars, planets, comets, galaxies, and the universe as a whole.

Astrophysics

Astrophysics is a branch of astronomy that uses the principles and laws of physics (such as gravity, thermodynamics), to understand and explain the physical processes that govern how celestial objects behave, form, and evolve.

Alert for Bird Flu in UP

Why in News?

Uttar Pradesh has issued a state-wide alert due to the growing threat of <u>Bird Flu (H5N1)</u>, directing relevant departments to implement strict safety protocols to protect animals and birds, especially in zoos and wildlife sanctuaries.

CM Yogi has instructed to reinforce safety measures in zoos, bird sanctuaries, national parks, wetlands, and cow shelters to prevent any outbreak of Bird Flu

Key Facts About Bird Flu

- About: Bird flu (avian influenza) is a highly contagious viral disease caused by avian influenza A viruses, particularly subtypes H5N1 and H5N8, affecting both wild and domestic birds.
- History of Human Cases: First human cases were reported in 1997 (Hong Kong). Most have occurred in Asia and were linked to close contact with infected birds.
- Transmission: H5N1 spreads primarily through direct contact with infected live or dead birds or contaminated environments (e.g., live bird markets).
 - ★ Human infections of H5N1 are rare, with a high fatality rate (~60%), much higher than Covid-19 (~3%).
 - Transmission from mammals to humans has been observed, but airborne and sustained human-to-human transmission are not confirmed.
 - # H5N1 is listed as a priority disease under WHO R&D Blueprint.
- Symptoms: Common symptoms include high fever, cough, sore throat, and muscle aches.
 - Severe cases can lead to respiratory failure or neurological complications. Some individuals may remain asymptomatic despite exposure.
- Treatment: Current seasonal flu vaccines do not protect against H5N1.
 - Antiviral drugs like oseltamivir are effective, especially when administered early in highrisk or severe cases.

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Types of Influenza Virus				
Туре	Hosts	Impact on Humans	Key Features	Public Health Relevance
Influenza A	Humans, birds, pigs, other animals	High – causes pandemics and severe epidemics	Subtypes (H1N1, H5N1) based on HA & NA proteins	Major global concern; pandemic potential
Influenza B	Humans	Moderate – seasonal flu outbreaks	Two lineages: B/Yamagata and B/Victoria; slower mutation	Seasonal flu impact; affects vulnerable groups
Influenza C	Humans (rare)	Low – mild respiratory illness	No epidemics; long- lasting immunity	Limited concern; self-limiting
Influenza D	Cattle and other animals	None	No human infections; animal monitoring	Veterinary relevance; no human threat

Third President's Gallantry Medal to Ajay Sahni

Why in News?

Senior IPS officer **Ajay Kumar Sahni**, known for leading 52 encounters, has been awarded the **President's Medal for Gallantry** for the **third time** in his career.

Sahni, a 2009-batch officer from the Uttar Pradesh cadre, was honored with the President's Medal for his exceptional courage during a high-risk operation in Meerut on Republic Day (26th January 2020), praised for his gallantry, leadership, and dedication under life-threatening circumstances.

Gallantry Awards

- About: They are given to the personnel for displaying raw courage, unparalleled bravery and total disregard to personal safety in the line of duty.
 - ★ These gallantry awards are **announced twice in a year,** first on the occasion of the **Republic Day** and then on the occasion of the **Independence Day.**

Types:

- **★** Gallantry Awards in the Face of the Enemy:
 - Param Vir Chakra (PVC) for most conspicuous bravery
 - Mahavir Chakra (MVC) for acts of gallantry
 - Vir Chakra for acts of bravery
- ★ Gallantry Awards Other than in the Face of the Enemy:
 - Includes Ashoka Chakra, Kirti Chakra, and Shaurya Chakra.

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Order of precedence of the Awards:

- Param Vir Chakra
- Ashoka Chakra
- Mahavir Chakra
- Kirti Chakra
- Vir Chakra
- Shaurya Chakra













UP Police's 'Operation Savera'

Why in News?

The Uttar Pradesh Police has launched 'Operation Savera' in the Saharanpur region to curb drug trafficking and promote a drug-free society.

The initiative, directed by CM Yogi Adityanath and DGP Rajeev Krishna, targets the entire chain of illegal narcotics, from manufacturers to peddlers.

Key Points

- Objective: The operation focuses on illegal drug manufacturers, intermediaries, suppliers, and **peddlers** across the three districts of the Saharan pur range.
 - → Police will dismantle trafficking networks, targeting both forward and backward linkages of the drug trade.
- Legal Mandate: Strict legal action will be taken under the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (NDPS) Act, 1985, and Prevention of Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (PITNDPS) Act, 1988, including confiscation of properties acquired through illicit drug activities.
 - → Ongoing NDPS cases will be reviewed to ensure convictions of guilty persons.
- Awareness: Awareness campaigns will educate society, especially students, about the harmful effects of drug abuse.
 - ★ Visits to de-addiction centers are planned to assess facilities and challenges, and coordinate with departments for **rehabilitation support**.

Note: Earlier, the Kanpur Police had launched 'Operation Mahakal' on 5th August 2025 to crack down on the land mafia, extortion gangs, and influential individuals supporting them.

UP's 1st Green Hydrogen Plant

Why in News?

Uttar Pradesh Chief Minister Yogi Adityanath inaugurated the state's first green hydrogen plant and the second of its kind in the country at Khanimpur village, Gorakhpur district.

India's Green Hydrogen Milestones

- Kandla Port in Gujarat is the site of India's first Make-in-India Green Hydrogen Plant, advancing the country's Net-Zero goals.
- Jindal Stainless Limited in Hisar is India's first offgrid green hydrogen plant dedicated to the stainless steel industry, making it a global first for the sector.
- Adani Group commissioned India's first off-grid 5 MW green hydrogen pilot plant in Kutch, pioneering renewable-powered Gujarat, hydrogen production.

Key Points

- About: The plant, set up by Torrent Gas and Torrent Power, marks a significant milestone in India's transition to clean energy.
 - As part of a pilot project, the plant will blend up to 2% green hydrogen with natural gas (CNG and PNG), which will be supplied to domestic households, CNG stations, and industries via the local gas grid.
- **Significance:** The project is the **largest** green hydrogen and natural gas blending initiative in the country's city gas distribution sector, expected to cut carbon emissions by 500 tonnes annually and establish Uttar Pradesh as a key hub for green hydrogen due to its abundant water resources.
- Green Hydrogen Policy: The Uttar Pradesh Green Hydrogen Policy 2024 enables Ease of Doing Business by promoting investments and setting up of Green Hydrogen / Green Ammonia production facilities and Green Hydrogen-based product manufacturing units.
 - Uttar Pradesh envisions taking the production capacity of Green Hydrogen / Green Ammonia up to 1 million metric tonnes per year by 2028.
 - The policy includes a 30% capital subsidy, which can go up to 40% for the first four projects in the state.



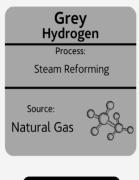




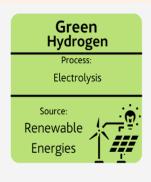


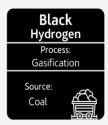
Green Hydrogen

- Green hydrogen is produced by splitting water into hydrogen (H2) and oxygen (O2) through electrolysis **powered** by renewable energy sources like solar power, or via biomass gasification.
- Its uses include fuel cell electric vehicles (FCEVs), industrial uses such as fertilizers and the refineries sector, and transportation sectors like road and rail.
- Other Types of Hydrogen:

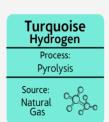


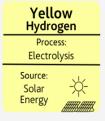








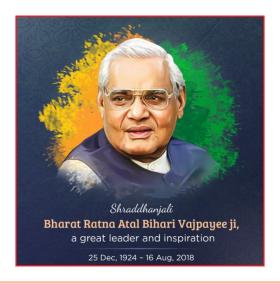




Death Anniversary of Atal Bihari Vajpayee

Why in News?

Prime Minister Narendra Modi, along with President Droupadi Murmu and other dignitaries, paid floral tributes to former Prime Minister Atal Bihari Vajpayee on his seventh death anniversary (16th Aug) at his memorial, 'Sadaiv Atal', in New Delhi.















Key Points About Atal Bihari Vajpayee

- Atal Bihari Vajpayee: Born on 25th December, 1924 in the erstwhile princely state of Gwalior (now a part of Madhya Pradesh).
 - ★ He entered in national politics during the Quit India Movement (1942) which hastened the end of British colonial rule.
- Professional Career: In 1947, Vajpayee started working as a journalist for newspapers of **Deendayal Upadhyaya** — **Rashtradharma** (a Hindi monthly), Panchjanya (a Hindi weekly) and the dailies Swadesh and Veer Arjun.
 - ★ Later, influenced by Syama Prasad Mookerjee, Vajpayee joined the Bharatiya Jana Sangh in
- Political Journey: He served as India's Prime Minister three times (1996; 1998–2004): first term (16th May – 1st June **1996**, about **13 days**), second term (19th March 1998 – 13th October 1999), and third term (13th October 1999 – 22nd May 2004).
 - ★ He was elected nine times to the Lok Sabha and twice to the Rajya Sabha.
- Awards and Recognition: He was conferred with the country's highest civilian honour, the Bharat Ratna in 2015 and second-highest civilian honour, the Padma Vibhushan in 1994.
 - * As a parliamentarian, Vajpayee was awarded with the **Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant Award** for Best Parliamentarian in 1994, which defines him as "a role model par excellence for all legislators."
 - ★ His birthday is observed as Good Governance Day.
- Pemise: A revered former Prime Minister, he passed away on 16th August 2018.
- Key Achievements:
 - ★ He launched the Golden Quadrilateral Project, creating a network of four national highways connecting Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai, and Kolkata.

- ★ Through second-generation economic reforms, he liberalized India's economy, fostering industrial growth and attracting foreign investment.
- He led the nation during the Pokhran Nuclear Tests (1998), which established India as a nuclear power while emphasizing peace and non-aggression.
- He inaugurated **Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak** Yojana (PMGSY) in 2000 for better connectivity and transportation in rural India.

Eternal Flame of Homeopathy Award to Dr PK Shukla

Why in News?

Senior homeopathic physician Dr PK Shukla from Lucknow was awarded the **Eternal Flame of Homeopathy Award** for his outstanding contributions to homeopathy.

The award was presented by cricketing legend Sunil Gavaskar at the 4th All India Homeopathy Research Summit 2025, held on 16th August 2025 at JW Marriott, Goa, and organised by Burnet **Homeopathy Private Limited.**

Homeopathy

- Homeopathy is a medical system that **stimulates** the body's natural healing ability, using highly diluted substances to enhance effects and reduce side effects.
- Introduced in India in the 18th century, World Homeopathy Day is observed every 10th April to honor its founder, Dr. Hahnemann.

Note: Crosspathy is the practice where healthcare professionals provide treatments or prescribe medicines beyond their recognized expertise, such as AYUSH practitioners (Ayurveda, Yoga, Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha, Homeopathy) performing procedures or prescribing drugs usually reserved for allopathic (modern) medicine.













