

Uttarakhand Identifies Degraded Land for Restoration | Uttarakhand | 29 Nov 2025

Why in News?

The Uttarakhand Forest Department has identified **30,000 hectares of <u>degraded forest land</u>** for ecological restoration, and the initiative is being linked with national climate commitments and the **RECAP4NDC Project**.

Key Points

About the Restoration Drive:

- The Forest Department has mapped 30,000 ha of degraded forest land across districts such as Pauri, Tehri, Almora, Champawat, Pithoragarh, and parts of <u>Kumaon</u> where forest quality has significantly declined due to grazing pressure, recurring <u>forest fires</u>, <u>invasive species</u> and <u>soil erosion</u>.
- The restoration plan will combine <u>assisted natural regeneration</u> (ANR), enrichment plantations, soil-moisture conservation <u>structures</u>, and removal of invasives like <u>Lantana camara</u> and <u>Parthenium</u>.
- Priority sites include ridge zones, catchment areas, and wildlife corridors, particularly those influencing the Ganga and Yamuna river basins.
- The programme contributes to India's commitment under the <u>UNFCCC Bonn Challenge</u>, where India pledged to restore 26 million ha of degraded land by 2030.
- Uttarakhand is among states piloting <u>LiDAR-based forest mapping</u>, helping identify degraded landscape patches using 3D terrain and vegetation data.

RECAP4NDC Project:

- RECAP4NDC Restore, Conserve and Protect Forest & Tree Cover for NDC Implementation is a national climate-forestry programme supporting India's forest restoration goals.
- It assists India in meeting its <u>NDC</u> target of creating an additional 2.5-3 billion tonnes of CO₂-equivalent <u>carbon sink</u> through expanded forest and tree cover.
- It is implemented by MoEFCC with GIZ India (a German government-owned enterprise) under Indo-German development cooperation.
- Its key areas of work include <u>landscape restoration planning</u>, <u>community-based</u>
 <u>forest management</u>, <u>agroforestry promotion</u>, assisted natural regeneration and ecosystem-based restoration.

PDF Refernece URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/statepcs/30-11-2025/uttarakhand/print