AYUSH Systems of Medicine

Lord Brahma is believed to

be the f

proponent of

Ayurveda

AYUSH encompasses Ayurveda, Yoga & Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha, Sowa Rigpa, and Homeopathy, with Ayurveda having a documented history of 5000+ years.

Ayurveda

(5) Samhita Period (1000 BC): Emerged as mature medical system

() Charaka Samhita: Oldest and most authoritative text

(Sushruta Samhita: Gives fundamental principles and therapeutic methods in eight specialties

(9) Main Schools:

- Punarvasu Atreya School of physicians
- Divodasa Dhanvantari School of surgeons

Branches of Ayurveda:

- Kayachikitsa (internal medicine)
- Shalya Tantra (surgery)
- Shalakya Tantra (disease of supraclavicular origin)
- Kaumarabhritya (paediatrics)

- Agada Tantra (toxicology)
- Bhootavidya (psychiatry)
- Rasayana Tantra (rejuvenation and geriatrics)
- Vajikarana (eugenics & science of aphrodisiac)

Unani

Pioneered in Greece, developed by Arabs as 7 principles (Umoor-e-Tabbiya)

- (9) Based on the framework of teachings of **Bugrat** (Hippocrates) and Jalinoos (Galen)
 - (Hippocratic theory of four humors viz. blood, phlegm, yellow bile, and black bile
- Recognised by WHO and granted official status by India as an alternative health system

Siddha

Dates back to 10000 - 4000 BC; Siddhar Agasthiyar - Father of Siddha Medicine

- Preventive, promotive, curative, rejuvenative, and rehabilitative health care
- (9) 4 Components: Latro-chemistry, Medical practice, Yogic practice & Wisdom
- (9) Diagnosis based on 3 humors (Mukkuttram) and 8 vital tests (Ennvagai Thervu)

Sowa Rigpa

Origin: Lord Buddha in India before 2500 years

- (9) Traditional medicine in Himalayan regions of Ladakh, Himachal Pradesh, Arunachal Pradesh, etc.
- (9) Recognised in India by Indian Medicine Central Council Act,1970 (As amended in 2010)

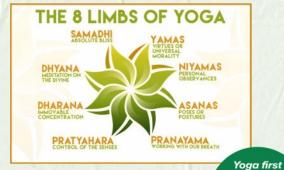
Homeopathy

German physician Dr. Christian F. S. Hahnemann codified its fundamental principles

- (s) Medicines prepared mainly from natural substances (plant products, minerals, animal
- (9) Brought in India by European missionaries - 1810; official recognition - 1948
- (9) 3 Key Principles:
 - Similia Similibus Curentur (let likes be cured by likes)
 - Single Medicine
 - Minimum Dose



Yoga & Naturopathy



(9) Naturopathy: Healing with help of 5 natural elements - Earth, Water, Air, Fire and Ether

Yogsutra Based on theories of self-healing capacity of body and principles of healthy living

Encourages a person-centred approach rather than disease-centred

Prepare with DrishtilAS





propounded

by Maharishi

Patanjali in

systematic form









UP Universities Shine on Sodhganga Portal

Why in News?

On University Grants Commission's (UGC) Sodhganga portal, three universities from Uttar Pradesh secured places among the country's **Top 10 institutions** in terms of uploaded research theses.

Key Points

- On the Shodhganga portal, which hosts over 6,20,000 theses from 840 universities nationwide, Uttar Pradesh's institutions have emerged as significant contributors, with Aligarh Muslim University (AMU), Kanpur University, and Banaras Hindu University (BHU) securing prominent positions—underscoring the state's growing emphasis on higher education, research, and academic excellence.
- **Top 10 National Universities:**
 - Anna University (17028 theses)
 - University of Madras (15396)
 - University of Calcutta (14837)
 - Savitribai Phule Pune University (13403)
 - University of Mumbai (12527)
 - Andhra University (10736)
 - ★ Aligarh Muslim University (10709): 7th among top contributors (1st in UP).
 - ★ Chhatrapati Sahuji Maharaj University (10279): 8th among top contributors (2nd in UP).
 - Panjab University (9890)
 - ★ Banaras Hindu University (9600): (3rd in UP).
- Other UP Universities' Contributions:
 - ★ Lucknow University: 8,683 theses
 - Chaudhary Charan Singh University, Meerut: 3.645 theses
 - ★ Bundelkhand University: 2,335 theses
 - → Pt. Deendayal Upadhyay Gorakhpur University: 1,161 theses
 - Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam Technical University, Lucknow: 462 theses

Shodhqanga: A Digital **Repository of Indian Theses**

- About: Shodhganga is a digital repository of Indian electronic theses and dissertations, hosted and maintained by the INFLIBNET Centre.
 - ★ It provides open access to M.Phil. and Ph.D. research, ensuring wider visibility, reducing duplication, and enhancing research quality across Indian universities.
- Mandate: Under the UGC (Minimum Standards & Procedure for Award of M.Phil./Ph.D. Degree) Regulation, 2009 (amended 2016), all researchers are required to submit electronic versions of their theses to facilitate global access and preservation.

Significance:

- * "Shodh" means research; "Ganga" symbolizes India's rich cultural heritage. Together, Shodhganga represents the reservoir of Indian intellectual output.
- It prevents duplication of research, promotes quality, and preserves scholarly work digitally.

University Integration:

- Universities can maintain their own institutional repositories while using Shodhganga as a central backup.
- Metadata from distributed repositories is harvested centrally to provide unified access to all theses.

153rd Birth Anniversary of Sri Aurobindo

Why in News?

On 15th August 2025, PM Narendra Modi paid tribute to the philosopher and freedom fighter Sri Aurobindo on his 153rd birth anniversary, acknowledging his profound impact on India's nation-building journey.

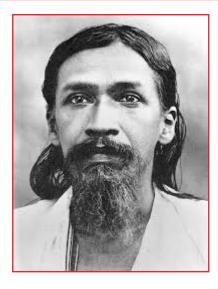
• He highlighted that Aurobindo's philosophy and spirituality guided the nation's growth toward realizing its potential.











Key Facts About Sri Aurobindo

- About: Aurobindo Ghose was born in Calcutta on 15th August 1872. He was a yogi, seer, philosopher, poet, and Indian nationalist who propounded a philosophy of divine life on earth through spiritual evolution.
 - ★ He died on 5th December 1950 in Pondicherry.
- **Education:**
 - ★ His education began in a Christian convent school in Darjeeling.
 - ★ He entered the University of Cambridge, where he became proficient in two classical and several modern European languages.
 - ★ He returned to India in February 1893 at the age of twenty-one and commenced his service in the Baroda State.
 - ★ He began the study of Yoga and Indian languages, including classical Sanskrit.
- Indian Revolutionary Movement: From 1902 to **1910**, he partook in the struggle to free India from the British. As a result of his political activities, he was imprisoned in 1908 (Alipore Bomb case).
- Spirituality: In Pondichéry, he founded a community of spiritual seekers (1910), which took shape as the Sri Aurobindo Ashram in 1926.
 - ★ He believed that the basic principles of matter, life, and mind would be succeeded through

terrestrial evolution by the principle of supermind as an intermediate power between the two spheres of the infinite and the finite.

- Literary Works:
 - ★ In 1906, he became the editor of Bande Mataram, an English newspaper (founded by Bipin Chandra Pal in 1905).
 - Bases of Yoga
 - Bhagavad Gita and Its Message
 - ★ The Future Evolution of Man
 - Rebirth and Karma
 - ★ Savitri: A Legend and a Symbol
 - ★ Hour of God
- The Five Dreams of Sri Aurobindo: In 1947, upon India's independence, Aurobindo shared his five dreams, which included a free and united India, the resurgence of Asia, a global union for a fairer life, India's spiritual gift to the world, and a transformative step in human evolution towards higher consciousness and societal perfection.
- Auroville: Auroville, founded by Mirra Alfassa (The Mother) in 1968, is an experimental township in Pondicherry that embodies Aurobindo's vision of a global, spiritually united community.
 - Endorsed by UNESCO in 1966, it emphasizes sustainable living and addresses humanity's future cultural, environmental, social, and spiritual needs.

Karikot Village Wins ICRT Award 2025

Why in News?

Karikot village, located in the Bahraich district of Uttar Pradesh, has been selected for the prestigious Indian Subcontinental Responsible Tourism (ICRT) Award 2025.

This award is presented by the ICRT India Foundation and is supported by the Ministry of Tourism.

Key Points

• ICRT Award 2025: The award honors leaders in sustainable tourism, emphasizing the reduction of













negative impacts and the enhancement of positive ones, and will be presented in **New Delhi** on 13th September 2025.

- Categories: The awards ceremony will recognize institutions undervarious categories, like One to Watch, Silver, and Gold.
- Criteria: The panel evaluated entries based on authenticity, replicability, community involvement, and long-term impact.
 - Karikot stood out for its innovative and community-driven approach to rural tourism, making it a prime example of sustainability and impact.
- Karikot Village Model: Karikot, located near the India-Nepal border and adjacent to the Katarniaghat Wildlife Sanctuary, sees tourism initiatives driven primarily by the Tharu tribal community, focusing on homestays, eco-tourism, and cultural immersion experiences.
 - ★ These initiatives have helped revive traditional Tharu crafts, cuisine, and folk arts, turning Karikot into a living museum of Tharu heritage.
 - Karikot's community-driven and sustainable tourism model has created long-term benefits and new livelihood opportunities, especially for women and youth.
- Uttar Pradesh's Rural Tourism Strategy: Karikot's recognition underscores the state's effort to make rural tourism a key development focus, supported by initiatives like the UP Bed & Breakfast and Homestay Policy 2025 and eco-tourism promotion.

Tharu Tribe

- Meaning of 'Tharu': The word tharu is believed to be derived from sthavir, meaning followers of Theravada Buddhism.
- Habitat: The Tharu community belongs to the Terai lowlands, amid the Shivaliks or lower Himalayas.
 - → Terai is a region of northern India and southern Nepal running parallel to the lower ranges of the Himalayas.
 - The Tharus live in both India and Nepal. In the Indian terai, they live mostly in Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh, and Bihar.

- Scheduled Tribe: Tharu is a scheduled tribe in the states of Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh, and Bihar.
- Occupation: Most of them are forest dwellers, and some practice agriculture.
- Language: They speak various dialects of Tharu, a language of the Indo-Aryan subgroup, and variants of Hindi, Urdu, and Awadhi.

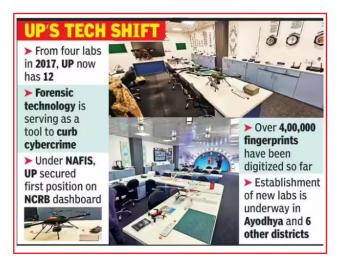
ICRT India Foundation

- ICRT India Foundation was founded in 2017 to support and expand Responsible Tourism in India.
- It backs the Cape Town Declaration of Responsible Tourism (2002) and promotes its principles.
- The Foundation signed and supports the 2022 Responsible Tourism Charter, signed on Magna Carta Island.

India's 1st Drone Forensic Lab

Why in News?

In a first-of-its-kind initiative in the country, a drone forensic lab has been established at the Uttar Pradesh State Institute of Forensic Science (UPSIFS) in Lucknow.



Key Points

About: The lab was inaugurated by Uttar Pradesh ChiefMinisterYogiAdityanathandisconceptualized

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and established by Milind Raj, an expert in robotics and drone technology, also known as the 'Drone Man of India.'

- Functions: The lab will enable police to track, decode, and investigate drones in real-time, helping forensic experts determine the drone's flight path, take-off location, payload capacity, and potential hazards like explosives.
 - ★ It will facilitate forensic postmortems of drones to assess their intent and threat potential, helping law enforcement understand drones used in unlawful activities.
- Training: The lab will serve as a training center for police personnel and forensic experts, offering hands-on experience with unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs).
 - ★ It will help build a dedicated drone force within UP Police, enabling swift responses to incidents involving drones for security surveillance, crowd monitoring, and potential criminal activities.
- **Technological Innovation and Future Impact:** The lab is equipped with advanced data acquisition tools, reverse-engineering systems, customized kits, and hi-tech computing systems, making it possible to trace and analyze drones used in unlawful activities.
- Applications: The lab's applications include safeguarding sensitive zones like borders, prisons, and airports, as well as aiding in disaster management and search-and-rescue operations.

Varanasi: India's First City to Install Solar Panels **Between Railway Tracks**

Why in News?

Varanasi is the first city in India to install portable solar panels between railway tracks, promoting sustainable energy.

This **pilot project** at Banaras Locomotive Works (BLW) supports Indian Railways' goal of reducing its carbon footprint and achieving net-zero emissions.



Key Points

- About: The installation features solar panel system spanning 70 meters of railway track, with 28 panels of 15 kWp capacity, generating 880 units per kilometre daily and a power density of 220 kWp per kilometre.
- Panel Design: The solar panels are removable for easy maintenance and seasonal adaptation, mounted on sleepers with an indigenously designed installation procedure to ensure secure and safe attachment without disrupting train traffic.
 - Rubber mounting pads reduce vibrations from passing trains, epoxy adhesive secures the panels, and the space between tracks eliminates the need for extra land acquisition.
- Environmental and Operational Impact:
 - **Energy Generation Potential:** The scheme is expected to produce an estimated 3.21 lakh units per kilometre per year.
 - Indian Railways Network: With a track length of 1.2 lakh km, this technology has the potential to be deployed extensively across the network, especially on yard lines.
 - The solar panels complement existing rooftop solar power plants installed within BLW premises, further strengthening Indian Railways' renewable energy commitment.











Chevening-Atal Bihari Vajpayee Scholarship Scheme

Why in News?

The Uttar Pradesh government has signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with the United Kingdom's Foreign, Commonwealth & Development Office (FCDO) for the Chevening-Atal Bihari Vajpayee Uttar Pradesh State Government Scholarship Scheme.

Key Points

- About: The MoU was signed in Lucknow by Lindy Cameron, the British High Commissioner to India, in the presence of **Chief Minister Yogi Adityanath**.
 - ★ The UP Cabinet recently approved the scheme, with the state government allocating Rs 2 crore for the program in the current financial year (2025-26).
 - ★ The scheme will provide five meritorious students from Uttar Pradesh with the opportunity to pursue master's degrees at leading UK universities every year.
- Objective: The scholarship aims to empower meritorious students from Uttar Pradesh by enabling them to achieve excellence in education, research, and leadership at the international level.
 - ★ It is designed to transform the state's education system and prepare students for global leadership roles.
- Program Timeline: The program will begin in the 2025-26 academic session and run for three years, with the potential for renewal from the 2028-29 session.
- Financials: The scholarship will cover tuition, examination and research fees, living allowances, and airfare to and from the UK.
- Cost: The estimated total cost per student is between £38,048 to £42,076 (Rs 45-48 lakh).
 - ★ State Contribution: Approximately £19,800 (Rs 23 lakh).
 - ★ FCDO Contribution: The remainder of the funding.

- Student Selection: Five students will receive full scholarships each year to study at prestigious UK universities, including the University of Oxford, the University of Cambridge, the University of Edinburgh, and the London School of Economics and Political Science.
- **Strategic Importance:** The scheme reflects the growing collaboration between India and the UK, particularly after Prime Minister Narendra Modi's recent visit to the UK, where he signed the Trade Agreement and Vision 35, opening new avenues for business and education.

World Humanitarian Day

Why in News?

On August 19th, World Humanitarian Day is observed to recognize the dedicated efforts of those who risk their lives to assist others in times of crisis. It also serves as a day to show support for the millions of people whose lives are endangered due to conflict and disasters.

Key Points

- About: World Humanitarian Day, led by the United Nations Office for the Coordination Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA), advocates for the well-being, dignity, and survival of people affected by crises, as well as the safety of humanitarian workers.
- History: On 19th August 2003, a bomb attack on the Canal Hotel in Baghdad killed 22 humanitarian aid workers, including Sergio Vieira de Mello, the UN Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Iraq.
 - ★ In his honor, the <u>United Nations General</u> Assembly adopted a resolution to designate this day as World Humanitarian Day (WHD).
- **Theme:** This year's theme calls for ending attacks on humanitarians and civilians and ending impunity under International Humanitarian Law, urging those in power to #ActForHumanity.
 - ★ The #ActForHumanity campaign with a call for:











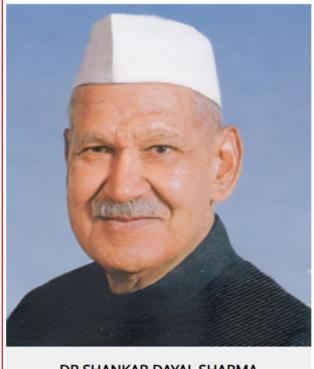


- Protection of humanitarian workers and the civilians they serve
- Upholding international humanitarian law
- Funding the vital lifelines humanitarian aid provides

104th Birth Anniversary of Dr Shanker Dayal Sharma

Why in News?

On the occasion of Dr. Shanker Dayal Sharma's 104th birth anniversary, the ninth President of India (served from 25th July 1992 to 25th July 1997), President Droupadi Murmu paid floral tributes at Rashtrapati Bhavan.



DR SHANKAR DAYAL SHARMA 9th President Of India

Key Facts About Dr Shanker Dayal Sharma

• About: Dr Shanker Dayal Sharma, born on 19th August 1918 (Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh), was an esteemed lawyer, politician, and the President of India.

- ★ He played a crucial role in India's independence struggle and made significant contributions in various political capacities.
- Education: Dr Sharma pursued his higher education at Agra and Lucknow Universities.
 - ★ After obtaining a doctorate in law from Cambridge University, he attended Lincoln's Inn in London and Harvard University.
 - ★ He began his legal practice in 1940 in Lucknow.
- Literary Work: He was also a noted poet and writer. He authored several books and edited prestigious publications such as the Lucknow Law Journal (1941-43) and Socialist India (1971-74).
- Political Journey: He became a member of the erstwhile Bhopal Legislative Assembly from 1952 to 1956 and went on to serve as the youngest Chief Minister of the state.
 - ★ He was re-elected to the Madhya Pradesh Legislative Assembly from 1956 to 1971 and also served as the Governor of Andhra Pradesh, Punjab, and Maharashtra.
 - ★ In 1971, he was elected to the Lok Sabha and served as the Minister of Communications from 1974 to 1977.
- Vice-Presidency and Presidency: In 1984, Dr. Sharma was elected as the eighth Vice President of India, serving in that role for two terms until he was elected as the President of India in 1992.
 - ★ In October 2000, President Shri K.R. Narayanan released a special commemorative postage stamp in honor of Dr. Shankar Dayal Sharma.
- Death: Dr Shanker Dayal Sharma passed away on 26th December 1999, following a massive heart attack.

Some Facts About the Office of the President of India

- **Two Terms**: The only President of India to have served two terms is Dr. Rajendra Prasad.
- Presidential Deaths: So far, two Presidents, Dr. Zakir Hussain and Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed, have passed away during their term in office.











- Acting President: When Dr. Zakir Hussain passed away in May 1969, the then Vice-President, V.V. Giri became the acting President.
 - ★ Following this, V.V. Giri resigned to contest the presidential election.
- CJI as Acting President: After V.V. Giri's resignation, Chief Justice M. Hidayatullah served as the officiating President from 20th July 1969 to 24th August 1969.

Note: Justice Hidayatullah is the only person in Indian history to have served in all three highest constitutional offices: Chief Justice of India, Acting President and Vice President.

Presidents of India (1950-2025)							
S.No.	Name	Term Start	Term End	Duration	Key Details		
1	Dr. Rajendra Prasad	26 th January 1950	13 th May 1962	12 years, 107 days	First President of India; Only President to serve two terms		
2	Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan	13 th May 1962	13 th May 1967	5 years	Philosopher-President; Teacher's Day celebrated on his birthday		
3	Dr. Zakir Husain	13 th May 1967	3 rd May 1969	1 year, 355 days	First Muslim President; Died in office		
Acting	V.V. Giri	3 rd May 1969	20 th July 1969	78 days	Acting President after Zakir Husain's death		
Acting	Justice Mohammad Hidayatullah	20 th July 1969	24 th August 1969	35 days	CJI acted as President; V.V. Giri resigned to contest election		
4	V.V. Giri	24 th August 1969	24 th August 1974	5 years	Won as independent candidate against official Congress nominee		
5	Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed	24 th August 1974	11 th February 1977	2 years, 171 days	Died in office during Emergency period		
Acting	B.D. Jatti	11 th February 1977	25 th July 1977	164 days	Acting President; Former Chief Minister of Karnataka		
6	Neelam Sanjiva Reddy	25 th July 1977	25 th July 1982	5 years	First President elected unopposed		
7	Giani Zail Singh	25 th July 1982	25 th July 1987	5 years	First Sikh President		
8	R. Venkataraman	25 th July 1987	25 th July 1992	5 years	Former Vice President and Defence Minister		
9	Dr. Shankar Dayal Sharma	25 th July 1992	25 th July 1997	5 years	Former Chief Minister of Madhya Pradesh		
10	K.R. Narayanan	25 th July 1997	25 th July 2002	5 years	First Dalit President; Career diplomat		
11	Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam	25 th July 2002	25 th July 2007	5 years	"People's President"; Missile Man of India		
12	Pratibha Patil	25 th July 2007	25 th July 2012	5 years	First Woman President of India		
13	Pranab Mukherjee	25 th July 2012	25 th July 2017	5 years	Veteran politician; Former Finance Minister		
14	Ram Nath Kovind	25 th July 2017	25 th July 2022	5 years	Second Dalit President; Former Governor of Bihar		
15	Droupadi Murmu	25 th July 2022	Current	3+ years	Current President (2025); First tribal woman President		















10th Anniversary of **National Anubhav Awards**

Why in News?

Dr. Jitendra Singh, Union Minister of State for the Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions, awarded the 8th "National Anubhav Awards" during the ceremony at Vigyan Bhawan, alongside the 57th Pre-Retirement Counselling Workshop.

Key Points

- Awards 2025: The 10th anniversary of the Anubhav Awards in 2025 highlighted significant milestones in governance and diversity.
 - ★ One-third of this year's awardees were women, reflecting the increasing presence of women officials in governance.
 - ★ A total of 15 awardees from 11 ministries and **departments** were honored, including officers from a public sector bank and a central public sector enterprise for the first time.
- Notable Awardees:
 - ★ M. Venkatesan: Recognized for his service. during critical times, including the 2014 Kashmir floods and Ukraine evacuation of 2022.
 - ★ Hukum Singh Meena: Led the digitization of land records in over 6.4 lakh villages.
 - ★ Shalini Kacker (SBI): Instrumental in Direct Benefit Transfer, pension reforms, and Digital Life Certificate campaigns.
 - O. Virupakshappa (Department of Posts): Expanded postal savings and insurance schemes in rural areas.
 - ★ Saju P.K. (CRPF): Served in sensitive operational areas like Assam and Pulwama.
- Pre-Retirement Counselling: The event included pre-retirement counselling to inform soon-to-retire employees about pension procedures, health benefits, investment options, and income tax
- New Initiatives Launched: The event saw the release of several initiatives, including:

- ★ Guidelines for the Digital Life Certificate Campaign 4.0.
- ★ A Coffee Table e-Book highlighting success stories from Special Campaign 2.0.
- Plans have also been announced to use artificial intelligence to analyze memoirs submitted on the Anubhav portal.

National Anubhav Awards

- About: The Anubhav Awards, initiated by the Department of Pension and Pensioners' Welfare (DoPPW), is designed to recognize and document the experiences of retiring and retired Central Government employees.
 - ★ Launched in March 2015 on the direction of the Prime Minister of India, the objective is to create a culture of sharing experiences, fostering good governance administrative reforms through the Anubhav Portal.
- **Eligibility:** Retiring Central Government employees/pensioners are eligible. Write-ups published on the Anubhav Portal, during the time frame notified by DoPPW, are considered for the awards.

UP Leads in PM-Surya Ghar Yojana

Why in News?

In July 2025, Uttar Pradesh (UP) became the leading state in the country for daily solar installations under the PM-Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana.

Key Points

- About: In July, UP surpassed Gujarat (830/day) and Maharashtra (781/day) by installing 891 solar units per day, compared to being behind them in April 2025.
 - ★ The state has set a new daily solar installation target of 1,300 to further scale up efforts.
- **Key Strategies:** UP is prioritizing solar installations in its development strategy, with a revised focus on training and empowering Surya Mitras (solar













workers), emphasizing **entrepreneurship** and customer satisfaction.

- ★ As part of this effort, the five best-performing Surya Mitras were felicitated during an inhouse program marking Akshay Urja Diwas.
- Impact: The state's efforts have led to the expansion of the <u>renewable energy</u> vendor network, which has grown from 86 vendors at the launch of the <u>PM</u> Surya Ghar Scheme to over 3,000 vendors currently.
 - ★ This growth is driving employment in the solar sector and supporting UP's goal of becoming a one trillion-dollar economy by 2029.
- Long-Term Goals: UP plans to achieve 22 gigawatts of installed solar capacity by 2027, supported by a favorable policy framework and public-private partnerships to accelerate progress.

Category	Details
State Solar Potential	23 GW
Installed Solar Power	2,632 MW
Capacity	
Solar Capacity to be Added	2,000 MW
under PM KUSUM Scheme	
Total Electricity	40,191 MW (30,003 MW
Generation Capacity (by	operational)
FY 2028)	
Uttar Pradesh Solar Energy	14 GW of Utility Scale Solar
Policy 2022	Energy power projects
	planned by FY 2028
Green Power Tariff	Rs. 0.54 per kWh (50% of
	additional cost)
Net Billing / Net Feed-In	Introduced under UPERC
	for Rooftop Solar PV Grid-
	Interactive System (Gross/
	Net Metering)

Key Facts About PM-Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana

About: The PM Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana, launched in February 2024 by the Ministry of New and Renewable Energy (MNRE), aims to provide free electricity to one crore households by installing rooftop solar panels.

- ★ With a total budget of Rs 75,021 crore, the scheme is planned for implementation until FY 2026-27.
- ✓ It offers up to 300 units of free electricity
 per month and provides a subsidy covering
 up to 40% of the installation cost, promoting
 widespread solar energy adoption across
 the country.
- Eligibility: Indian citizens, homeowners, valid electricity connection, and no prior solar subsidy.
- Implementation: It will be implemented by the National Programme Implementation Agency (NPIA) at the national level and State Implementation Agencies (SIA) at the state level.
- Key Components:
 - Central Financial Assistance (CFA): Provides financial support to residential consumers for installing rooftop solar panels through the National Portal.
 - Model Solar Village: Create one Model Solar Village per district, promoting solar energy adoption.

Shree Kashi Vishwanath Dham is Plastic-Free Zone

Why in News?

The **Shree Kashi Vishwanath Dham** in **Varanasi** was officially declared a **plastic-free zone** from **11**th **August 2025**.

Key Points

- About: A series of measures were introduced to eliminate plastic use within the temple premises, making it a model of sustainability and ecofriendliness.
- Initiative and Ban: Following a complete ban on single-use plastics ahead of the Shravan month, the authorities at Kashi Vishwanath Dham have also imposed a blanket ban on plastic utensils used

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for carrying water, milk for offerings, and plastic baskets used for carrying flowers and other worship materials.

• Eco-Friendly Alternatives: To support this initiative, vendors were provided with eco-friendly baskets made of bamboo strips and stainless steel along with other metal utensils.

Shree Kashi Vishwanath Temple

- Location: Varanasi, on the western bank of the Ganga River, India's holiest river.
- Significance:
 - ★ Oldest surviving city and cultural capital of India.
 - It enshrines the <u>Jyotirlinga of Shiva</u>, Vishweshwara (Vishwanath), which is one of the twelve Jyotirlingas.
 - ★ The temple has been a spiritual center for many great saints such as Adi Shankaracharya, Ramkrishna Paramhansa, Swami Vivekananda, Goswami Tulsidas, Maharshi Dayanand Saraswati, Gurunanak, etc.
- Temple Construction:
 - ★ Built in 1780 by Maharani Ahilya Bai Holkar of Indore.
 - Naubatkhana (Naqqar Khana) was added in 1785 by Collector Mohd. Ibrahim Khan (at the behest of Governor General Warren Hastings).
 - In 1839, Maharaja Ranjit Singh donated gold to cover two domes; the third dome remains uncovered.

Renaming of Jalalabad to Parashurampuri

Why in News?

The Union Home Ministry has officially approved the renaming of Jalalabad town in Uttar Pradesh's Shahjahanpur district to Parashurampuri.

Key Points

- About: The Union government has directed the Uttar Pradesh government to notify the new name, Parashurampuri, and register it in both <u>Devnagri</u> (<u>Hindi</u>) and Roman (English) scripts, along with all regional languages.
 - ★ The Uttar Pradesh government, in its request to the Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA), had emphasized that Jalalabad is recognized as the birthplace of Parashuram, the saint, and is home to an ancient temple dedicated to him.
- History: Jalalabad was established around 1560 and was named after Mughal emperor <u>Jalal-ud-din</u> <u>Muhammad Akbar</u> (Son of Humayun), popularly known as Akbar the Great.
 - ★ The state government began developing Jalalabad as a tourist destination in 2016.
- Process of Renaming District: The Centre has no role in altering or creating districts, as states have the authority to make such decisions, but the Home Ministry is involved when a state seeks to change the name of a district or railway station.
 - ★ The State government's request is sent to other departments and agencies such as the Ministry of Earth Sciences, Intelligence Bureau, Department of Posts, Geographical Survey of India Sciences and the Railway Ministry seeking clearance.
 - ★ A no-objection certificate may be issued after examining their replies.

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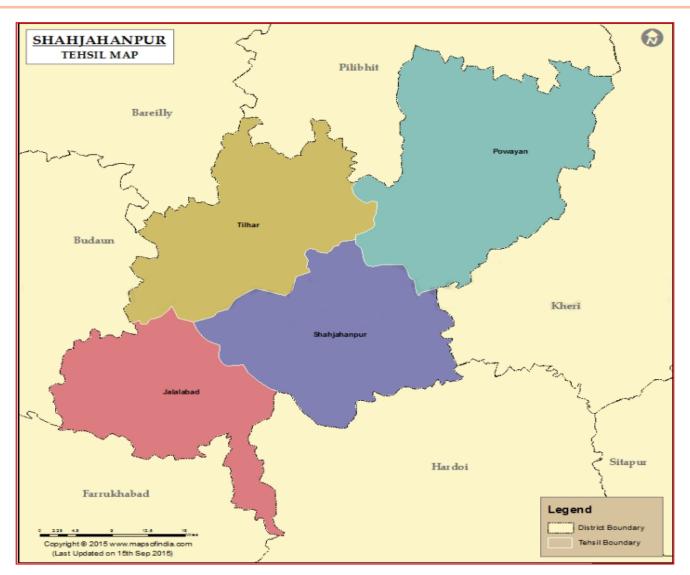


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Places Previously Renamed in UP					
Old Name	New Name	Old Name	New Name		
Allahabad	Prayagaraj	Faizabad	Ayodhya		
Mughalsarai Railway Station	Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyay Nagar	Jhansi Railway Station	Veerangana Laxmi Bai		
Banaras	Varanasi				

Uttar Pradesh Footwear, Leather, and Non-Leather Area Development Policy 2025

Why in News?

In a move to enhance UP's status in the global footwear, leather sector, the Uttar Pradesh (UP) government has approved the Uttar Pradesh Footwear, Leather, and Non-Leather Area Development Policy 2025.









Key Features of Policy

- Export Boost: The policy seeks to boost Uttar Pradesh's share in **leather and non-leather exports** by attracting international investments, with dedicated investment drives conducted in countries like China and Japan.
- Modernization: **Emphasis** upgrading on technology, modernizing production facilities, and launching training programs to improve product quality and generate employment.
 - ★ Establishment of Centres of Excellence (CoEs) in the leather and footwear sector.
 - ★ Grants to support IPR (Intellectual Property) Rights) development, covering up to Rs. 1 crore per unit.
- **Skill Development**: Training centers will focus on upskilling youth, with specialized courses designed in partnership with educational institutions.
 - ★ Targeted to create approximately 22 lakh jobs in the sector over the next five years, with a significant focus on employing women and people with disabilities.
- Dedicated Leather Parks: The government will create large plots of land and establish dedicated leather parks with plug-and-play facilities, waste treatment plants. and state-of-the-art infrastructure.
 - * Kanpur, Agra, and Unnao will see the establishment of mega-leather parks to cater to growing demand.
 - ★ Special incentives for setting up operations in underserved areas like Bundelkhand and Purvanchal.
- Financial Incentive: The policy includes provisions to support both new and existing businesses by providing incentives and subsidies for setting up new leather parks and clusters.
 - ★ 25% Capital Subsidy for setting up leather parks or clusters on 50+ acres.
 - ★ 100% Exemption on Stamp Duty for land purchase related to the project.
 - ★ Reimbursement of 50% transportation costs for exporting products to markets outside Nepal, Bangladesh, and Bhutan for the first three years.

- Sustainability Focus: 50% Reimbursement for adopting carbon credit certification, renewable energy certifications, and energy audits.
 - **₹ 75% Subsidy** for obtaining international sustainability certifications.
 - Support for adopting biodegradable tanning agents and waterless dyeing technologies.

Industry Insights

- Market Positioning: UP is one of India's leading hubs for leather and footwear, contributing nearly 46% of India's total leather exports.
- **Key Locations**: **Agra** is renowned as the **'Footwear** Capital of India,' while Kanpur is a major player in leather accessories and saddlery.
- Estimated Market Size: The market size of UP's **leather industry** is valued at approximately \$3.5 billion, with the footwear segment being a significant contributor.

First Khelo India Water **Sports Festival 2025**

Why in News?

The inaugural Khelo India Water Sports Festival (KIWSF) 2025 will be held at Dal Lake from 21st August **2025 to 23rd August 2025**, with over 400 participants competing in rowing, canoeing, and kayaking.

This will be the 2nd Khelo India event in Jammu & Kashmir, following the Khelo India Winter Games in **Gulmarg**, further establishing the region as India's winter sports hub.

















Key Points

- About: KIWSF 2025 is being organised jointly by the Sports Authority of India (SAI) and the Jammu & Kashmir Sports Council under the government's Khelo Bharat initiative.
- Objective: It aims to expand grassroots sports, generate local employment, and upgrade infrastructure.
- Events: It will be the first consolidated Open-age category championships where all 14 kayaking and canoeing events and the 10 rowing events are Olympic events.
 - ★ There will also be three demonstration events - water skiing, shikhara boat spring, and dragon boat race.
- Qualifications: The November 2024 kayaking and canoeing nationals in Tehri (Uttarakhand) served as a qualifier, with the top 15 in singles and doubles, and the top eight in fours, advancing to KIWSF.
 - ★ For rowing, the top eight from the nationals held in Bhopal in March 2025 will take part.
- Participants: The KIWSF will include athletes from 36 states and Union Territories, with the absence of a Services team.
 - ★ The Games will feature almost equal representation, with 409 athletes competing for medals, including 202 women.
 - ★ Madhya Pradesh (44), Haryana (37), Odisha (34), and Kerala (33) will have the largest contingent at KIWSF 2025.
 - ★ Gujarat, Puducherry, and West Bengal will have the smallest teams.

Khelo India

- Launched by the Indian government in 2017, Khelo India aims to revitalize the nation's sporting culture by engaging children at the grassroots level and enhancing infrastructure and academies for various sports.
 - ★ The initiative began with the Khelo India School Games in 2018 in New Delhi, and after the Indian Olympic Association (IOA) joined in 2018, the games were renamed to Khelo India Youth Games, with the first edition held in Pune in 2019.

- The Khelo India movement introduced the Khelo India Youth Games (KIYG), Khelo India University Games (KIUG), and Khelo India Winter Games (KIWG) as annual national sports events where youth from various states and universities showcase their skills and compete for medals.
 - ★ A new addition to the Khelo India calendar. the Khelo India Water Sports Festival and the Khelo India Beach Games, which took place in Diu in May 2025, highlight the expansion of events under this initiative.
- The Khelo India Youth Games, which started in 2018 with 18 sports, expanded to 27 sports in 2025 when held in Bihar, with competitions organized in the Under-17 and Under-21 categories for both boys and girls.
- The Khelo India Centres initiative, part of the Khelo India State Centres of Excellence (KISCE) scheme, focuses on strengthening sports infrastructure at the grassroots level in India.

India's Performance at IOAA 2025

Why in News?

India's national team emerged victorious at the 18th **International Olympiad on Astronomy and Astrophysics** (IOAA) 2025, held in Mumbai from 15th to 21st August, winning four gold medals and one silver medal.

The event, which saw participation from 288 students across 63 countries, marked another milestone for India's reputation in global science education.

Key Points

- Gold Medalists from India are:
 - ★ Aarush Mishra from Bengaluru
 - Banibrata Majee from Delhi
 - ★ Panini from Patna
 - ★ Akshat Srivastava from Kolkata
- **Silver Medalists from India** are:
 - ★ Sumant Gupta from Gurugram secured the silver medal, completing India's impressive medal haul.











- Competition Highlights: This year's IOAA gathered 288 students from around the globe, who participated in a series of practical and theoretical evaluations.
 - Iran stood out as the top performer, with all five of its team members securing gold medals.
- Closing Ceremony and Awards: The IOAA concluded on 21st August 2025, with a grand closing ceremony.
 - ★ 145 medals were awarded, including 50 golds, 44 silvers, and 51 bronzes. Anil Kakodkar, Chancellor of Homi Bhabha National Institute, congratulated the winners, praising their pursuit of scientific excellence and India's increasing investments in astronomy and space research.
- Global Participation: Countries like Australia and Hong Kong celebrated their first-time successes, with Australia securing a silver medal and Hong Kong also achieving a silver.
 - ★ Italy won three bronze medals, reflecting the growing global interest in space science education.
- About IOAA: The IOAA, established in 2007, is a premier global event for high-school students passionate about astronomy and astrophysics. This year, the event was organized by the Homi Bhabha Centre for Science Education (HBCSE), a part of the Tata Institute of Fundamental Research (TIFR).

Inauguration of the Kunj

Why in News?

Union Minister of Textiles Shri Giriraj Singh inaugurated "The Kunj", a flagship retail and cultural destination dedicated to celebrating and promoting the diverse heritage of Indian handlooms, located in New Delhi.

Key Points

- About: The Kunj is a pioneering initiative focused on empowering artisans, improving market access, and reimagining the craft sector with a designdriven, experiential approach.
 - Conceived and developed by the Office of the Development Commissioner (Handicrafts),

- this initiative aims to transform the craft sector through its unique design-led perspective.
- It is India's first initiative of its kind, designed to promote crafts on a large scale, aligning with the central government's vision of taking artisans "from gaon to global."
- The Kunj marks the start of a three-month inaugural celebration, offering a curated mix of retail showrooms, live craft demonstrations, artisan-led workshops, culinary experiences, and immersive exhibitions.
- The success of this initiative is anticipated to serve as a model for similar projects across India, strengthening the country's role as a global hub for traditional craftsmanship and handmade excellence.

UP Police's Savera Yojana

Why in News?

In observance of <u>World Senior Citizens' Day</u> on 21st August 2025, the UP Police's emergency wing, **UP-112**, launched a special initiative to reconnect with elderly residents enrolled in the **Savera Yojana**.

- The initiative focused on ensuring the safety, wellbeing, and dignity of senior citizens by conducting wellness checks and providing on-the-ground support.
- Police teams across districts contacted thousands of enrolled senior citizens to inquire about their health, safety concerns, and any challenges they were experiencing.

Savera Yojana

- Launched: The initiative was launched by Chief Minister of Uttar Pradesh Yogi Adityanath on 26th October 2019.
- Objective: It aims to establish a regular communityconnect with the citizens and resolve their personal and collective problems at the initial stage itself, in order to create a sense of security and safety among the citizens.
- Registration: Senior citizens can call UP-112 to register, and upon registration, they will receive security assistance from the nearest Police Station or Police Response Vehicle if needed.

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Special Cell: A special Senior Citizen Cell has been constituted at the district level and in every police station to help resolve issues concerning senior citizens.

World Senior Citizen Day

- World Senior Citizen Day is celebrated every year on 21st August to acknowledge the contributions of **senior citizens**, raise awareness about the challenges they face globally, and highlight the growing importance of the silver economy.
 - ★ Silver Economy refers to all economic activities, goods, and services catering to senior citizens.
- World Senior Citizen Day began in 1988 when US President Reagan designated 21st August to honor seniors and promote supportive policies.
- It is different from the International Day of Older Persons. The United Nations General Assembly designated 1st October as the International Day of Older Persons, which was first observed in 1991.

National Space Day Celebration

Why in News?

On National Space Day, observed on 23rd August, all schools in Lucknow celebrated India's advancements in space science.

- A new educational module, India A Rising Space **Power**, developed by **NCERT**, was also launched as part of the celebration.
- The event aims to inspire students toward careers science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM), with special assemblies, exhibitions, workshops, and online/offline sessions with experts.
- Resources like **Diksha**, **Nishtha** and the **India on** the Moon portal will also be used to keep students informed about space exploration.

National Space Day

About: The National Space Day commemorates the successful soft landing of the Chandrayaan-3 Mission's Vikram Lander and the deployment of the Pragyan Rover on the Moon on 23rd August 2023.

- ★ With the launch of Chandrayaan-3, India became the fourth nation to successfully land on the Moon and the first to reach its southern polar region.
- ★ India celebrated its first National Space Day on 23rd August 2024.
- Theme 2025: Aryabhatta to Gaganyaan: Ancient Wisdom to Infinite Possibilities
- Events:
 - ★ The National Meet 2025, themed "Leveraging Space Technology for Viksit Bharat 2047," gathered leaders to explore space tech's role in advancing national priorities across various sectors.
 - ★ Physical Research Laboratory (PRL) organised a workshop with the theme "Aryabhatta to Gaganyaan: Ancient Wisdom to Infinite Possibilities."
- Significance: It highlights India's space exploration capabilities and aims to inspire future generations pursue careers in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM), contributing to India's ongoing space endeavours.











GB Nagar and Shravasti Tops in Complaint Redressal

Why in News?

The **Uttar Pradesh** government released its **grievance** redressal report through the Integrated Grievance Redressal System, highlighting districts with the highest citizen satisfaction.

Key Points

- Police Complaint Redressal: Gautam Budh Nagar topped with a 98.72% satisfied feedback rate, followed by Pilibhit (98.23%), Ballia (96.04%), Basti (95.43%), and Shravasti (95.14%).
- District Magistrate Complaint Redressal: Shravasti led with 90.2% satisfaction, followed by Shahjahanpur (89.08%), Balrampur (83.44%), Hamirpur (82.15%), and Bareilly (80.11%).
- Mechanism for Transparency: Complaints cannot be closed by officers against whom they are filed; senior officials such as ADM, ASP, DCP, or DCP-level officers review resolutions and personally interact with complainants.

PM to Inaugurate **SEMICON India 2025**

Why in News?

PM Narendra Modi is set to inaugurate the 4th edition of **SEMICON India** 2025 on 2nd September 2025 at Yashobhoomi, New Delhi.

The event will be **India's largest semiconductor** and electronics exhibition, bringing together global leaders, industry experts, policymakers, and students to showcase advancements in the semiconductor ecosystem and reinforce India's vision of **Atmanirbhar Bharat**.

Key Points

SEMICON India: SEMICON India is one of eight annual SEMICON expositions globally hosted by **SEMI**, connecting executives, experts, and innovators in the semiconductor and electronics ecosystem.

- ★ **SEMI:** SEMI is a global industry association with over **3,000 member companies** and 1.5 million professionals worldwide, working to accelerate collaboration in semiconductor and electronics manufacturing.
- Theme: Buildina the Next Semiconductor Powerhouse.
- Participation: 33 countries, 50+ global CXOs, 350 exhibitors, 50+ visionary speakers, 6 international country roundtables, and 9 state pavilions.
- Focus Areas: Fabs, advanced packaging, smart manufacturing, AI, supply chain management, sustainability, workforce development, design innovations, and start-ups.
- India Semiconductor Mission (ISM): ISM, under MeitY, is the nodal agency for the **Semicon India Programme**, facilitating sustainable and globally competitive semiconductor manufacturing in India.
 - ★ ISM evaluates proposals, coordinates with governments, manages fiscal incentives, and ensures India becomes a trusted global hub for semiconductor and electronics manufacturing.

Shubhanshu Shukla Honoured in Lucknow

Why in News?

Group Captain Shubhanshu Shukla, the first Indian to travel to the International Space Station (ISS), received an overwhelming welcome upon his return to Lucknow, his hometown.

The **Uttar Pradesh government** organized a special felicitation ceremony at Lok Bhawan, where Chief Minister Yogi Adityanath honored Shubhanshu Shukla and his family.

Key Points

Scholarship: The CM announced the **establishment** of a scholarship in Shubhanshu's name for students pursuing space technology, highlighting that it had been four decades since an Indian had the opportunity to travel to space.













- ★ The state's active participation in space technology was also underscored, with more than a dozen institutions in Uttar Pradesh now offering related courses.
- Postal Stamp: India Post also launched a postal cover and stamp in honor of Shubhanshu's space mission.
- Mobile Innovation Programme: City Montessori School (CMS), Lucknow, in collaboration with Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam Technical University (AKTU), launched the "Shubhanshu Shukla Innovations Express", a mobile innovation programme to celebrate his feat.
- Role in Disaster Management: The CM also emphasized the crucial role of space technology in improving the management of natural disasters.

Shubhanshu Shukla

- Indian Air Force Group Captain Shubhanshu Shukla is the first Indian astronaut to travel to the International Space Station (ISS) on a private mission in 2025.
 - ★ It was led by NASA astronaut Peggy Whitson, and Shubhanshu Shukla served as the mission pilot.
- Phe is also the astronaut-designate for India's human spaceflight program, Gaganyaan.
- He boarded the **SpaceX** Dragon spacecraft from Kennedy Space Center in Florida as part of the Axiom Mission 4 (Ax-4), a joint venture between NASA and ISRO.
- The Axiom Mission 4 (Ax-4) involves astronauts from India, Poland, and Hungary and is the first such collaboration in over 40 years.
- The astronauts spent 14 days aboard the ISS conducting scientific experiments, educational outreach, and commercial activities with NASA and ISRO.
- Rakesh Sharma was the first Indian to travel to space in 1984 aboard the **Soviet** Soyuz T-11 mission under the Interkosmos program.

Lok Samvardhan Parv

Why in News?

The Ministry of Minority Affairs, Government of India, is organizing the 5th edition of Lok Samvardhan Parv from 26th August to 4th September, 2025, in Kochi, Kerala.

The event, marking the first-ever Lok Samvardhan Parv in Kerala, will showcase over 100 artisans and 15 culinary experts from across the country.

Key Points

- About: Lok Samvardhan Parv is a flagship initiative by the Ministry of Minority Affairs, designed to empower artisans, craftspersons, weavers, culinary experts, and entrepreneurs from minority communities by providing them with market linkages and national exposure.
- Objective: The festival aims to celebrate India's vibrant diversity and provide a platform for these communities to showcase their art, craft, and culinary talent.
 - ★ This initiative is aligned with the government's vision of promoting inclusive development self-reliance and among minority communities.
- Crafts: The festival will showcase a wide variety of traditional crafts, including:

Craft/Art	Region	
Zari and Chikankari	Uttar Pradesh	
Phulkari embroidery	Punjab	
Madhubani paintings	Bihar	
Blue Pottery	Rajasthan	
Pashmina weaving	Ladakh	
Bastar Iron Craft	Chhattisgarh	
Channapatna wooden toys	Karnataka	
Nettippattam making	Kerala	

India's Minority Communities

- Minority Communities: The Central Government determines minority status under the National Commission for Minorities Act (NCMA), 1992, officially recognizing Muslims, Sikhs, Christians, Buddhists, Jains (added in 2014), and Zoroastrians (Parsis) as minority communities.
 - ★ Together, they constitute around 19.3% of India's total population (Census 2011).
 - ★ While most states follow the central list, some, like Maharashtra, may have their own (e.g., Jews are a notified minority in Maharashtra).









Constitutional Provisions:

- Article 29 protects minorities' rights to preserve their distinct language, script, and culture, and prohibits discrimination based on religion, race, caste, or language.
- Article 30 grants minorities the right to establish and manage educational institutions.
- Institutions to Protect Minority Rights:
 - Ministry of Minority Affairs: Established in 2006, carved out from the Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment, coordinates programs for the socio-economic development of minority communities in India.
 - → National Commission for Minorities (NCM):

 Created under the NCMA 1992, the NCM safeguards the interests of minority groups in line with the Constitution and laws enacted by the Parliament.

National Teachers Awards 2025

Why in News?

Madhurima Tiwari (Mirzapur) and Ram Lal Singh Yadav (Bhadohi) from Uttar Pradesh have been selected for the National Teachers Awards, to be conferred on Teachers' Day (5 September 2025).

Teachers' Day marks the birth anniversary of <u>Dr.</u> Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan (1888-1975).

National Teachers Awards

- About: The awards, established in 1958, are presented annually on Teachers' Day (September 5) by the <u>President</u> or <u>Vice President</u> of India, under the supervision of the <u>Ministry of Education</u> (MOE).
 - ★ The National Teachers Awards (NTA) are given annually to exceptional teachers from across the country in recognition of their contributions towards improving the quality of education and student development.
 - ★ It carries a certificate of merit, a cash award of Rs. 50,000, and a silver medal.

- NTA 2025: Forty-five teachers from across India will be recognized in 2025 for their dedication, innovation, and contributions to improving student enrollment, reducing dropout rates, and introducing creative teaching methods.
- Significance: The NTA recognizes primary, middle, and secondary school teachers for their outstanding efforts to improve education, inspire students, and make a tangible difference in their communities.

Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan

- **Birth:** He was born into a Telugu family in Tiruttani town of Tamil Nadu, on 5th September 1888.
- Academic Achievements: He held several prestigious positions, including the King George V Chair at Calcutta University from 1921 to 1932, the second Vice-Chancellor of Andhra University from 1931 to 1936, and the fourth Vice-Chancellor of <u>Banaras Hindu University</u> from 1939 to 1948.
 - ★ Moreover, he was Professor of Eastern Religion and Ethics at the University of Oxford from 1936 to 1952.
- Political Career: He became the first Vice President of India (1952-62) and later the second President of India (1962-67).
- Philosopher: He is widely acknowledged in philosophical circles as a "bridge-builder" between India and the West.
- Recognition: In 1954, he was awarded the country's highest civilian award, Bharat Ratna.
 - ★ In 1931, he was awarded with knighthood by King George V, former King of Britain, for his remarkable academics.

India to Lead Executive Board of AIBD

Why in News?

India has been elected as the **Chairman** of the **Executive Board of <u>Asia-Pacific Institute for Broadcasting</u> Development (AIBD)** during the 23rd AIBD General Conference, held from 19th to 21st August 2025 in **Phuket, Thailand.**

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This marks a significant milestone, as India last held the position of AIBD Executive Council Chairman in 2016.

AIBD General Conference (GC 2025)

- About: The 23rd GC 2025 and Associated Meetings of AIBD brought together global stakeholders in electronic media, with a focus on promoting a dynamic and cooperative media landscape across the Asia-Pacific region through policy discussions and resource sharing.
 - ★ India is also the chairman of AIBD GC, with Gaurav Dwivedi, CEO of Prasar Bharati, serving as the President of the AIBD GC until August 2025.
- **Theme:** The theme for the current year was "Media" for People, Peace & Prosperity".
- Significance: It highlights the global confidence in India's leadership in the field of broadcasting and sets the stage for India to play an even more strategic and influential role in shaping media development worldwide.

Asia-Pacific Institute for Broadcasting Development (AIBD)

- Foundation: It was founded in 1977 under UNESCO's guidance, with India as a founding member.
 - **★** The **International Telecommunication** Union (ITU), United **Nations** the **Development Programme (UNDP),** and the Asia-Pacific Broadcasting Union (ABU) are founding organizations of the Institute, and they are non-voting members of the General Conference.
 - → Prasar Bharati, India's public service broadcaster represents the Ministry of Information & **Broadcasting** the organization.
- Membership: It is a unique regional intergovernmental organization with over 92 member organizations from 45 countries.
- Secretariat: Its secretariat is situated in Kuala Lumpur and is hosted by the Government of Malaysia.

Earth Overshoot Day 2025

Why in News?

Earth Overshoot Day occurred on 24th July this year(2025), marking the earliest date ever when humanity's demand for ecological resources surpasses what the Earth can regenerate in a year.

This means humans have consumed an entire year's worth of resources in under seven months.



Key Points

- **Definition**: Earth Overshoot Day marks the date when humanity's demand for ecological resources and services exceeds the Earth's capacity to regenerate them in that year.
- Inception: The idea of Earth Overshoot Day was first proposed by **Andrew Simms** of the UK think tank New Economics Foundation.
 - ★ The New Economics Foundation partnered with Global Footprint Network in 2006 to launch the campaign. Since 2007, the World Wide Fund (WWF) has collaborated on the initiative.
- Calculation: Global Footprint Network hosts and calculates the event based on the National Footprint and Biocapacity Accounts, maintained by York University.
 - ★ The data is updated annually to reflect the most accurate and current global consumption patterns.









Formula:

$$Earth\ Overshoot\ Day = \left(\frac{Earth's\ Biocapacity}{Humanity's\ Ecological\ Footprint}\right) \times 368$$

- **Biocapacity vs. Ecological Footprint:**
 - ★ Biocapacity: The amount of ecological resources Earth can regenerate in a given year (e.g., forests, grazing lands, croplands).
 - Represents the Earth's productive land and sea areas, including forests, grazing lands, cropland, and fishing grounds.
 - ★ Ecological Footprint: The total demand humanity places on these resources (including food, timber, space for urban infrastructure, and carbon dioxide absorption).
 - Measures a population's demand for resources like food, fiber, timber, and space to absorb CO₂ emissions from fossil fuels.

Global Impact:

- * Ecological Deficit: When a region's demand exceeds its ecological supply, it runs an ecological deficit. This deficit is addressed by importing resources, over-exploiting local ecosystems (like overfishing), and emitting CO₂ into the atmosphere.
- ★ Global Overshoot: At a global scale, ecological deficit and overshoot are synonymous, as there's no net import of resources to the planet.

Sadak Suraksha Mitra Initiative

Why in News?

The **Uttar Pradesh Transport Department** launched the Sadak Suraksha Mitra (SSM) programme, initiated by the Ministry of Road Transport and Highways (MoRTH), to engage youth in road safety measures and reduce accidents and fatalities.

Key Points

• About: The initiative is launched in partnership with the Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports and seeks to train and deploy volunteers through the MYBharat platform.

- **Target:** The program targets youth aged 18 to 28 with no pending traffic challans, with the first phase set to cover 100 districts nationwide.
- Training Programs:
 - ★ General Volunteers: A one-week training program will be provided, which includes basic first aid and road safety awareness.
 - ★ Civil Engineering Graduates: A 15-day training program focused on road safety audits, black spot identification, awareness initiatives, and field surveys.
- Recognition: Outstanding volunteers will be recognized for their contributions with certificates and 'Good Samaritan' awards.
- Implementation: The initiative will be implemented in 28 districts across Uttar Pradesh, including Kanpur Nagar, Bulandshahr, Prayagraj, and Agra, among others.
- Program Oversight: The District Road Safety Committees (DRSC) will ensure the implementation, including volunteer onboarding, training, and monthly performance reviews, following MoRTH's 12-step roadmap.
- Outcome: The expected outcomes include a reduction in road crashes and injuries, improved emergency responses, increased youth engagement in road safety, and strengthened district-level road safety systems through structured training, field studies, and data-driven reporting.

Ayurveda Day 2025

Why in News?

Ayurveda Day, first observed in 2016, will now be celebrated on 23 September every year, replacing the earlier practice of celebrating it on **Dhanvantari Jayanti** (Dhanteras).

Key Points

• About: With the fixed date of 23 September, Ayurveda Day is poised to gain a permanent position in the global calendar, contributing to worldwide health, well-being, and ecological sustainability through the rich tradition of Ayurveda.













- ★ Ayurveda spread globally through trade and cultural exchanges, influencing traditional medicine practices in Tibet, China, and beyond.
- ★ Ayurveda Day has evolved into a **global** movement, highlighting Avurveda's recognition as a traditional medicine system in 24 countries, with over 100 nations importing its products.

Ayurveda Day 2025:

- ★ The theme for 2025 is "Ayurveda for People & Planet," emphasizing global wellness and environmental sustainability through Ayurveda.
- ★ The 2025 celebrations will focus on addressing global challenges like lifestyle disorders, climate-related diseases, management, with Ayurveda promoted as a viable solution.
- ★ The Ministry of Ayush will lead activities, including Awareness campaigns, Youth Wellness engagement programs, consultations, and International collaborations.
- Milestones of Ayurveda Day 2024: The 9th Day (2024) Ayurveda marked significant achievements in India's healthcare sector:
 - ★ Inauguration of Phase II of the All India Institute of Ayurveda (AIIA).
 - ★ Launch of four Centres of Excellence in Ayurveda.
 - ★ Introduction of "Desh Ka Prakriti Parikshan Abhiyan"
- Significance: The first all-India NSSO survey reaffirmed Ayurveda as the most used treatment system in both rural and urban India.

Initiatives Taken For Development of Ayurveda

- **National Ayush Mission**
- **New Portals on Ayush Sector**
- ACCR Portal and Ayush Sanjivani App

IMS For Atal Residential Schools

Why in News?

Uttar Pradesh Chief Minister Yogi Adityanath launched the Integrated Monitoring System (IMS) for Atal Residential Schools at the Rozgar Mahakumbh 2025 held at Indira Gandhi Pratishthan, Lucknow.

Key Points

- About: The Integrated Monitoring System (IMS) will oversee 18 Atal Residential Schools in Uttar Pradesh, benefiting around 18,000 students who will receive free food and lodging upon selection, with the schools being digitally monitored.
 - * Atal Residential Schools aims to provide modern, quality education to the children of workers, particularly those registered under the **Building and Other Construction Workers** (BOC) Board.
 - Named after former Prime Minister Atal Behari Vajpayee, the schools serve students from classes 1 to 12, including Bal Vatikas.

Features:

- **Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) System:** The Atal Command Centre serves as the command hub, enabling digital monitoring of the schools.
- Real-Time Attendance Management: Daily updates on the attendance of students and staff.
- ★ Academic Monitoring: Students' profiles, academic progress, exam results, and report cards will be tracked and accessible online.
- * Staff Profiles: Information about teachers and staff will be integrated, ensuring accountability and discipline.
- ★ Financial Management: Transparent records of budgets, expenses, and billing are maintained on the ERP system.
- ★ CCTV Integration: Live monitoring of school campuses, enhancing security and discipline.
- ★ Student Profiles: Detailed evaluation of each student's personal details and academic progress will be monitored through the system.











Rozgar Mahakumbh 2025

- About: Rozgaar Mahakumbh 2025 is Uttar Pradesh's largest integrated employment and placement initiative, designed to bridge the gap between potential and opportunity.
- Initiatives:
 - ★ Shram Nyay Setu Portal: The portal aims to provide quick, transparent, and time-bound justice for workers by enabling online settlement of labor disputes and offering 24/7 services.
 - ★ Industrial Tribunal Website & E-Court Portal: These portals were launched to facilitate efficient legal proceedings and the resolution of worker-related disputes.
 - ★ Basic Education: The IMS System will be introduced in basic education, with the first phase focusing on the establishment of 57 CM Abhyudaya and Composite Schools.

UP to Host India's First World Boxing Cup

Why in News?

India will host the World Boxing Cup (men's and women's) for the **first time in Greater Noida, Uttar Pradesh,** from 13th- 24th November 2025, at the Vijay Pathik Sports Complex.

• The event will feature 450 boxers from over 80 countries, along with approximately 150 officials, and will coincide with the World Boxing Congress on 23rd November 2025.

Boxing World Cup

- About: It is an annual series where elite boxers compete across multiple stages throughout the year to accumulate ranking points.
 - ★ The year culminates in a Finals event, bringing together top-ranked boxers for the final trophy.
- Boxing World Cup (2023-2025):
 - ★ The first World Boxing Cup competition was held in Cologne, Germany, in October 2023.

- ★ The 2024 series took place across England, the USA, and Mongolia, culminating in a Finals event in England in November 2024.
- ★ For 2025, events will be held in Brazil, Germany, and Kazakhstan, with the Finals in India in November 2025.
- World Boxing Cup 2025: The event marks India's first time hosting the prestigious competition, with the Boxing Federation of India (BFI) being a major contender for the bid.
 - ★ India has previously hosted the Women's World Boxing Championship twice (2018 and 2023 in Delhi).
 - ★ The World Boxing Congress was also held in Greater Noida in 2017.
- Other Major Boxing Events:
 - ★ U19 World Boxing Championships (October 2024): Held in Colorado Springs, USA, with over 180 male and female boxers aged 17 and 18.
 - ★ Elite World Boxing Championships (September 2025): The first event will take place in Liverpool, England, from 4-14 September 2025.
 - ★ Elite World Boxing Championships (2027): Astana, Kazakhstan, will host the 2027 event following a successful bidding process.

World Boxing

- About: World Boxing, since the latter part of 2023, has been committed to organizing highquality competitions to help boxers develop and progress.
 - ★ The organization collaborates with National Federations and key stakeholders to deliver competitive opportunities for both male and female boxers at various levels.

Boxing Federation of India (BFI)

• About: It is the national body overseeing amateur boxing, promoting the sport domestically, and representing India in international events like the Olympics and World Championships.

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- Leadership: Pramod Kumar has recently been elected as the Secretary-General of the **Boxing** Federation of India (BFI), and Ajay Singh as its President.
 - ★ Pramod Kumar had represented India in the 5000m sprint at the 1986 Asian Games in Seoul.
 - ★ He won two gold medals at the 1985 South Asian Games in Dhaka, bringing recognition to Indian boxing.

Project Aarohan

Why in News?

National Highways Authority of India (NHAI), in collaboration with Vertis Infrastructure Trust, launched **'Project Aarohan'** to support the educational aspirations of toll plaza employees' children, with the launch ceremony held at NHAI Headquarters in New Delhi.

Key Points

- About: The program aims to address financial barriers and promote equal access to quality education for students from economically weaker sections (EWS), first-generation learners, and marginalized communities, including **Scheduled** Castes (SC), Scheduled Tribes (ST), Other Backward Classes (OBC), and minority groups.
- Objective: The program combines financial assistance with structured mentorship, skillbuilding workshops, and career guidance to enhance the overall educational experience of the students.
 - ★ The initiative aims to equip students not only for higher education but also for future employment and entrepreneurship.
- **Funding:** The first phase of the project has been allocated a fund of **₹1 Crore** for the financial year 2025-26.
 - ★ The project will support 500 students from Class 11 to their final year of graduation, offering an annual scholarship of 12,000 rupees for the financial year 2025-26.

Fifty bright students aiming for postgraduate and higher studies will receive scholarships of 50,000 rupees each.

National Highway Authority of India (NHAI)

- The National Highway Authority of India (NHAI) was established by the NHAI Act, 1988, to oversee the development, maintenance, and management of national highways.
- NHAI's key responsibility is implementing the National Highways Development **Project** (NHDP), which covers 50,329 km of highways, and improving road infrastructure for smoother traffic flow.
- With a total length of 132,499 km, national highways carry about 40% of the total road traffic in India, despite making up only 2% of the road network.

115th Birth Anniversary of St Mother Teresa

Why in News?

The 115th birth anniversary of Saint Mother Teresa was celebrated on 26th August 2025, at Mother's House, Kolkata.

Key Facts About Mother Teresa

- Mother Teresa, born Agnes Gonxha Bojaxhiu in 1910 in Skopje, Ottoman Empire (now North Macedonia), dedicated her life to serving the poorest of the poor.
 - ★ Her journey began at the age of 12 when she felt called to serve as a missionary.
- In 1928, at the age of 18, she moved to India, where she took her vows in 1931. For 17 years, she taught at St. Mary's High School in Calcutta.
- Mother Teresa founded the Missionaries of Charity on 7th October 1950, after receiving approval from the Vatican.
 - ★ Her order, which expanded globally, focuses on caring for the destitute, including refugees, the elderly, and those suffering from AIDS, among others.









- By the 1990s, the Missionaries of Charity had over one million Co-Workers across 40 countries, spreading Mother Teresa's spirit of compassion.
 - ★ She received numerous accolades, including the Pope John XXIII Peace Prize (1971), the Nehru Prize (1972), and the Nobel Peace Prize in 1979 for her tireless work in promoting peace and understanding.
- Mother Teresa passed away on 5th September 1997, leaving behind a lasting legacy of compassion and service.
 - ★ She was canonized (declared as a saint) by Pope Francis in 2016, further cementing her status as one of the most beloved humanitarian figures in the world.

Note: Mother Teresa remains the only <u>naturalised</u> <u>citizen</u> to have been awarded India's highest civilian honour, the Bharat Ratna (1980).

She is also one of only two foreigners to have received the <u>Bharat Ratna</u>. The other is Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, known as the "Frontier Gandhi," who was honoured in 1987.

India to Host FIDE World Cup 2025

Why in News?

PM Narendra Modi expressed India's pride in hosting the prestigious <u>FIDE World Cup 2025</u>, marking its return to Indian soil after more than two decades (23 years).

- The tournament will take place in Goa from 30th October to 27th November with a USD 2 million prize purse and three berths for next year's Candidates Tournament.
- The 206-player field includes top players such as World Champion D Gukesh, Magnus Carlsen, Fabiano Caruana, and India's R Praggnanandhaa.

Key Points

India's Previous Hosting: India last organized the FIDE World Cup in 2002 in Hyderabad, where Viswanathan Anand won the tournament with Rustam Kasimdzhanov as the runner-up.

- About Chess: Chess originated in northern India during the Gupta Empire around the 6th century CE, known as chaturanga.
 - → Played on an 8×8 board, it reflected real-life warfare strategy with pieces representing infantry, cavalry, elephants, and chariots.
 - ★ The game spread to Persia as shatranj, then to Europe, where it evolved into modern chess by the 15th century, with key modifications like the queen and bishop's enhanced powers.
- International Chess Day: In 2019, the UN declared 20th July as International Chess Day, recognizing its role in promoting education, peace, and gender equality, supporting the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development (SDG 4), (SDG 11 and 16), and (SDG 5).
- FIDE: The FIDE World Cup 2025 is organized by FIDE (International Chess Federation), which is the governing body for chess worldwide.
 - → The All India Chess Federation (AICF) is serving as the local organizer in collaboration with FIDE.
 - ★ In 1924, FIDE was founded in Paris, formalizing chess as an international sport.

Read more: FIDE World Cup 2025 to be Hosted in India

Exercise BRIGHT STAR 2025

Why in News?

The **Ministry of Defence** announced that over 700 personnel from the <u>Armed Forces</u> and the **Headquarters Integrated Defence Staff** will participate in the Multilateral Exercise 'BRIGHT STAR 2025' from 28 August 2025 to 10 September 2025.

The exercise, hosted by Egypt in collaboration with the United States and involving multiple countries, including India, will last for 13 days.

Key Points

• About: Exercise Bright Star is a biennial multilateral military exercise hosted by Egypt in collaboration with the United States since 1980.

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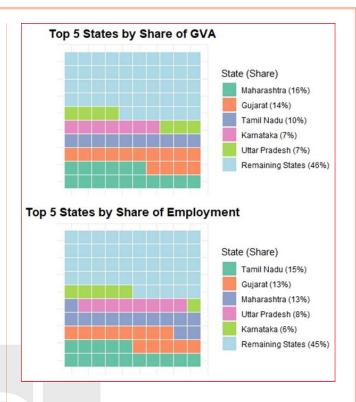
- ★ It is one of the largest Tri-Service multilateral exercises in the region. The last edition of the exercise took place in 2023, with participation from several countries, including India.
- Activities and Features: The exercise will feature a comprehensive spectrum of military activities, including:
 - ★ Live Firing Exercises: Demonstrating the operational capabilities of the Indian Army, Indian Navy, and Indian Air Force.
 - ★ Command Post Exercise: Designed to enhance planning, decision-making, joint operational coordination among participating
 - ★ Short Training Exercises: These exercises will focus on various aspects of modern warfare and will be conducted by all three services.
 - ★ Subject Matter Expert Interactions: Discussions and collaborations with experts across multiple domains of contemporary military operations.
- Significance: India's participation in Exercise BRIGHT STAR 2025 highlights its commitment to regional peace, stability, and security. The exercise also aims to foster enhanced iointness. interoperability, and cooperation between the Indian Armed Forces and other friendly nations.

UP Leads India's Industrial Surge

Why in News?

Uttar Pradesh (UP) has set a new benchmark in industrial development, according to the **Annual Survey** of Industries (ASI) 2023-24 released by the Union Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation.

The state has outperformed all major industrial states on three key parameters: gross value added (GVA), number of factories and employment generation.



Key Points

- Gross Value Added (GVA): The state's GVA rose from Rs 1.34 lakh crore in 2022-23 to Rs 1.67 lakh crore in 2023-24, reflecting a 25.03% increase.
 - ★ This is more than double the national average of 11.9%. As a result, Uttar Pradesh has secured the top rank among Indian states for GVA growth.
- Number of Factories: UP has witnessed a significant increase in the number of factories, growing from **19,102 in 2022-23** to **22,141 in 2023-24**—a growth of 15.91%.
 - ★ This growth is nearly seven times higher than the national average of 2.7%.
 - ★ Uttar Pradesh holds an 8.51% share of the total number of factories in India, ranking 4th in the country after Tamil Nadu (15.43%), Gujarat (12.81%), and Maharashtra (10.20%).
- Employment Generation: Employment in UP's industrial sector grew from 14.86 lakh in 2022-23 to 16.26 lakh in 2023-24, representing a growth of **9.37**%—well above the **all-India average of 5.9**%.











Uttar Pradesh has joined Tamil Nadu, Gujarat, Maharashtra, and Karnataka among the top 5 states for industrial employment. The state's share in national employment stands at 8%.

Annual Survey of Industries (ASI)

- About: The Annual Survey of Industries (ASI) is the primary source of industrial statistics in India.
 - ★ It began in 1960, using 1959 as the base year, and has been conducted annually since then, with the exception of 1972, in accordance with the Collection of Statistics Act of 1953.
 - ★ Since ASI 2010-11, the survey has been conducted under the Collection of Statistics Act, 2008, which was amended in 2017 to extend its coverage to All India.
- Implementing Agency: The National Statistical Office (NSO), a part of the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI), conducts the ASI.
 - ★ The MoSPI is responsible for ensuring the coverage and quality of the released statistics.
- **Scope:** The ASI extends to the entire country. It covers all factories registered under Sections 2(m)(i) and 2(m)(ii) of the Factories Act, 1948.

UP Announces Firecracker Ban in NCR Districts

Why in News?

The Uttar Pradesh government has declared a complete ban on the manufacturing, storage, sale, and use of firecrackers in the National Capital Region (NCR) districts of the state.

Key Points

- Coverage: The ban applies to eight districts under the Delhi-NCR region, including Meerut, Ghaziabad, Gautam Budh Nagar, Bulandshahr, Hapur, Baghpat, Shamli, and Muzaffarnagar.
- Legal Framework: The ban is implemented ahead of the festive season, including Dussehra and

Diwali, in compliance with a Supreme Court **directive** to reduce pollution levels in the NCR.

- ★ The violation will invite imprisonment for up to five years and a fine of up to Rs 1 lakh, or both under Section 15 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
 - Section 15 empowers the Central Government to instruct any authority or officer to act for environmental protection.
- ★ For repeat offenses, an additional fine of Rs **5,000** per day will be imposed until compliance is achieved.

• Objectives of the Ban:

- ★ Air Pollution Control: The ban is aimed at addressing the annual surge in air pollution during the festive season, particularly caused by the use of firecrackers.
- Public Health Protection: The measure seeks to protect public health from the harmful effects of air pollution, especially during the high-pollution months.

Environment (Protection) Act, 1986

- The EPA, 1986, was passed by the Parliament in the wake of the Bhopal Gas Tragedy, highlighting the urgent need for a comprehensive law to protect the environment and public health.
- PA enacted under Article 253 of the Constitution (empowers the Parliament to enact laws for implementing international agreements) to fulfill international commitments made at the 1972 Stockholm Conference.
- The Act empowers the Central Government to prevent, control, and respond to environmental pollution. It allows the Centre to set standards, regulate emissions, shut down polluting industries, and control essential services.
- Article 48A directs the State to protect the environment, forests, and wildlife, while Article **51**A makes it the duty of every citizen of India to protect and improve the natural environment.











World Water Week 2025

Why in News?

World Water Week, a leading global conference on water-related issues, was held in Stockholm, Sweden, from 24th - 28th August 2025.

During the event, the <u>National Mission for Clean</u> Ganga (NMCG) was recognized as a global inspiration for river revival and community-driven efforts.

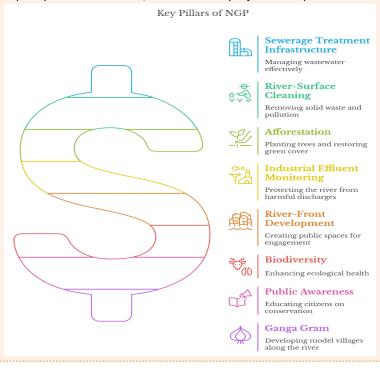
Key Points

• About: Established in 1991, this event is organized by the Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) and provides a critical platform for the exchange of knowledge, solutions, commitments related to water management.

- ★ The 2025 edition, marking its 35th year, focused on the theme 'Water for Climate Action', highlighting the role of water in tackling climate change and achieving sustainable development.
- India's Role: During World Water Week 2025, NMCG was part of the session 'River Cities Reimagined: Climate-Smart and Basin-Centric Urban Development', which highlighted the role of river-centric urban development in ensuring climate-resilient cities.
 - ★ The session highlighted the benefits of sustainable urban planning and the need for basin-centric approaches that consider the entire river ecosystem.
 - ★ The session was led by NMCG, the National Institute of Urban Affairs (NIUA), and Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ).

Namami Gange Mission

- About: It is a flagship programme for the rejuvenation of the Ganga River and its tributaries by reducing pollution, improving water quality, and restoring the river's ecosystem.
- Implementation: Under the Hybrid Annuity Model (HAM), a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) by the winning bidder handles STP development, operation, and maintenance.
 - ★ 40% of costs are paid post-construction, 60% over the project's lifespan.













India Water Week (IWW)

- The Ministry of Jal Shakti, Government of India, conceptualized and launched India Water Week in 2012, and it is now organized biannually.
- It is aimed at addressing critical challenges pertaining to water management and fostering innovation in water-related technologies and practices.
- IWW has evolved into a crucial platform in global water diplomacy, facilitating dialogue, innovation, and knowledge exchange on critical water-related challenges.

AI-Powered UP Skill Gap Dashboard

Why in News?

The Uttar Pradesh Skill Development Mission (UPSDM) has launched an innovative tool called the AIpowered UP Skill Gap Dashboard to enhance employability across the state.

Key Points

- About: The initiative marks the first time AI is being used to assess district-wise skill needs in Uttar Pradesh, aiding in the creation of livelihood opportunities at the local level.
- Features:
 - ★ AI and Data Analytics Integration: The dashboard employs advanced machine learning algorithms and data analytics to analyze district-specific sectors employment data.
 - It receives district-wise data for major sectors and industries, as well as trade**specific demands** from training partners.
 - ⋆ District-Specific Skill Assessment: dashboard helps identify skill gaps in various districts, providing a comprehensive skill assessment.
 - It recommends the necessary training based on the sector-specific growth and employment needs in each district.

Benefits:

⋆ District-Level Skill **Development:** The dashboard offers a scientific analysis of skill needs across districts, indicating areas that require trained manpower.

- It helps in better allocation of training targets based on local requirements, improving employability within each district.
- ★ Reduction of Attrition: By ensuring that training is aligned with local job markets, the dashboard helps reduce attrition due to candidates seeking jobs outside their home districts.
- ★ Involvement of Industries as Training Partners: For the first time, industries have been involved as training partners in the skill development process.
 - More than 45 industries are now actively contributing to industry-specific training efforts.
- ★ Training Partner Evaluation: Training partners are evaluated based on their past performance in training and placement.
 - The top-performing partners are allocated training targets, ensuring that high-quality training is provided to candidates.
- ★ AI-Powered Insights for Training Target Allocation: The dashboard uses real-time data scraping and primary research to project sector-wise training targets.
 - It maps the top industries, job roles, and **skill gaps** in each district, ensuring accurate and up-to-date information for training programs.
- **Integration:** The system integrates with a Large Language Model-powered chatbot to provide **interactive support** for UPSDM.
 - ★ The AI-based tool offers real-time assistance, guiding users through the process and answering queries related to training and employment.















Key Points	Details
Summary	

Key Points	Details
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